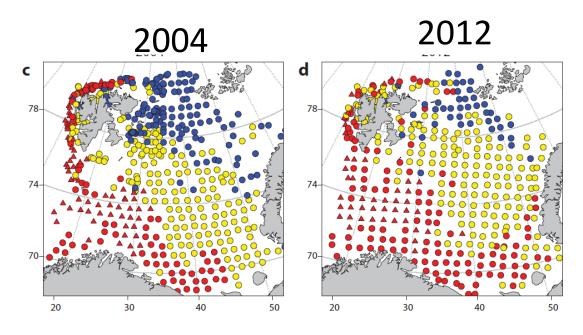


Background

The «borealization» of the Barents Sea....

Boreal fishes are expanding north - Arctic fishes are retracting



Fossheim et al. 2015 Nature Clim. Change

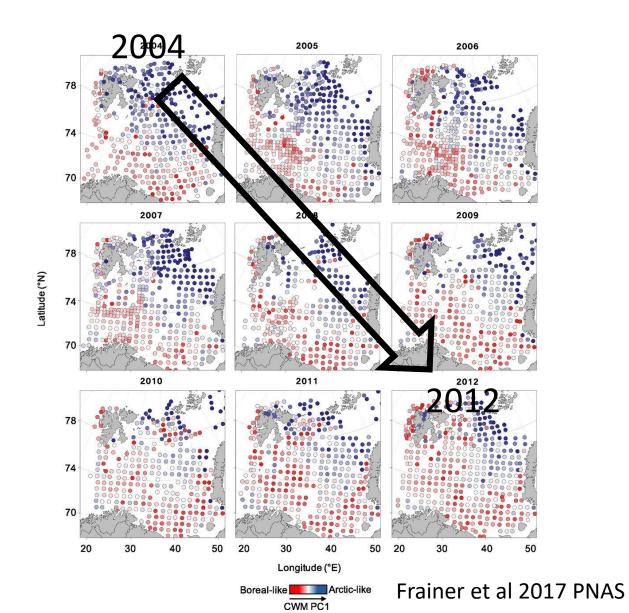
Fish communities

Atlantic (red)

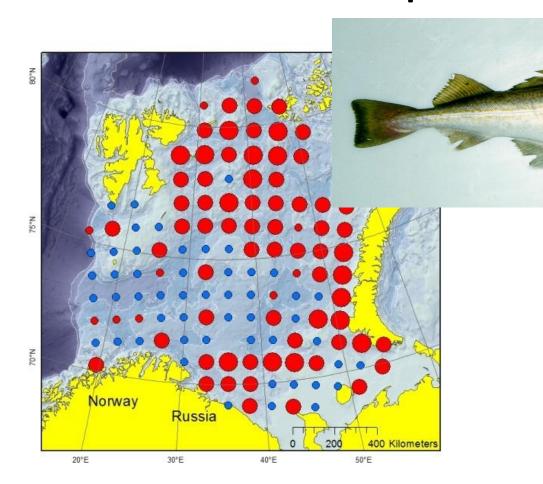
Central (yellow)

Arctic (blue)

Data from ecosystem survey 2004-2012

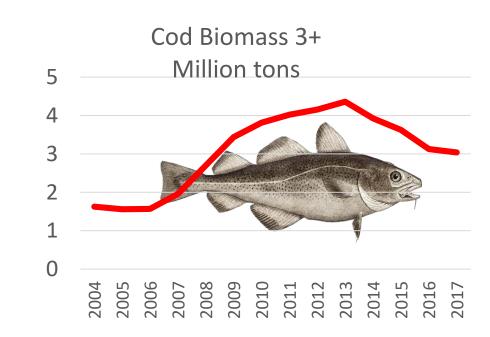


Cod has expanded North.....



Change in distribution cod 2004-2012

Blue: decline, Red: increase





The most abundant Arctic fishes have declined

Boreogadus saida – Polar cod



Biomass Polar cod
1000 tons

2500

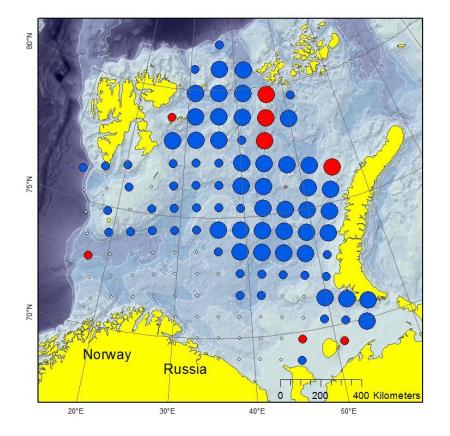
2000

1500

1000

0

200¹ 200² 200² 200² 200² 200² 200² 201² 20



Change in dsitribution Polar cod 2004-2012

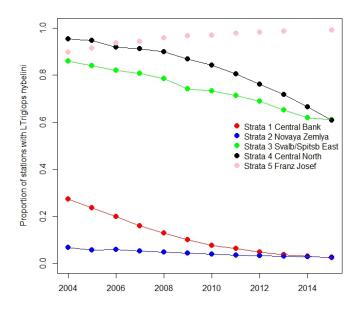
Blue: decline, Red: increase

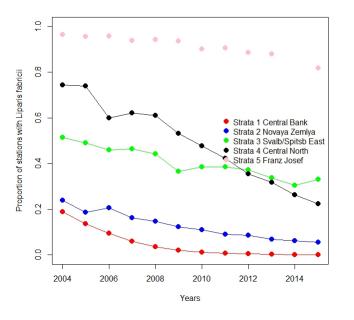


Triglops nybelini
Bigeye sculpin

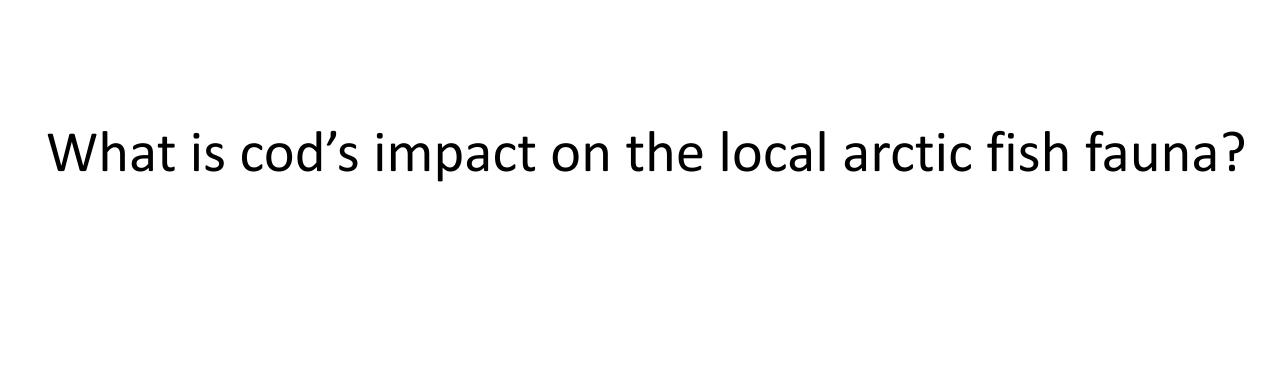


*Liparis fabricii*Gelationus snailfish



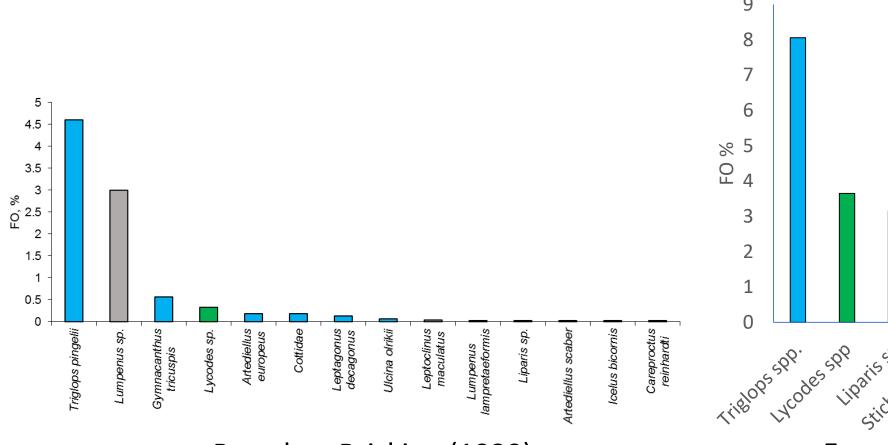


Johannesen et al 2017

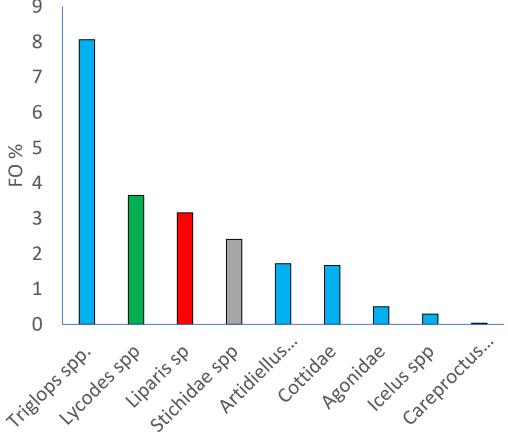


Predation

Frequency of occurrence % of non-target demersal fish in cod diet North of 76°N



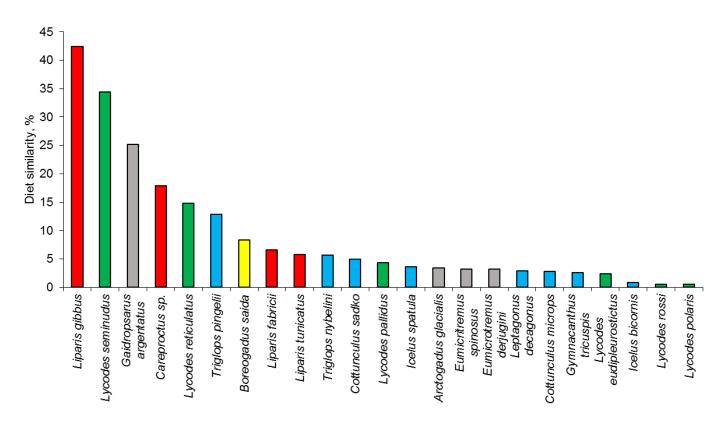
Based on Briskina (1939)



Ecosystem survey 2004 -2017

Competition

Diet similarity cod and non target fishes North of 76°N



Based on Dolgov and Benzik 2014

Cod and the resident arctic fishes

Cod eats some of the same food



Cod feeds on the local arctic fishes (ca 25-30% of diet by weigth in the Northern Barents Sea)

They interact...

But what is the impact?





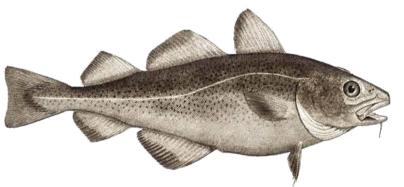




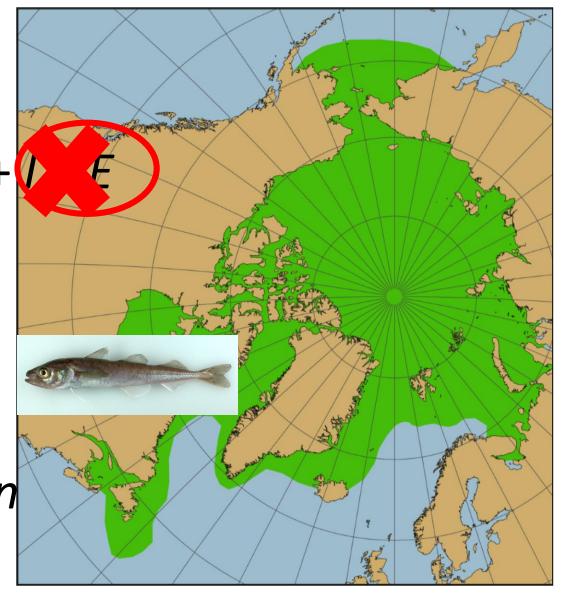




$$N_1 = N_0 + B - D + V$$



Birth
Death
Immigration
Emigration

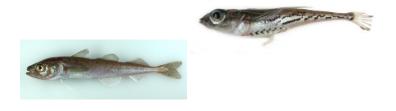


+ Growth

How large is the impact of predation from cod on arctic fishes?

Currently 1663 million cod 3 years or older Eating over 5 millions tonn prey per year

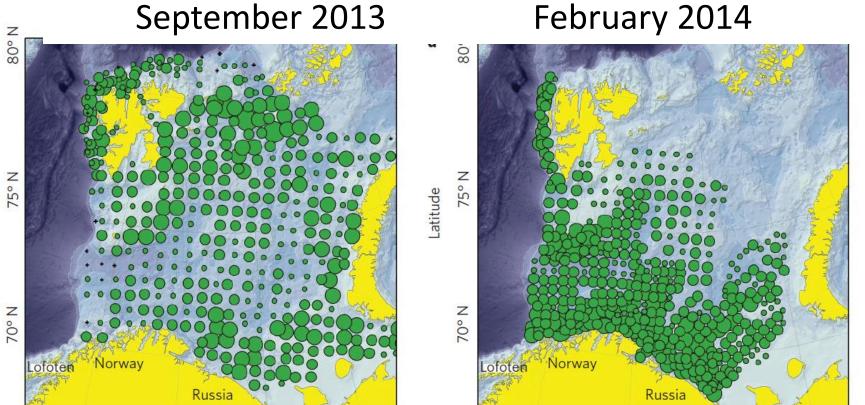




Potentially large but....
depends on several factors...

The predation on resident arctic fishes in Northern Barents Sea depends on:

- How many cod are found there
- How long do they stay there



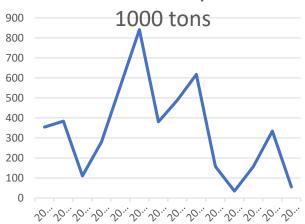
prey

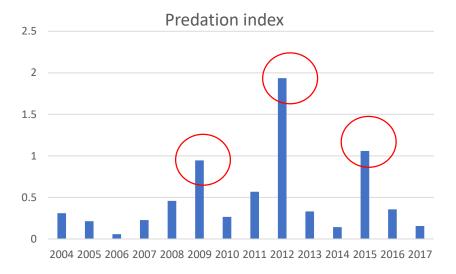
From Ingvaldsen et al 2014

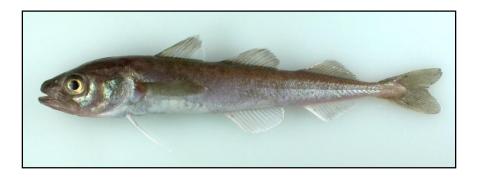
Biomass Polar cod 1000 tons



Biomass Polar cod Consumed by cod







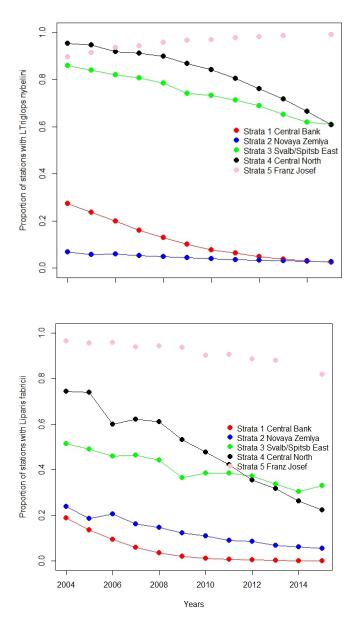
Sculpins and Liparids



Triglops nybelini
Bigeye sculpin

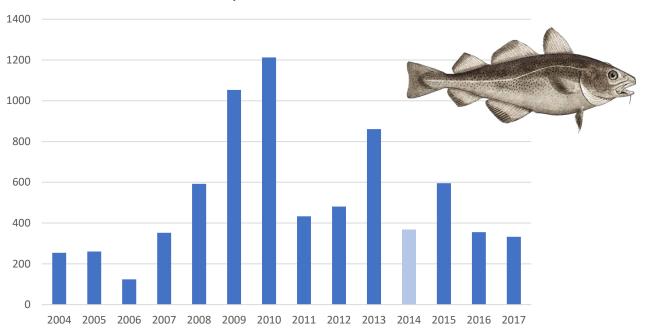


*Liparis fabricii*Gelationus snailfish



Johannesen et al 2017

Millions of cod 3+ in the "arctic" Barents Sea In September NB very crude estimate!



«arctic» Barents Sea ca 0.7 mill km²

From ecosystem survey 2004-2017:

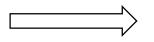
~200-2000 cod per km²

~20 kg cottids and liparids per km²



How long do they stay in the area?

Preliminary consumption estimate: 1 gram cottids + liparids per day



1000 cod eat 1 kg per day

Conclusion

Cod eat arctic fishes in the Northern Barents Sea

Cod has partly overlapping diet with arctic fishes

- large cod and predatory arctic fishes compete for fish prey
- small cod and planktivorous species compete for plankton

Cod likely contributed to the decline in arctic fish species In addition to changes in abiotic factors and food

Thank you!



