APPENDIKS I

INTERCALIBRATION BETWEEN R/V "JOHAN HJORT" AND R/V "PINRO"

23 MARCH 1991

INTRODUCTION

The intercalibration was carried out on the evening of 23 March 1991 on a 54 n.mi. track between positions 5130N, 1400W and 5140N, 1258W.

R/V "JOHAN HJUKI" was sailing in front and R/V "PINRO" followed 0.5 n.mi. behind and 10 degrees to the starboard side (Fig 1). The cruising speed was approximately 9 knots. The intercalibration was performed on varying consentrations of blue whiting between 400 - 600 depth, but densities of plankton and smaller fish in the upper layers were included.

The equipment and the settings of the instruments were the same as during the joint survey, for details see Table 1.

Integration were done in four channels and the settings were:

Ch 1 100 - 200 m Ch 2 300 - 400 m Ch 3 400 - 500 m Ch 4 500 - 600 m

The channels width on R/V "PINRO" were 99 m.

The navigational log counter onboard R/V "JOHAN HJORT" was used as a reference of distance, and the integrator reset function on R/V "PINRO" was operated for each nautical mile sailed, promted by signals transmitted on VHF-radio.

The weather conditions were favourable during the entire performance.

ANALYSIS

A detailed analysis of the recording papers from both vessels was done onboard R/V "JOHAN HJORT" by scientists from both vessels. The recording on each nautical mile were scrutinized and compared. Data from miles where the two vessels had obtained different recordings were deleted from further processing. The integrator values for all channels are shown in Table 2, where the deleted data are marked with an asterisk.

As it can be seen from this table, the values corresponds well, except perhaps for the second and the fourth channel, where there was a tendency for R/V "PINRO" to have lower values. A possible reason for this is a difference in threshold -R/V "JOHAN HJORT" had recorded much more plankton and small organisms than R/V "PINRO" in these channels, and the voltage response of EK500 is higher than EK400 /SIORS. But the effect of different thresholding have not been considered to be a severe problem during this blue whiting survey, because in most cases signals from blue whiting consentrations are higher than the threshold level of the echo sounding systems.

Results of the linear regression, using the equation:

are shown in Table 3. In Figure 2, the integrator values for all four channels, as well as total values, are displayed in succession for each n.mi. sailed. A distribution diagram, where the values of R/V "PINRO" are plotted against the corresponding values of R/V "JOHAN HJORT", are shown i Figure 3. The analysis show a reasonable good correlation for channel 1, 2, 3 and for total values, but correlation between values in the fourth channel was lower. This is believed to be due to different TVG functioning, when the depth was more than 500 m. Therefore, 5 extremal points were deleted from this channel during the analysis. However, the arithmetical mean of the integrator values in the fourth channels for all 54 points, gives the same relationship as the regression analysis where the 5 extremals were deleted.

After several detailed discussions between the Norwegian and Soviet scientists, it is recommended that the following relationship should be used for the integrator obtained during the spring 1991 blue whiting survey:

It is also recommended that the gain and the threshold settings of the instruments should, as far as possible, be the same for the participating vessels on future surveys, in order to avoid inaccurencies due to problems described above.

Bergen, 14.05.91

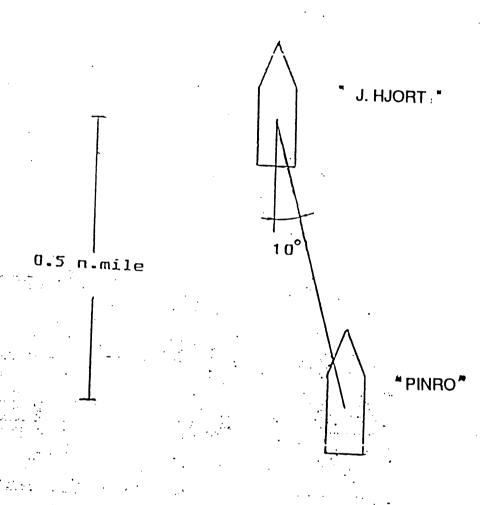
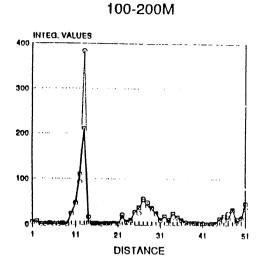
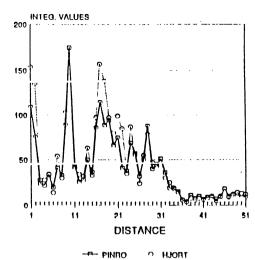


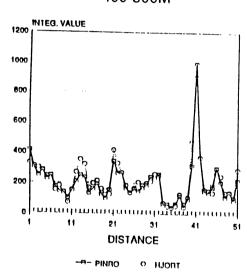
Fig. 1. Sailing formation.



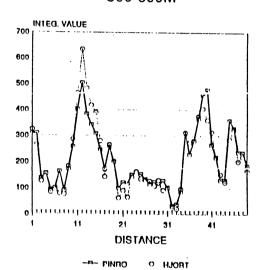
300-400 m



400-500M



500-600M



TOTAL

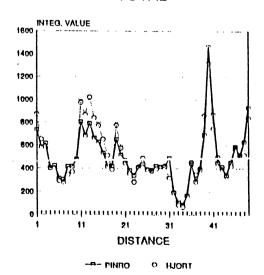
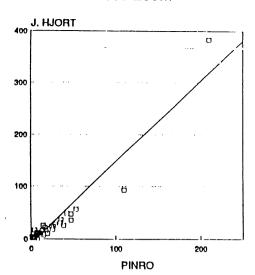


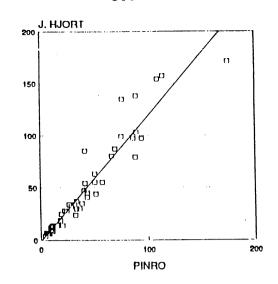
Figure 2. Observed integrator values.

100-200M

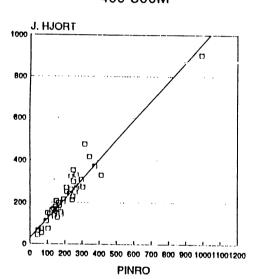
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300-400M

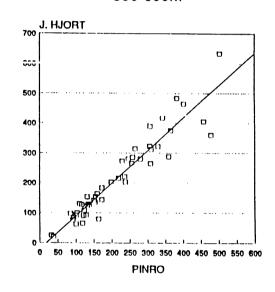




400-500M



500-600M



TOTAL

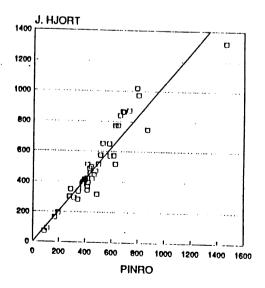


Figure 3.

Plot of corresponding integrator values and regression lines.

Table 1.

INSTRUMENT CHARACTERISTICS

	"Johan Hjort"	"Pinro"
Echo sounder	SIMRAD EK500	SIMRAD EK400
Frequency Transducer type " beam	38 kHz ES38B/split-beam 7.1 x 7.1 degr.	
Transmitter power (nom.) Range compensation Attenuation	20 log R	2500 W 20 log R 0 dB
Pulselength/Bandwidth Basic range Threshold	1.0 ms/3.8 kHz 0 - 500 m - 82 dB -	i.o ms/3.3 kHz O - 500 m - 74 db//1W
Absorption Sound speed	10 dB per km 1470 m per sec.	8.5 db per km 1491 m per sec
Integrator Threshold	BEI/EK500 - 82 dB	SIORS - 48 dB//1W _ (VR 63 mV)
Gain (output reference)	40 dB	10 dB
Absolute calibration:		
Date Reference target Instrument constant (Ci)	16.03.91 -33.6 (Cu60)	09.03.91 -34.1 3.26
Sv transducer gain . TS " " . 2-way beam angle	26.9 27.1 -21.0	-20.4

Table 2.

INTEGRATOR DATA

n.m.	1.00-	9966 1 -200 m		MEL 2 100 m	1.11614 400-	MPL 3 500 m		MEL 4 600 m	101A 100-	L 600 m
No		TROUBL C	PINRO	HJURT	PIBRO	HJORT	OTHUM	11105.		
01	5	4	107	154	166*	308*		HJORT	PINRO	HJURT
02	7	1	76	135	412	327	230± 237±	6041		1070*
03	.1	1	37*	1321	276	308		407#	732	872
04	1.	1.	24	28	250	298	231*	608*		1049*
05	3	.1.	22	28	282	276	306	323	581	650
06	1	.1.	31	34	277		308	765	615	571
07	.1	1.	20	14	246	242 227	137	126	3 76	403
ов	3	2	41	54	175	153	1.55	153	422	375
07	1	1.	33	30	145		74	84	313	273
10	24	24	87	103	138	180	100	71	219	302
1.1	47	.48	175	171	102	138	1.63	79	414	344
12	110	93	43	11		73	7.1	76	416	368
1.3	210	383	26	34	152	152	172	183	477	467
1.4	4	17	28	32	207	270	258	286	803	773
1.5	3	1.	50	63	247	353	402	161	683	866
16	3	ľ	33	37	235	322	503	634	791	1020
17	2	1	96	97	183*	347*	1171	767*	668#	1152*
18	3	Ĩ.	114	157	134	167	381*	602*	603#	867*
17	3	1.	87	139	162	178	383	483	662	837
20	4	2	94	97	173	215	342	417	627	771
<u></u>				7/	176	163	307	387	531	651
21	3	2	66	<u> </u>						
22	16	22	75	77	101	117	246	280	41.6	511
23	7	6	41		156	127	172	143	419	371
24	11	7	38	85	343	117	256	265	647	773
25	28	28	56 67	35	266	330	178	202	513	574
26	38	26	57	817	268	268	199	62	465	445
27	53	57	32	55	165	184	1.54	70	391	355
28	42	49	ಿ∠ 50	24	137	137	118	65	342	283
29	35	37		1.55	174	17.75	150	141	403	4.1.1.
39	26	24	88	77	150	207	159	163	432	486
31	10	11	40	47	169	1.85	153	135	388	371
32	17	11	43	45	188	200	134	128	375	384
33		11	51	14	242	213	116	127	418	375
34	25	18	36	30	235	267	123	108	402	411
35	17		19	25	257	240	1.10	130	413	471
36	11	1.6	1.8	17	324≢	171*	128	92	487	318
37	6	' 7	15	14	64	73	1.03	77	193	175
38	4	6	6	6	65	51	32	25	107	88
39		4 .	. 4	4	43	42	38	20	89	70
40	5	4	11.	8	66	54	85	77	167	163
-4.0	.1.	4	8	6	. 116	1.28	310	312	435	450
41									4.55	400
42	1	4	10	E3	47	65	227	273	287	350
43	2	2	7	6	73	1.1.0	280	280	382	
44	2	3	7	B	316	476	365	375	672	378
	4	2	7	10	772	904	458	405		862
45	14	7	5	7	374	372	478	360		1321
16	17	10	7	10	152	163	265	314	871	746
47	14	26	18	18	143	154	217	215	445	177
18	34	. 31	10	7	178	142	131		374	413
47	7	12	1.1	1.2	304	272		153	346	335
50	13	16	.t. 1.	14	210	251	131	123	450	117
51	47	36	1.0	13	112	143	357	288	586	569
52	257*	157*	9	17	142	145	327	322	478	514
53	577	500	25	11	73		238	202	628	516
54	711.*	377#	124*	55*	2,5,2	3.07 294	236	720	731	840
						4 7.1	186	166	1474*	892*

Table 3.

LINEAR REGRESSIONS

Channel	Α	В	Corr.
1	o 97		
	0.97	2.0	0.95
2	1.20	-1.5	0.95
3	0 .9 3	29.5	0.95
4	1.09	-20.9	0.93
Total	1.03	4.6	0.94

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