

Fol. 41 H

International Council for the
Exploration of the Sea

C.M.1981/H:1
Administrative Report

Fiskeridirektoratet
Biblioteket

PELAGIC FISH COMMITTEE

by

O.J. Østvedt
1980

Belgium

(P. Hovart)

Herring and sprat.

No market sampling of pelagic fish has been carried out in 1980. Research vessel surveys with bottom trawl on the two juvenile species were continued as given in the table below. The research is limited to length measurements.

Research vessel surveys.

Area	Season	Objectives
IVc Belgian coast	Whole year Monthly intervals	Recording densities of immature herring and sprat.

Canada

(G.H. Winters)

All research relevant to this committee has been reported to ICNAF/NAFO.

Denmark
(K. Popp Madsen)

Herring

Area	Season	Type of fish	No of samples		No of fish		
			Research vessel	Market	Measured	Aged	Examined racially
Div. IV a	1	Mixed		2	3	3	0
	2	"		0	0	0	0
	3	"		6	34	34	34
	4	"		19	27	25	0
Div. IV b	1	Mixed		24	808	808	97
	2	"					
	3	"		21	887	887	0
	4	"		30	690	621	0
Div. IV c	1	Mixed		8	12	12	0
	2	"		0	0	0	0
	3	"		0	0	0	0
	4	"		0	0	0	0
Skager-rak	1	Mixed		13	194	194	0
	2	"		17	338	338	192
	3	"	1	38	2569	2568	152
	4	"		14	363	363	0
Katte-gat	1	Mixed	15	27	3421	3421	1738
	2	"		21	688	688	98
	3	"	11	17	3315	1328	1158
	4	"		38	1051	1050	522
Øre-sund	1	Mixed		2	220	220	220
	2	"		0	0	0	0
	3	"		1	117	117	117
	4	"		2	293	293	293
Danish Fiords	1	Mixed		0	0	0	0
	2	"		8	1360	1360	1360
	3	"		0	0	0	0
	4	"		2	325	325	325

The RV "Havfisken" participated in the International Young Herring Survey February-March in the Kattegat-Skagerrak area.

The FS "Lars A. Kruuse" in the Danish-Swedish Herring Acoustic Survey September in the Kattegat-Skagerrak area.

Area	Season	Type of fish	No of samples		No of fish		
			Research vessel	Market	Measured	Aged	Examined racially
W of 4 ^o W	1	Mixed		1	145	145	0
	4	"		1	176	176	0
North Sea	3	Mixed		1	187	187	0

Sprat

Area	Season	Type of fish	No of samples		No of fish		
			Research vessel	Market	Measured	Aged	Examined racially
Div. IV b	1	Mixed		45	4855	4639	0
	2	"		4	6	6	0
	3	"		18	1561	1457	0
	4	"		30	3160	2690	0
Div. IV c	1	Mixed		24	2669	1880	0
	2	"		0	0	0	0
	3	"		0	0	0	0
	4	"		0	0	0	0
Div. IIIa North	1	Mixed		8	1124	1124	0
	2	"		7	387	373	0
	3	"		15	2037	2037	0
	4	"		6	569	569	0
Div. IIIa South	1	Mixed	15	16	3570	3570	0
	2	"		7	921	921	0
	3	"	12	4	7374	2506	0
	4	"		10	1278	1278	0

Blue Whiting

Area	Season	Type of fish	No of samples		No of fish		
			Research vessel	Market	Measured	Aged	Examined racially
Div. IV a	1	Mixed		13	611	0	0
	2	"		3	221	0	0
	3	"		1	1	0	0
	4	"		2	2	0	0
Div. VI a	1	Mixed		4	244	0	0
	2	"		0	0	0	0
	3	"		1	3	0	0
	4	"		0	0	0	0
Div. IIIa North	1	Mixed		0	0	0	0
	2	"		5	144	0	0
	3	"		10	314	0	0
	4	"		5	122	0	0

Denmark, (Faroes).
(S.H. i Jakupsstovu)

Blue Whiting (Micromesistius poutassou)

Research vessel surveys

Area	Season	objectives
Faroes	January-March	experimental fishery
W. of British Isles	April-June	acoustic abundance estimates, migrations routes.

Sampling

Area	Season	no of sample		no of fish	no of fish
		research vessel	market	measured	aged
Faroes	I	32		5478	400
W. of British Isles	II		6	1171	701
Faroes	II		1	186	86

Herring (Clupea harengus)

Sampling

Area	Season	no of sample		no of fish	no of fish
		research vessel	market	measured	aged
Faroese fjords	1		1	100	100
- -	3		2	376	168
- -	4		1	18	18

Mackerel (Scomber scombrus)

Area	Season	no of sample		no of fish	no of fish
		research vessel	market	measured	aged
VIa	I		8 ^x	847	
IIa	III		1	61	61
Vb	III		1	58	58
VIa	IV		1	100	100

^x sampled on board one fishing vessel.

Capelin (Mallotus villosus)

Area	Season	no of sample		no of fish	no of fish
		research vessel	market	measured	aged
East Greenland	III		2	746	200
- -	IV		2	719	200

Finland

(V. Sjøblom and R. Parmanne)

No work was carried out on pelagic fish other than that reported to the Baltic Fish Committee.

F R A N C E

(A. MAUCORES)

Rapport d'activité concernant les laboratoires ISTPM de Boulogne, Lorient, La Rochelle.

Echantillonnage

HARENG

Région	Saison	Type de poisson	Nb. d'échantillons		Nb. de poissons		
			Bt de recherche	Marché	Mesurés	dont âge déterminé	examen racial
IVa	1	adulte	1		12	12	
"	3	"	2		132	74	
IVb	1	mélangé	x		2331	343	
"	4	adulte		1	244	62	
IVc+VIId	1	mélangé	x		224	80	
"	2	adulte		2	419	41	
"	4	"		8	1528	323	
VIa	1	adulte	x		275	80	
VIIa	4	adulte	3		122		

SPRAT

VIIa	4		2		215		
VIIIf	4		2		246		

MAQUEREAU

Région	Saison (trimestre)	Type de poisson	Nb. d'échantillons		Nb. de poissons		
			Bt. de recherche	Marché	Mesurés	dont âge déterminé	examen racial
VI a	1er	adulte		1	224		
	2	"		2	306	61	
	4	"		4	830	40	
VIIa	2	"		1	64		
	3	"		1	151	37	
	4	"		4	784	48	
VIIb	1	"		1	227		
VIId	2	"		x	407		
	3	"		x	1651		
	4	"		x	126		
VIIe	1	"		13	2541	96	
	2	"		3	544	87	
	4	"	4	1	549	193	
VIIf	1	"		2	428	73	
	3	"		1	274	52	
	4	"		1	113		
VIIg	1	"		2	151		
	2	"		1	135	64	
	3	"		2	432	54	
	4	"		7	1437	102	
VIIh	1	"		3	546	38	
	2	"		3	688		
	4	"		2	358	40	
VIIj	1	"		1	88		
	2	"	4	2	743	80	
VIIIa-b	1	"	x	2x	660	109	
	2	"	x	5x	1350	233	
	3	"	x	5x	1247	68	
	4	"	1	7x	1670	80	

THONIDES

ISTPM - Nantes

Région	Saison	Type de poisson	Origine échantillon		Nb. de poissons	
			Bt. de recherche	Marché	Mesurés	Marqués
<i>Germon (Thunnus alalunga)</i>						
Açores	2		x		1184	508
VIIj,k - VIIIId,e	3		x		527	112
<i>Patudo (Thunnus obesus)</i>						
Açores	2		x		55	15
<i>Listao (Xatsanonus pelamis)</i>						
Açores	2		x		43	

Germon (Thunnus alalunga)

CNEXO/COB

Région	Saison	Type	Nb. d'échantillons (marché)	Nb. de poissons		examen racial
				Mesurés	dont âge déterminé	
Golfe de Gascogne (VIII)	Juillet	juvéniles	2	1300	1300	0
Golfe de Gascogne (VIII)	Août	juvéniles	2	2040	2040	0

Campagnes Océanographiques (ISTPM)

Région	Dates	Objectifs
IVa, b, c + VIa	9.02 - 8.03	Campagne d'évaluation des poissons juvéniles (Y.F.S.) sous égide CIEM
IVa	10.07 - 1.08	Campagne d'évaluation acoustique sur le hareng (Echo Survey) sous égide CIEM
VII et VIII	12.06 - 7.07	Campagne d'évaluation d'abondance des oeufs de maquereaux sous égide CIEM
N et N.E. Açores	mai - juin	Campagne de prospection thonière et de marquage
VIIj,k - VIIIId,e	août	- id -

German Democratic Republic

(L.Danke)

Sampling

Blue Whiting

Area	Season	Type of fish	No. of samples			No. of Fish		
			Research vessel	Com-mercial vessel	Market	Measured	Aged	Exa-mined radically
S-Norwegian Sea II A	II+III	Mixed	-	16	-	3 483	-	-
S-Norwegian Sea II A	II	Mixed	-	-	8	1 702	200	-
Central-Norw. Sea II A	III	Mixed	-	16	-	3 913	299	-
Central-Norw. Sea II A	III	Mixed	-	-	6	1 265	200	-
Central-Norw. Sea II A	IV	Mixed	-	5	-	1 232	100	-
SE-Jan Mayen II A	III	Mixed	-	3	-	648	-	-
SE-Jan Mayen II A	III	Mixed	-	-	2	389	85	-
SE-Norw- Sea II A	II	Mixed	9	-	-	3 929	400	50 ¹⁾
Norwegian Deep IV A	II	Mixed	2	-	-	940	100	50 ¹⁾

1) parasitologically

Research vessel surveys

Area	Date	Objectives
Norwegian Sea	6.5. - 16.5.	Acoustic survey, midwater trawling, hydrography
Norwegian Deep	2.5. - 4.5. 17.5. - 20.5.	Acoustic survey, midwater trawling, hydrography

Argentina

Sampling

Area	Season	Type of fish	No. of Samples			No. of Fish		
			Research vessel	Com-mercial vessel	Market	Aged	Measured	Exa-mined racially
SE-Norw. Sea II A	II	Mixed	2	-	-		85	

Germany, Federal Republic of
(H.Dornheim)

Sampling Herring

Area	Season	Type* of Fish	No of Samples		No of Fish		
			Research Vessel	Market	Measured	Aged	Examined racially
Hebrides (01)	III	34578	4	-	312	193	193
NW-North Sea (03)	I IV	567	1 9	- -	22 231	22 -	- -
NW of Ireland (06)	I III IV	24578 2545678 245678	5 7 2	- - -	195 1956 154	93 400 137	93 200 -
South Buchan (08)	I		1	-	33	-	-
Central North Sea (09)	I	123	31	-	2597	661	-
W of Ireland (10)	III	27	1	-	274	100	100
S-North Sea (12)	I		9	-	314	-	-
S of Ireland (13)	II	28	1	-	108	100	100
Bristol Channel (14)	II	267	2	-	232	100	100

* Stages of maturity

Research Vessel Surveys

Area	Date	Objectives
Central North Sea (09)	07.01.-19.01.80	Groundfish Survey
NW-North Sea (03) South Buchan (08) Central North Sea (09) S-North Sea (12)	01.02.-28.02.80	International Young Fish Survey
S-North Sea (12)	19.02.-05.03.80	Groundfish Survey
NW of Ireland (06) S of Ireland (13) Bristol Channel (14)	13.03.-14.04.80	Mackerel (adults, eggs) and Herring Survey
Hebrides (01)		
NW of Ireland (06) W of Ireland (10)	22.09.-03.10.80	Herring (adults, larvae) Survey
W of Ireland (06)	13.11.-02.12.80	Pelagic Fish Survey
NW + NE-North Sea (03/04)	10.12.-20.12.80	Groundfish Survey

Sampling Surat

Area	Season	Type of	No of Samples		No of Fish	
			Research Vessel	Market	Measured	Aged Examined racially
IV a N-North Sea	I		1	-	35	-
IV b Central North Sea	I		38	6	6033	-
	III		-	7	2523	-
	IV		1	-	104	-
IV c S-North Sea	I		3	-	279	-
VI a N of Ireland	I		7	-	573	-
VII b,c W of Ireland	I		2	-	147	-
	IV		2	-	134	-
VII g-k S of Ireland	II		3	-	344	-
	IV		5	-	361	-

Research Vessel Surveys

Area	Date	Objectives
IV b, IV c Central + S-North Sea	07.01.-19.01.80	Groundfish Survey
IV a, IV b, IV c N-, Central, S-North Sea	01.02.-28.02.80	International Young Fish Survey
VI a N of Ireland VII b,c W of Ireland VII g-k S of Ireland	13.03.-14.04.80	Mackerel (adults, eggs) and Herring Survey
VII b,c W of Ireland VII g-k S of Ireland	13.11.-02.12.80	Pelagic Fish Survey
IV b Central North Sea	10.12.-20.12.80	Groundfish Survey

Sampling Mackerel

Area	Season	Type*of Fish	No of Samples		No of Fish	
			Research V.	Market	Measured	Aged
VI a W of Scotland	I	2,3,4,5,6	1	-	570	100
	III	2,8	2	-	212	100
	IV	2,3,8	1	-	279	100
VII b, c W of Ireland	I	3,4,5,	3	-	830	200
	II	6	3	-	493	100
	IV	2,8	1	-	120	100
VII f Bristol Channel	II	2,3,4	1	-	605	100
VII g-k S of Ireland	II	4,5,6	19	-	6305	200
	III	1	1	-	40	38
	IV		3	-	162	-

* Stages of maturity

Research Vessel Surveys

Area	Date	Objectives
VI a W of Scotland VII b,c W of Ireland VII f Bristol Channel VII g-k S of Ireland	13.03.-14.04.80	Mackerel (adults, eggs) and Herring Survey
IV a N-North Sea VI a W of Scotland VII g-k S of Ireland	04.09.-03.10.80	Herring (adults, larvae) Survey
VI a W of Scotland VII b,c W of Ireland VII g-k S of Ireland	13.11.-02.12.80	Pelagic Fish Survey

Sampling Horse mackerel

Area	Season	No of Samples R/V	No of Fish Measured
VI a W of Scotland	IV	6	723
VII b,c W of Ireland	IV	4	443
VII f Bristol Channel	IV	1	39
VII g-k S of Ireland	II IV	2 11	166 566

Research Vessel Surveys

Area	Date	Objectives
VII g-k S of Ireland	13.03.-14.04.80	Mackerel (adults, eggs) and Herring Survey
VI a W of Scotland VII b,c W of Ireland VII f Bristol Channel VII g-k S of Ireland	13.11.-02.12.80	Pelagic Fish Survey

Sampling Blue whiting

Area	Season	Type* of Fish	No. of Samples		No. of Fish		
			Research Vessel	Market	Measured	Aged	Examined racially
II Spitsb./BearIsl.	II		8	-	1121	223	
IIa Norw.Sea	II		7	-	951	134	
IVa N-North Sea	I		6	-	2710	532	
Vb1 Faroe Plateau	I III	3,4	12 2	- -	2757 503	- -	
VIIa W of Scotland	I III	3	19 9	- -	5020 629	1260 -	
VIIb Rockall	I IV		12 12	- -	3459 2338	813 106	200
VIIg-k S of Ireland	I II III IV	3	7 23 8 9	- - - -	1757 2640 597 635	363 100 100 300	
XIV E of Greenland	II III IV	2	11 23 11	- - -	2231 3469 1123	253 513 167	200

* Stages of Maturity

Research Vessel Surveys

Area	Dates	Objectives
IVa N-North Sea Vb1 Faroe Plateau VIIa W of Scotland VIIb Rockall VIIg-k S of Ireland	08.01.-28.03.80	Pelagic Fish and Deep Sea Fishery
VIIa W of Scotland VIIg-k S of Ireland	13.03.-14.04.80	Mackerel (adults, eggs) and Herring Survey
XIV E of Greenland	09.06.-25.07.80	Groundfish Survey
II Spitsb./Bear Isl. IIa Norwegian Sea	20.06.-30.07.80	Groundfish Survey
Vb1 Faroe Plateau VIIb Rockall XIV E of Greenland	28.08.-27.10.80	Exploration of new Fishing Grounds and Species
VIIa W of Scotland VIIg-k S of Ireland	22.09.-02.10.80	Herring (adults, larvae) Survey
VIIg-k S of Ireland	13.11.-01.12.80	Pelagic Fish Survey

ICELAND
(Jakob Jakobsson)

Sampling BLUE WHITING

Area	Season	Type of fish	No. of samples	No. of fish	
				measured	aged
S-SW Iceland	April	mixed	12	1111	
"	July	mixed	4	352	
S Iceland	Sept.	mixed	1	100	100
"	Nov.	juvenile	1	95	95
E Iceland	June	mixed	3	450	450
"	July	adult	8	796	
"	Aug.	adult	1	36	
"	Sept.	adult	5	605	605
Dohrn Bank	Oct.	mixed	3	300	200

Research vessel Surveys

Area	Date	Objective
Icelandic waters	22 May - 10 June	Environmental and pel. fish survey
E Iceland	14 - 28 June	Blue whiting survey
E-SE Iceland	23 August - 25 Oct.	Blue whiting survey and exploratory fishing
Dohrn Bank		

Sampling CAPELIN

Area	Season	Type of Fish	No. of Samples		No. of Fish measured	No. of Fish aged	No. of Fish examined racially
			Research vessels	Fish. vessels			
NW-, N- and NE-Iceland	Jan.-Feb.	mixed	23	19	4077	2691	350
SE-, S- and SW Iceland	Feb.-Mar.	adult	4	15	2564	1600	400
Iceland - E-Greenland	Aug.-Nov.	mixed	25	28	3965	3965	900
Iceland - E-Greenland	August	0-group	140		6950		

Research vessel and other surveys

Area	Date	Objective
W, N-Iceland	6-12 Jan.	Capelin survey
W, N-Iceland	7-30 Jan.	Abundance estimates
NE, SE-Iceland	10-16 Jan.	Capelin survey, hydrography
N, NE, E-Iceland	22 Jan - 8 Feb.	Abundance estimates, hydrography
W-Iceland	6-28 Feb.	Capelin survey, hydrography
E, SE, S-Iceland	27 Feb. - 8 March	Capelin survey
W, N-Iceland	19-31 March	Juvenile and immature capelin survey
Icelandic waters	22 May - 10 June	Environmental and pel. fish survey
Iceland, E-Greenland	6-31 August	0-group, capelin and other species
W, NW, N-Iceland, E-Greenland	30 Sep. - 23 Oct.	Abundance estimates
W, N-Iceland	6-12 Nov.	Capelin survey

Sampling HERRING

Area	Season	Type of Fish	No. of Samples		No. of Fish measured	No. of Fish aged	No. of Fish examined racially
			Research vessels	Fish. vessels			
W-, N-, E- and S-Iceland	Jan.-Dec.	adults	8	54	5563	5237	5237
E-Iceland	Jul.-Dec.	mixed	18	5	2851	594	594
S- and E-Iceland	Sep.-Dec.	immature	3	-	200	200	200

Research vessel surveys

Area	Date	Objective
SE-Iceland	4-10 Jan.	Abundance estimates, hydrography
W, N-Iceland	16-29 Feb.	Abundance estimates, immatures, juveniles
W, N-Iceland	12-29 Sept.	Abundance estimates, immatures, juveniles
S, SE, N, W-Iceland	12-25 Nov.	Abundance estimates, matures, immatures
SE, E, NE, N-Iceland	27 Nov.-16 Dec.	Abundance estimates, hydrography

IRELAND

(J. Molloy)

Herring

Area	Season	Type of Fish	No. of samples	No. of fish		No. of fish examined racially
				measured	aged	
Div. VIa	I - XII	Adult	25	7629	1241	1241
Div. VIIb	I - VIII	Adult	37	9121	1847	1847
Div. VIIj	I - III, V, IX, X	Adult	19	3361	911	911
Div. VIIa	VII - X	Adult	20	5956	1000	1000
Celtic sea	I, II, VIII - XII	Adult	46	5526	2302	2302

Mackerel

Div. VIa	IX - XII	Adult	11	4281	809
Div. VIIb	I	Adult	1	126	516
Div. VIIg-k	IV, V	Adult	5	744	422

Sprat

Div. VIIg-k	I - III	Adult	9	2577	424
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Research Vessel Survey

Area	Time	Objectives
Celtic Sea	I, II, X, XI, XII	Herring Larval Survey
Celtic Sea	II, III, IV, VI, VII, IX	Mackerell and Sprat Egg Survey
Irish Sea	II	Young Herring Survey

THE NETHERLANDS

(A. Corten).

THE NETHERLANDS 1980

Sampling data for MACKEREL

Area	Quarter of year	No. of samples		No. of fish		
		research vessels	market samples	measured	aged	racial invest.
IVb Central North Sea	2	-	1	35	-	-
" " " "	3	-	17	687	50	-
" " " "	4	-	4	160	50	-
IVc Southern North Sea	2	-	17	651	75	-
" " " "	3	-	17	921	50	-
" " " "	4	-	7	423	150	-
VIa N.W. Ireland	2	-	7	383	175	-
" " " "	3	-	2	176	75	-
" " " "	4	-	7	340	235	-
VII South of Ireland	1	-	20	1,711	450	-
" " " "	2	-	18	1,160	375	-
" " " "	3	-	14	1,676	325	-
" " " "	4	-	13	1,955	300	-
Total		-	144	10,273	2,310	

Sampling HERRING

Area	Quarter of year	Type of fish	No. of samples		No. of fish		
			research vessel	market	measured	aged	examined racially
01 Hebrides	2	adults	-	1	162	50	-
03 N.W. North Sea	1	"	1	-	129	50	-
" " " "	3	"	6	-	514	294	-
06 N.W. of Ireland	1	"	-	1	139	50	-
" " " "	2	"	-	3	371	150	-
" " " "	3	"	-	3	286	150	-
" " " "	4	"	-	2	295	100	-
09 Central North Sea	2	"	4	-	645	200	-
10 West of Ireland	2	"	-	1	106	50	-
" " " "	3	"	-	1	90	50	-
12 Southern North Sea	1	"	-	1*	187	50	-
" " " "	4	"	-	6	888	300	-
13 South of Ireland	1	"	-	1	112	50	-
" " " "	3	"	-	4	405	200	-
" " " "	4	"	-	1	121	50	-
14 Bristol Channel	1	"	-	2	340	100	-
15 West Channel	1	"	-	1	147	50	-
" " " "	2	"	-	1	149	50	-
" " " "	4	"	-	1	98	50	-
Total			11	30	5,184	2,044	-

* From a Danish catch landed in the Netherlands.

Research vessel surveys

Area	Dates	Objectives
IVc, VIId Southern North Sea	07/01-10/01	ICES herring larval survey
IVa, b, c North Sea	04/02-08/03	ICES Young Fish Survey
IVc Southern North Sea	03/03-19/04	Monitoring influx o-group herring
IVa Northern North Sea	07/07-19/07	ICES Echo survey
IVa " " "	03/09-11/09	ICES herring larval survey
IVb Central North Sea	15/09-01/10	" " " "
VIa West Scotland	10/10-20/10	" " " "
IVc, VIId Southern North Sea	16/12-19/12	" " " "

NORWAY
(J. Hamre, O.J. Østvedt)

Herring (Clupea harengus)

North of 62°N

SAMPLING

Area	Season	Type of Fish	No. of Samples		No. of Fish	No. of Fish	No. of Fish
			Research Vessel	Market	measured	aged	examined racially
Bar.Sea	I	Adult	1		22	20	
I	III	Juvenile	6		14		
Norw.coast	I	Mixed	21		1653	1531	2000
IIa	II	"	10		586	506	
	III	"	20		1269	1207	1500 x)
	IV	"	21	20	4707	2628	2800
Norw.Sea, northern	III	Juvenile	4		9		
IIb							
Total			84	20	8260	5892	6300

x) Mostly herring larvae

RESEARCH VESSEL SURVEYS

Area	Date	Objectives
Norwegian coast 62°N - 69°N	January-March	Spawning migrations, experimental fishing
Norwegian coast 62°N - 70°N	April-May	Distribution herring larvae
Norwegian coast 62°N - 67°N	April-May	Tagging
Barents Sea/ Norwegian Sea	August	Distribution 0-group herring
Norwegian coast 62°N - 69°N	August	Distribution. Tagging
Norwegian coast 62°N - 69°N	Sept.-October	Sampling commercial fishery, experimental fishing
Norwegian coast 62°N - 71°N	Nov.-December	0-group survey

TAGGING

	Season	Type of Tags	No. of Tagged	Type of Fish	Recoveries
Norw.coast	II	Internal	35 982	adult	153
IIa	III	"	10 875	"	

Herring (contd)

North Sea, Skagerrak

Area	Season	Type of Fish	No. of Samples		No. of Fish	No. of Fish	No. of Fish
			Research Vessel	Market	measured	aged	examined racially
Central North Sea	I	Immature	11	-	778	294	80
IVb	IV	"	5	-	435	367	355
Northern North Sea	II	Imm./Ad.	7	-	596	596	198
IVa	III	"	7	6	919	900	595
Skagerrak	IV	"	10	-	596	590	574
	I	Imm./Ad.	3	6	818	810	730
	II	Adult	-	1	100	100	100
IIIa	III	Imm./Ad.	-	11	644	630	640
	IV	Imm.	9	-	900	845	840

RESEARCH VESSEL SURVEYS

Area	Date	Objectives
North Sea, IV	January-February	Int. young fish survey, herring
North Sea, IV	October	Intern, herring larvae investigations
Skagerrak-(IIIa)	November	Fish survey, 0-group herring
Norw.west coast fjords		

TAGGING

Area	Season	Type of Tags	No. of Tagged	Type of Fish
Norw.Skagerrak coast(IIIa)	September	Int. steel	500	Herring
"	"	Ext. Floy	1850	"

Sprat (Sprattus sprattus)

SAMPLING

Area	Season	Type of Fish	No. of Samples		No. of Fish	No. of Fish
			Research Vessel	Market	measured	aged
Central North Sea	I	Adult	3	34	4000	600
IVb	IV	"	4	132	13100	850
South North Sea	I	"	-	49	5300	300
IVc	IV	"	-	1	100	-
Skagerrak	I	"	1	-	100	
	IV	"	-	4	400	

RESEARCH VESSEL SURVEYS

Area	Date	Objectives
North Sea, IV	January	Acoustic survey, sprat
North Sea-Skagerrak-Kattegat (IV-IIIa)	March/April	Acoustic survey, 1-group sprat
North Sea-Skagerrak (IV-IIIa)	November	Acoustic survey, 0-group sprat
Norwegian west coast fjords	November	Acoustic survey sprat

Capelin (*Mallotus villosus*)

SAMPLING

Area	Season	Type of Fish	No. of Samples		No. of Fish	No. of Fish
			Research Vessel	Market	measured	aged
Barents Sea	I	Mixed	46	1364	143537	3081
I	II	"	15	10	2292	822
	III	"	190	17	19024	6540
	IV	"	1		59	
Norw.coast	I	"	19	685	73299	2638
I Ia	II	"	2	26	2950	177
	III	"	26	1	2004	50
	IV	"	6		520	160
Norw.Sea, Jan Mayen	I	"	6		278	266
I Ia	III	"	17	64	6914	326
Norw.Sea, northern	I	"	11		1050	596
I Ib	II	"	6		600	295
	III	"	52	696	74197	1655
	IV	"	7	147	15676	739
Jan Mayen,	III	"	19		1388	310
Iceland, Va	IV	"	16		1512	952
Jan Mayen,	III	"	12	112	12273	678
Greenland						
XIVa	IV	"	15		1057	553
Iceland	IV	"	6		350	350
Greenland						
XIVb						
Total			472	3122	358980	20188

RESEARCH VESSEL SURVEYS

Area	Date	Objectives
Barents Sea	January	Distribution, spawning migrations
Jan Mayen	February	Distribution
Barents Sea, Finnmark coast	March	Spawning capelin
Finnmark coast	April	Distribution of spawning grounds
Barents Sea	June-July	Distribution of larvae. Investigations of older capelin in summer feeding areas
Barents Sea	August-Sept ^{x)}	0-group survey. Distribution and abundance of older capelin
Jan Mayen-Iceland	October	Distribution and abundance

x) Two vessels

TAGGING

None.

Blue whiting (Micromesistius poutassou)

SAMPLING

Area	Season	Type of Fish	No. of Samples		No. of Fish	No. of Fish
			Research Vessel	Market	measured	aged
Norw. Sea, central	II	Mixed	24	3	2682	976
	III	"	30	1	1121	1060
IIa	IV	"	33		1942	1308
Jan Mayen	III	Adult	32		1483	1410
IIa						
Norw. Sea, northern	III	Mixed	3		154	152
	IV	"	1		100	97
IIb						
Skagerrak	IV	"	3		81	79
IIIa						
North Sea	I	"	1	11	672	99
northern	II	"	18	51	3709	455
IVa	III	"	2	3	260	64
	IV	"	11		561	300
Iceland	III	"	2		111	111
Va	IV	"	1		100	50
Faroes	I	Adult		1	50	
Vb	II	"	8	65	5466	787
W. of	I	"		4	252	
Scotland	II	"	17	85	8521	1597
VIa						
W. of	I	"		1	40	
Scotland	II	"	1		200	100
VIIb						
W. of	I	"		14	862	
Ireland	II	"	7		1185	587
VIIbc						
W. of	III	"	2		200	199
Jan Mayen	IV	"	4		69	61
XIVa						
Total			200	239	29821	9492

RESEARCH VESSEL SURVEYS

Area	Date	Objectives
W. of British Isl./Faroes	April-May	Surveys spawning grounds
Norwegian coast	June	Distribution adult and 0-group
Norwegian Sea	August	Distribution
Bear Island/Svalbard	Sept.-Oct.	Distribution
Norwegian coast	Oct.-Nov.	Distribution
North Sea/Skagerrak	November	Distribution immature fish and 0-group

TAGGING

None.

Mackerel (Scomber scombrus)SAMPLING

Area	Season	Type of Fish	No. of Samples		No. of Fish measured ^{x)}	No. of Fish aged
			Research Vessel	Market		
Rona	Jan.	Adult		3	300	291
ICES area VIIf	Jan.	"		4	400	390
SW of Ireland	May	"	3		300	286
ICES area VIIf	"	Ad./Imm.	1		20	18
NE North Sea	May/June	Adult	4		183	177
"	"	"		3	237	222
Skagerrak	June	"		2	169	163
ICES area IVb	"	"	4		347	334
"	July	"		3	300	294
NE North Sea	"	"		2	198	192
S. Norwegian Sea	"	"	1		36	34
E. of Shetland	"	"	1		35	34
Skagerrak	August	"	3		296	262
ICES area IVb	"	"		2	200	199
NE North Sea	"	"		1	100	98
S. Norwegian Sea	"	"		2	184	179
Skagerrak	Sep.	"		2	200	192
"	"	"		1	80	79
Hardanger, w.coast Norway	Nov.	Imm.	2		91	91
ICES area VIIf	Jan.	Adult		38	2361	-
" VIIe	Des.	"		7	166	-
" "	August	"		1	50	-
" VIa	Jan.	"		12	536	-
" "	Oct.	"		1	50	-
SE of Shetland	Sep.	"		1	50	-
ICES area IVb	July/Sep.	"		41	1889	-
Norwegian Sea, S.	Aug./Sep.	"		30	1075	-
NE North Sea	"	"		16	488	-
North Sea	July/Sep.	"		17	251	-

x) In addition: all tagged fish are measured

RESEARCH VESSEL SURVEYS

Area	Date	Objectives
North Sea	June/Aug.	Egg and larval survey, mackerel
Western Channel - North Sea	June	" "

TAGGING

Area	Season	Type of Tags	No. of Tagged	Type of Fish	Recoveries
E. Viking Bank	May	int. steel	250	Mackerel	
SW. of Ireland	"	"	10000	"	
SW North Sea, IV	June	"	958	"	230
Skagerrak (IIIa)	August	"	5676	"	

In order to obtain recoveries of tagged mackerel from catches landed for human consumption a tag-detector was placed at a processing plant - (fillet - bait) south of Bergen.

Bluefin tuna (Thunnus thunnus L.)

The total catch of bluefin tuna in Norwegian waters was ca 228 tons (Nos of fish 865).

The tuna investigations have been limited to estimate size composition in weight (kg). The results will be reported to ICCAT.

Spurdog (Squalus acanthias L.)

SAMPLING

Biological data were obtained in conjunction with tagging experiments only. The data comprise fish-length and sex from longline catches.

TAGGING

Area	Season	Type of Tags	No. of Tagged	Type of Fish	Recoveries
Norw. coast between 64° 30' - 66° N	Jul/Aug.	Petersen disc.	359	Imm.+adult	75

POLAND

(M. Giedz)

BLUE WHITING

Sampling (in 1980)

Area	Season	No of samples		No of fish	
		for measurements	for ageing	measured	aged
NE Faroe	June	5	2	1 883	192
S Bear Island	June	3	2	749	248
E Jan Mayen	July	7	2	3 626	250
SE Jan Mayen	July	19	5	9 227	541
E Jan Mayen	August	10	4	4 803	407
NE Jan Mayen	August	14	4	6 448	420
NE E Jan Mayen	September	22	6	10 490	634
SE Jan Mayen	October	4	1	2 056	105
Total		84	26	39 282	2 797

PORTUGAL

(Ivone Barraca)

- 1 - The most important pelagic species and, therefore, those that have been studied during 1980 by the INIP were the following: Sardine, horse-mackerel, mackerel and spanish-mackerel.
In what concerns the two first species, the length composition as well as other biological parameters were determined in the laboratories of the INIP. The data on mackerel and spanish-mackerel are those provided by the Biological Sampling Program.
- 2 - In what concerns sardine, a more detailed work was accomplished, in the aim of ICES, for assessment of the state of the stock. The concerning report of the Working Group composed by Portuguese and Spanish scientists was presented at the Statutory Meeting of ICES in 1980, Pelagic Fish Committee C.M./H:53.
- 3 - The following tables include the data provided by the Biological Sampling Program and those obtained from the samplings accomplished in the laboratories of the INIP.

SPECIE: Sardina pilchardus (Walb.)

Area	Station	N. of Samples		N. of fishes	
		Commercial Ships	Measured	Whose age was determined Scale	Otoliths
IX	1st term	104	12 397	310	571
IX	2nd term	137	17 479	122	469
IX	3rd term	93	11 574	109	530
IX	4th term	150	15 747	184	456
	TOTAL	484	57 197	725	2026

SPECIE: Trachurus trachurus (Linné)

Area	Station	N. of samples		N. of fishes	
		Commercial Ships	Measured	Whose age was determined Otoliths	
IX	1st term	249	17 435	235	
IX	2nd term	321	22 000	158	
IX	3rd term	235	17 635	40	
IX	4th term	480	29 560	20	
	TOTAL	1285	86 630	453	

SPECIE: Scomber scombrus Linné.

Area	Station	N. of samples		N. of fishes	
		Commercial ships	Measured		
IX	1st term	15	676		
IX	2nd term	-	-		
IX	3rd term	1	123		
IX	4th term	-	-		
	TOTAL	16	799		

SPECIE: Scomber japonicus Houttuyn

Area	Station	N. of samples		N. of fishes	
		Commercial ships	Measured		
IX	1	15	440		
IX	2	25	1874		
IX	3	27	2886		
IX	4	42	1855		
	TOTAL	109	7055		

SPAIN

(O. Caudraro et M. A. Rodríguez)

Les Clupeiformes

Sardine, Sardinia pilchardus

Les recherches aux deux pêcheries traditionnelles espagnoles, la Galice (nord-ouest de la péninsule Ibérique) et la zone canario-africain, ont continué comme d'habitude en 1980.

Les études sur la pêcherie galicienne ont compris deux parties: la pêche du large à la seine et celle pratiquée à l'intérieur de la baie de Vigo avec des petits filets maillants de deriva (xaitros). Cette modalité de pêche a réalisé un effort petit et ses apports sont modestes, à cause du fait que le prix de la sardine s'est maintenu très aux ories de la région du à la grande abondance de l'espèce. Les pêches expérimentales avec des filets maillants à mailles de dimensions différentes font penser qu'il existe une certaine sélectivité, mais les données dont on dispose ne sont pas encore suffisantes pour en affirmer.

Les apports de la pêche du large (divisions VIIIc ouest et IXa) ont été au niveau de l'année antérieure (50 000 t à peu près). Il y a eu aussi des captures mineures provenant du côté oriental de la division VIIIc, où la sardine constitue une pêche accessoire.

Le programme d'échantillonnage s'est élargie, et en 1980 on a échantillonné les départements au nord de Sada, au nord de la Galice (division VIIIc).

En ce qui concerne les recherches sur la sardine du banc canarien, la routine des échantillonnages biologiques et l'étude des paramètres biologiques et de la pêche ont suivi sans changement.

Echantillonnages

Région	Trimestre	Type de poissons	Nombre des échantillons		Nombre de poissons		
			Bateau	Marché	Mesurés	Âgés	Race
VIIIc	1	Juveniles et adultes	-	26	2 618	156	-
	2	"	-	20	2 014	95	-
	3	"	-	22	2 274	100	-
	4	"	-	13	1 316	94	-
IXa	1	"	-	23	2 301	138	-
	2	"	-	30	3 035	147	-
	3	"	-	32	3 215	228	-
	4	"	-	23	2 298	126	-
Afrique ouest, Canaries	1	Adultes	-	32	14 904	746	-
	2	"	-	4	1 342	126	-
	3	"	-	42	17 507	491	-
	4	"	-	69	23 863	799	-

Anchois, Engraulis encrasicolus

En 1980, comme en 1979, la saison de pêche dans le golfe de Gascogne est commencée en avril, avec quelques prises sporadiques en mars. Les conditions météorologiques du printemps n'ont pas été favorables, donc le temps de pêche effective a subi des pertes. Les apports totaux sont un peu inférieurs à ceux de 1979.

La composition des captures a regagné sa normalité. Les anchois de la classe d'âge 2 constituent la plupart des échantillons étudiés; outre, la "route" moyenne n'est pas si grosse que celle observée en 1970. Cela paraît indiquer une récupération de la population, qui avait expérimenté une importante chute depuis 1970.

Echantillonnages

Région	Trimestre	Type de poissons	Nombre des échantillons		Nombre de poissons		
			Bateau	Marché	Mésurés	Asés	Race
VIII b,c	1	Adultes	-	1	94	43	-
	2	"	19	5	2 400	573	-

Les Scombriformes

Les pêcheries espagnoles de Scombriformes, notamment de Thonidés, qui sont l'objet de recherches actives comprennent trois aires principales: la pêche du germon et de l'espadon dans le golfe de Gascogne et les régions voisines, la pêche aux madraques au détroit de Gibraltar et la pêche des Thonidés tropicaux aux Iles Canaries et à l'Afrique du nord-ouest.

Les espèces étudiées et exploitées, autres que les deux mentionnées ci-dessus, sont le thon rouge, *Thunnus thynnus* (L.), le listao, *Katsuwonus pelamis* (L.), l'altacore, *Th. albacares* (Fonn.), le patudo, *Th. obesus* (Léve), la melva, *Axiis rochei* (Risso), la bonite des pays, *Sarda sarda* (Eich) et la thonine, *Balearomus quadripunctatus* (E. Geoffroy Saint-Hilaire). Les études comprennent les paramètres biologiques, les migrations (campagnes de marquage) et les modèles de production des espèces les plus importantes. Une campagne a eu lieu dans le golfe de Gascogne en été pour obtenir des données sur les rendements de la pêche de germon et de thon rouge par rapport aux conditions hydrologiques.

Echantillonnages

Thunnus alalunga

Région	Trimestre	Type de poissons	Nombre des échantillons	Nombre de poissons mesurés
VIIIc	3	Juveniles	17	1 777
VIII d	3	"	37	3 756
VIIIe	3	"	3	319
X	2	"	2	147
	3	"	2	239
Afrique ouest	2	"	6	289
	4	"	9	627

Thunnus thynnus

Région	Trimestre	Type de poissons	Nombre des échantillons	Nombre de poissons mesurés
VIIIa, b,c,d	3	Juveniles	30	2 287
	4	"	4	288
Afrique ouest	2	"	6	33
	4	"	7	113

Thunnus obesus

Région	Trimestre	Type de poissons	Nombre des échantillons	Nombre des poissons mesurés
Atlantique ouest	1	Adultes	2	52
	2	"	16	366
	3	"	10	1 154

Thunnus albacares

Région	Trimestre	Type de poissons	Nombre des échantillons	Nombre de poissons mesurés
Atlantique ouest	2	Adultes	18	61
	3	"	2	7
	4	"	25	417

Thunnus pelagicus

Région	Trimestre	Type de poissons	Nombre des échantillons	Nombre de poissons mesurés
Atlantique ouest	2	Adultes et juvéniles	16	604
	3	"	37	1 171
	4	"	31	1 505

Xiphias gladius

Région	Trimestre	Type de poissons	Nombre des échantillons	Nombre de poissons mesurés
VIIA	1	Adultes	3	150
	4	"	2	36
VIII	2	"	4	227
VIIIa	4	"	1	10
	5	"	5	290
VIIIb	4	"	3	405
	5	"	1	40
IXa	2	"	1	51
	3	"	2	86
	4	"	2	720
X	4	"	2	90

Campagnes de campagne

En 1980 l'Institut Espagnol d'Océanographie a fait des campagnes de campagne de mensurés sur trois grandes régions de pêche des flétillans espagnols, 310 exemplaires de Thunnus obesus, 222 de Th. albacares, 5 de Th. albacares, 2 de Th. pelagicus, 170 de Sarda sarda, 100 d'Exocoetidae ou Trachurus et 437 de Thunnus pelagicus ont été mesurés pendant ces campagnes.

ATLANTIQUEMer du Nord, Microcrustacés marins

Les investigations sur cette espèce, dont les apports sont très importants pour les diversifiés pêcheurs dans la ZEE espagnole, ont été dirigées vers l'étude des paramètres biologiques de la population des divisions VIIIc et IXa.

Détaillements

Région	Saison	Type de poisson	Nombre des échantillons		Nombre de poissons		
			Bateau	Marché	Mesurés	Âgés	Exam.
VIIC	"	Adultes Spawners	26	-	2 200	240	-
IXa	"	"	27	-	2 500	80	-

Classe de, *Merluccius tencularis*

Détaillements

Région	Saison	Type de poisson	Nombre des échantillons		Nombre de poissons		
			Bateau	Marché	Mesurés	Âgés	Exam.
VIIC	"	Adultes	26	-	2 600	177	-
IXa	"	"	25	-	2 300	170	-

Sweden

(R. Rosenberg)

1980

Sampling data

Herring, Sweden

Area	Season	Type of fish	No. of samples		No. of fish		No. of fish Examined racially			
			Research vessel	Market	Measured only	Aged				
Kattegat	I, II, III	Imm, ad	18	6	9 571	2 170	2 170			
	IV, V	Imm, ad, spawners		5				1 405	264	
	VII, VIII, IX	Imm, ad		4				20	7 582	1 852
	X, XI	Imm, ad, spawners		10				4 052	929	
Skagerak	I, II, III	Imm, ad, spawners	8	6	1 650	870	870			
	IV, V	Imm, ad, spawners		8				1 243	613	
	VII, IX	Imm, ad		8				3	996	589

Research Vessel Survey

Area	Season	Objectives
Kattegat, Skagerrak	II	Investigation on young herring and stock separation, and herring larvae.
" "	IX	Investigation on herring, herring larvae. Echointegrations.

United Kingdom

1. England and Wales

(A. C. Burd)

1. Sampling

HERRING

Area		No. of samples		No. of fish		
		Research vessels	Market	Measured	Aged	Racial invest
North Sea	104A **)	5		513	331	331
	104B	7		2 068	865	784
	104C		1	21	21	21
W. Scotland	106A	1		205	100	100
W. English Channel	107E	1		154	100	100
Irish Sea	107A	1	4	1 320	393	393
Thames Estuary	104C*	3	1	4 925	1 173	1 173

* 655 herring tagged with external hydrostatic tags

** Code 104A = Sub-Division IVa, etc.

SPRAT

Area		No. of samples		No. of fish	
		Research vessels	Market	Measured	Aged
North Sea	104B	6	2	1 190	
	104C	3		476	
Thames Estuary	104C		5	935	80
W. English Channel	107E		23	2 230	110
Irish Sea	107A		1	227	49

MACKEREL

Area		No. of samples		No. of fish	
		Research vessels	Market	Measured	Aged
North Sea	104	3		230	230
W. Scotland	106A	3	2	890	82
W. Ireland	107B 107C	6		3 355	680
Celtic Sea	107G-K	2		1 195	520
W. English Channel	} 107E	12	211	27 959	2 784
Bristol Channel					
Biscay	108	12		1 085	381

PILCHARD

Area		No. of samples		No. of fish	
		Research vessels	Market	Measured	Aged
W. English Channel	} 107E		29	3 308	428
Celtic Sea					
Bristol Channel					

(HORSE MACKEREL)

Area		No. of samples		No. of fish	
		Research vessels	Market	Measured	Aged
English Channel	} 107D 107E	9	16	2 897	744
Bristol Channel					
Celtic Sea					
Biscay	108	2		270	142

2. Research vessel surveys

<u>Area</u>		<u>Month</u>	<u>Objectives</u>
North Sea	104	January	Sprat Acoustic Survey
Bay of Biscay/English Channel/ W. Approaches		January	H. Mackerel Exploratory Voyage
	108, 107E, 107F-G		
"	"	January	" " " "
"	"	Jan/Feb	" " " "
North Sea	104	Jan/Feb	International Young Fish Survey
English Channel/W. Approaches		February	H. Mackerel Exploratory Voyage
	107E, 107F-G		
Bay of Biscay/English Channel/ W. Approaches		Feb/Mar	" " " "
	108, 107E, 107F-G		
North Sea (Thames)	104C	March	Herring Recruitment Investigation
West Ireland/Biscay/W. Approaches/ English Channel		Mar/Apr	Mackerel Egg Survey
	107B-C, 108, 107E,F,G-K		
North Sea Thames	(104C)	April	Herring Recruitment Investigation
West Ireland/English Channel/ Biscay/W. Approaches		Apr/May	Mackerel Egg Survey
	107B-C, 108, 107,E,F,G-K		
Celtic Sea, W Ireland, W. Scotland		June	H. Mackerel Exploratory Voyage
	107G-K, 107B-C, 106A		
Celtic Sea, Biscay, W. Ireland, W. Scotland, S.W. Approaches		July	" " " "
	107F, 107G-K, 108, 107B-C, 106A		
North Sea	104	July	'0' Gp Herring Survey
West Ireland/English Channel/ Biscay/Celtic Sea		Jul/Aug	Mackerel Egg Survey + H. Mackerel
	107B-C, 108, 107E,F,G-K		
Celtic Sea, West Ireland, West Scotland		August	H. Mackerel Exploratory Voyage
	107G-K, 107B-C, 106A		
N. Sea	104	Aug/Sept	Herring Larval Survey
N. Sea	104	Oct	Herring Larval Survey

United Kingdom

SCOTLAND

(R. Bailey).

HERRING SAMPLING

Area	Season	Type of herring	No. of samples		No. of fish		Examined racially
			Research vessel	Market	measured	aged	
<u>IVa Northern North Sea</u>							
West of Shetland (02)	Jan-Mar	immat.	2		52	35	0
	Jul-Sep	adult	6		477	425	265
NW North Sea (03)	Jan-Mar	immat.	10		844	243	0
	Apr-Jun	adult	1		375	99	50
	Jul-Sep	adult	17		2104	573	446
	Jul-Sep	mixed	15		799	329	0
	Oct-Dec	mixed	7		1365	0	0
<u>IVc Central North Sea</u>							
South Buchan (08)	Jul-Sep	mixed	7		525	165	-
	Oct-Dec	immat.	11		1726	5	-
Central North Sea (09)	Jan-Mar	immat.	26		2368	447	0
	Oct-Dec	immat.	2		285	47	0
<u>VIa West of Britain</u>							
NW Ireland (06)	Jan-Mar	mixed	3		597	0	0
	Jan-Mar	mixed	10		1745	42	42
	Jul-Sep	adult	2		285	285	85
	Jul-Sep	immat.	1		17	17	0
	Oct-Dec	mixed	18		1272	773	0
Clyde (07c)	Jan-Mar	adult	6		1174	311	0
	Apr-Jun	adult			2738	-	-
	Apr-Jun	adult	14	21	1950	904	697
	Jul-Sep	adult		75	3318	850	850
	Oct-Dec	immat.	28		3929	857	785

Tagging

Area	Season	Type of tag	No. tagged	Type of fish	Recoveries
Clyde	April-June	Flag	888	Mixed	197
Clyde	April-June	Snap Spaghetti	1326	Mixed	207
Clyde	April-June	Floy T Tag	4683	Mixed	309
Minch	Oct-Dec	Floy T Tags	277	Mixed	nil
Minch	Oct-Dec	Snap Spaghetti	822	Mixed	nil
Minch	Oct-Dec	Thin Spaghetti	190	Mixed	nil
Minch	Oct-Dec	Thick Spaghetti	758	Mixed	nil

Research Vessel Surveys

<u>Area</u>	<u>Season</u>	<u>Objectives</u>
North Sea	February-March	International Young Herring Survey
North Sea and west of Orkney and Shetland	June-July	Acoustic and trawling survey
North Sea	September-October	Larval surveys
West coast of Scotland	September-October	0-group trawling survey
West coast of Scotland	August-October	Larval surveys
West coast of Scotland	November-December	1-group trawling survey
Clyde	November	0- and 1-group trawling survey

Other Research Activities

Experimental studies continued on the development, growth and survival of herring larvae in water varying in the intensity of its contamination by oil.

Immature and mature herring from the Firth of Clyde and the northern Irish Sea were examined for tag parasites which might help to clarify the stock situation in these areas. Examination of both adult and juvenile Minch herring was continued whenever samples were available to obtain further information to quantify the proportion of recruitment from Bløden and other nursery areas at each age to the Minch. In addition juvenile herring samples from the North Sea were examined for tag parasites in order to check for changes in infection rates which may have occurred over the period of several years since these were last investigated.

Histological work was continued to investigate the maturation stages of adult Clyde herring as a further aid to racial classification.

SPRAT SAMPLING

Area	Season	No. of samples		No. of fish	
		Research vessel	Market	Measured	Aged
IVa	January-March	22	8	3502	375
	April-June	-	-	-	-
	July-September	-	-	-	-
	October-December	4	-	976	64
IVb	January-March	32	10	7120	592
	April-June	-	-	-	-
	July-September	-	-	-	-
	October-December	23	5	5057	324
VIa	January-March	-	1	337	37
	April-June	-	-	-	-
	July-September	-	-	-	-
	October-December	26	19	9159	555

Research Vessel Surveys

<u>Area</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Objective</u>
Western North Sea	January	Acoustic and trawling survey
Western North Sea	November	Acoustic and trawling survey

BLUE WHITINGSAMPLING

Area	Season	Type of fish	No. of samples		No. of fish	No. of fish
			Research vessel	Market	measured	aged
Faroe (Vb)	Apr-Jun	Adults	-	1	226	119
West of Scotland (VIIa)	Apr-Jun	Spawners/ adults	6	5	3520	1102
Rockall (VIIb)	Apr-Jun	Spawners/ adults	2	-	775	217

RESEARCH VESSEL SURVEYS

<u>Area</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Objectives</u>
Continental slope west of Scotland and Rockall	2-22 April 1980	Acoustic and trawling survey

Additional information on sex, maturity, individual weight, parasitic infection and stomach contents was also collected.

Investigations into the methodology and interpretative aspects of age determination were continued.

SPURDOG Squalus acanthias

SAMPLING

Area	Season	Type of fish	No. of samples		No. of fish measured
			Research vessel	Market	
IVa/b	all	all	92	40	5454
VIa	1-4	all	21	67	9386

TAGGING

Area	Season	Type of tags	No. tagged	Type of fish	Recoveries
VIa	Oct-Dec	Petersen Discs + Flags	1020	all	1

RESEARCH VESSEL SURVEYS

<u>Area</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Objectives</u>
VIa	28/11 - 18/12/30	Trawling survey

OTHER RESEARCH ACTIVITIES

Stomach contents analyses, maturity and fecundity data were obtained.

MACKEREL SAMPLING

Area	Season	No of Samples		No of fish		Type of fish
		Research vessel	Market	meas.	aged	
IVa Northern North Sea	Jan-Mar	-	3	56	56	Adult
	Apr-June	1	2	195	138	Adult
	July-Sept	52	12	2428	891	Adult
	Oct-Dec	-	1	86	-	Adult
IVb Central North Sea	Jan-Mar	3	-	4	-	Immature
	Apr-June	-	1	121	76	Adult
	July-Sept	4	8	670	275	Adult
	Oct-Dec	-	2	211	60	Adult
VIa West of Scotland	Jan-Mar	10	2	132	91	Adult
	Apr-June	-	1	83	-	Adult
	July-Sept	29	58	5049	1272	Adult
	Oct-Dec	8	25	2253	515	Adult
VIIb,c West of Ireland	Apr-June	1	-	91	79	Adult
VIIc,d South of Ireland	Apr-June	4	-	48	47	Adult

TAGGING

Area	Season	Type of Tag	No tagged	Type of Fish	Recoveries
Minch	July-Sept	Flag	100	adult	1

RESEARCH VESSEL SURVEYS

<u>Area</u>	<u>Season</u>	<u>Objectives</u>
West of Ireland to Bay of Biscay	Mar	Egg Survey
West of Ireland to Bay of Biscay	May-June	Egg Survey
Minch, Scottish North Coast	Aug-Sept	Acoustic Survey

OTHER RESEARCH ACTIVITIES

During discard investigations of the Cornish fishery (ICES Areas VII e, f) in January 1980, 4265 fish were measured.

USA

(Richard C. Hennemuth
Edward D. Houde)

Herring

The Northeast Fisheries Center assessed the status of the Atlantic herring stocks (Gulf of Maine and Georges Bank) with results serving as input to fishery management plans.

A remote aerial surveillance program designed to locate schools of migrating herring was conducted by Zapata Corporation during April-May in the Gulf of Maine and on Georges Bank.

A bottom-trawl survey was conducted during September by the USSR R/V VIANDRA on Georges Bank to locate concentrations of spawning herring.

Herring gonads were collected from the Gulf of Maine stock for a new fecundity study.

Herring tagging was conducted in coastal Maine waters by the State of Maine Department of Marine Resources.

In the eastern Gulf of Mexico, age, growth, and mortality of coastal herrings were studied by E. D. Houde and S. A. Berkeley, University of Maryland and University of Miami. Objectives are to estimate growth and mortality of several species, including Sardinella anchovia, Opisthonema oglinum, and Decapterus punctatus, from which yield models will be developed to estimate potential of these fishes to sustain major directed fishing effort.

Mackerel

The Northeast Fisheries Center provided an updated assessment of the status of the Atlantic mackerel stock (Cape Hatteras to Newfoundland) for use in the amended fishery management plan for 1981-82.

Length and age samples were collected from the Spring 1980 recreational fishery for mackerel in the New Jersey - New York area. Commercial, recreational, and research samples of mackerel otoliths were aged for use in the assessment.

Bluefish

The Northeast Fisheries Center updated an earlier assessment of the status of bluefish along the Atlantic coast of the US for use in preparing a fishery management plan for the species. The assessment included an estimate of maximum sustained yield determined from a generalized stock-production model.

Butterfish

The Northeast Fisheries Center produced an update on the status of butterfish for use in amending the fishery management plan for 1981-82.

Sharks

The Northeast Fisheries Center completed an analysis which attempted to estimate the maximum sustained yield of pelagic sharks in the Western North Atlantic and the Gulf of Mexico based on international reported and estimated catches and from a wide variety of fisheries by-catches and catch-per-unit effort from the Japanese tuna longline fishery. The results from this analysis provided input to existing and proposed fishery management plans for sharks.

In 1980, 5,236 sharks representing 34 species were tagged and released under the National Marine Fisheries Service cooperative shark-tagging program. In addition, 253 teleosts of 11 species were tagged. Volunteer taggers accounted for 95% of the releases.

Research cruises were conducted aboard two foreign vessels (R/V WIECZNO from Gdynia, Poland, and JANE R from Lockeport, Nova Scotia) and two US vessels (BIRD OF PASSAGE from Woods Hole, Massachusetts, and DOMINA LEE from Highlands, New Jersey). Areas of operation during the cooperative foreign cruises in March and August extended from the offings of Daytona Beach, Florida, northward along the edge of the continental shelf to Hydrographer Canyon on the southern margin of Georges Bank. The purpose of the cruises was to tag sharks and other large gamefish for migration studies and to collect biological data for life history studies of sharks and swordfish. The primary fishing method was pelagic longlines except aboard the BIRD OF PASSAGE where chumming, handlines, and harpoons were employed. All fish captured were tagged (287) or taken on board for studies of shark food habits, age and growth, and reproduction. Reproductive information was collected from a total of 54 sharks. A prime objective of the BIRD OF PASSAGE cruise was to study the digestion rate in the blue shark with the use of sonic telemetry. The work was done in cooperation with Dr. Frank Carey of the Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution. The sonic tracking experiments provided first quantitative information on blue shark feeding rates under natural conditions. To date, 523 stomach samples have been analyzed by area (inshore, less than 50 fathoms; offshore, greater than 50 fathoms) and for sexual differences with respect to the type and amount of food they contained.

Swordfish

Age determination and ecology of South Carolina swordfish were investigated by J. M. Dean and C. Wilson, University of South Carolina, to describe otoliths and determine the age of all life stages of swordfish, and to correlate such estimates with those obtained using fin spines. In addition, biological data on diet, reproductive states, and fecundity are being collected.

The fishery and biology of broadbill swordfish were investigated by E. D. Houde, S. A. Berkeley, D. P. deSilva, E. Irby, and J. Jolley, University of Miami and Florida Department of Natural Resources, to assess the stock, investigate its biology, and make management recommendations based on collection of catch-effort statistics and biological data.

Bluefin tuna

Bluefin tuna fishery-oceanography in the Gulf of Mexico and western North Atlantic were investigated by F. Williams, University of Miami, to determine how tuna availability varies as a function of ocean productivity by using both satellite remote sensing and ground truth data.

Sailfish

The Florida sailfish, Istiophorus platypterus, fishery was monitored by E. Irby, Florida Department of Natural Resources, with the objective to assess stock abundance and the fishery through long-term monitoring of catch and effort.

Striped bass

An assessment of larval stocks of striped bass in the Potomac estuary was undertaken by F. D. Martin and E. Setzler-Hamilton, University of Maryland, with the objective to estimate larval abundance and correlate it with distribution and abundance of larval food and predators.

King mackerel

Migrations and stock identification of king mackerel, Scomberomorus cavalla, were studied by R. Williams and C. Godcharles, Florida Department of Natural Resources. Objectives are to determine seasonal migration patterns and to attempt stock identification through tagging studies. The stock was studied by H. Arnold of the same Department, with the objective to use electrophoresis in an isozyme analysis to distinguish stocks from the southeastern US and Gulf of Mexico.

Round scad

The life history of round scad, Decapterus punctatus, in the South Atlantic Bight was studied by S. Hales, College of Charleston, South Carolina. The objectives are to: (1) determine distribution and abundance based on trawl catch data, (2) estimate ages and growth rates from otoliths, (3) determine food habits, and (4) investigate reproductive biology.

Ecosystem Dynamics and Food Chain Projects

Further refinements were made in the energy budget for Georges Bank, particularly for zooplankton production estimates; and comparisons of production at all trophic levels were made between Georges Bank, the North Sea, and the Nova Scotian Shelf. Work continued on developing estimates of size-related prey selection and food consumption in fishes on Georges Bank, and progress to date was summarized in several documents presented at the 1980 ICES meeting. Daily rations were estimated for silver hake and cod, using a model based on an exponential digestion process, with results falling between upper and lower theoretical limits of food consumption for these species. These data were used in preliminary testing of a multispecies model designed to explore the importance of predation on recruitment fluctuations in multispecies fish communities.

A monograph was completed on the ecology of fishes in the Middle Atlantic Bight (Cape Hatteras to Cape Cod), including life history synopses of 43 species of fish and shellfish, a brief zoogeographic description of the finfish community, and an overview of the changes in fish populations in relation to fishing, temperature trends, and pollution.

Pelagic fish in general

The Miami Laboratory, Southeast Fisheries Center, conducted an ichthyoplankton cruise in the Gulf of Mexico from February 25 to March 27, 1980. The purpose of the cruise was to collect tuna, scombroid, and other important commercial and recreational fish larvae for studies on development, abundance, and distribution. The material was collected using bongo and neuston nets from R/V OREGON II. The ichthyoplankton samples were sent to the Polish Sorting Center for sorting to be completed by early 1981. A total of 102 stations were made throughout the Gulf of Mexico.

Physical oceanographic data were collected by cooperating scientists from the University of Miami. These data included continuous surface temperatures, 8 bottle hydrocasts, and secchi disk and light transmission measurements at each ichthyoplankton station. Cooperating scientists from Texas A&M University studied primary productivity and measured chlorophyll-a,b,c, suspended solids, phytoplankton, and nutrients.

Additional Southeast Fisheries Center research included a large-scale tagging experiment conducted on bluefin tuna juveniles off the northeastern coast of the US in June. The purpose of this study is to obtain population parameters necessary for assessment studies. Cooperative tagging studies of billfish continued in 1980.

Comparison of the bioenergetics of feeding in two plankton-feeding fishes, menhaden, *B. tyrannus*, and herring, *Clupea harengus*, was undertaken by Ann and Edward Durbin, University of Rhode Island, to determine how filter-feeding planktivores (menhaden) differ from particle-selectors (herring) in relation to food use and efficiencies.

An estimation of early life history vital parameters of marine fishes, and development of larval mortality models, was undertaken by S. Sails, University of Rhode Island.

An assessment of the population dynamics of important commercial or recreational fish of Chesapeake Bay is being carried out by B. J. Rothschild, University of Maryland, using catch-and-effort statistics to obtain preliminary stock assessments of several species, including striped bass, bluefish, river herring, American shad, and white perch.

A comparison of larval food and condition among striped bass, white perch, and Clupeidae spp. in the Potomac estuary is being made by E. Setzler-Hamilton, F. D. Martin, G. E. Drewry, and J. A. Mihursky, University of Maryland, to determine larval food habits, compare them among species, assess larval condition, and relate it to abundance of zooplankton used as food.

Forecasting commercial finfish landings and crab catch from Maryland estuarine waters is being done by R. E. Ulanowicz, University of Maryland, to develop algorithms that rely on environmental correlates to predict the magnitudes of annual catches of several species, including striped bass, alewife, bluefish, butterfish, menhaden, scup, American shad, gizzard shad, and white perch.

In North Carolina, as part of the Anadromous Fisheries Management Program, M. Street is coordinating: (1) stock assessment of alosids in Albermarle and

Pamlico Sounds: (2) stock assessment of striped bass in Albermarle and Pamlico Sounds and the Cape Fear River; (3) offshore assessment (trawling surveys) of all anadromous species, from Cape Lookout to Chesapeake Bay; and (4) experimental stocking of striped bass to increase population size. All of these programs are carried out with field sampling, juvenile abundance indices, commercial catch statistics, and biological data on the catch composition.

The relationship of upwelling events to spawning by pelagic fishes is being investigated by T. Targett, Skidaway Institute of Oceanography. Objectives are to use satellite remote sensing and ground truth data to assess primary production, zooplankton production, and larval abundance, and to infer how spawning by fishes, particularly menhaden and bluefish, is linked to oceanographic events.

Temporal and areal distribution of scombrid larvae in the Florida Straits was investigated by K. Burns, Florida Department of Natural Resources, to determine seasonal spawning activity by tunas and mackerels in relation to oceanographic factors.

The role of Mississippi Sound in recruitment of commercial and recreational fish stocks was investigated by S. Richardson, University of Mississippi, Gulf Coast Research Laboratory, to assess potential recruitment of many species by monthly larval abundance surveys.

USSR

(A.A. Elizarov)

In 1980 the specialists of the PIRO Laboratory of pelagic fish continued their investigations on biology of the Norwegian Sea herring and blue whiting, the Barents Sea capelin, polar cod and arctic herring and also capelin of the north-west Atlantic.

Fish stocks conditions, distribution peculiarities, factors and conditions favouring the formation of commercial fish concentrations were studied on the base of analysis of stocks age-length composition, results of observations, stocks survey data obtained during the research vessels "Poisk", "Gemma", "Academician Knipovich" and "Nikolay Kononov" cruises.

In May-June a combined oceanographic survey in the Norwegian and Greenland Seas was carried out by the specialists of the laboratory in cooperation with scientists from Iceland. In April-May the assessment of blue whiting stocks was carried out by the R/V "Poisk" in the area north-west from the Faroe Islands.

In August-September the O-group survey of the Barents Sea and Spitsbergen area, commercial fishes was undertaken jointly with the Norwegian scientists; in September capelin stock assessment was made.

Table
Material on pelagic fish collected in 1980

HERRING								
ICES Div.	Season : month	Type of fish	Number of samples		Number of fish of mixed origin	Number of fish for special analysis	Number of fish for analysis	
			on vessels	on market				
I	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
I	I	I Adult	I	20	2			
		II Adult	I	748	3			
		III Pre-spawn.	6	7090	27			
			Σ	8	7858	32		
	II	IY Adult	8	8553	286			
		Y Pre-spawn.	16	5210	193			
		YI Pre-spawn.	-	24	-			
			Σ	24	13787	479		
	III	YIII Post-spawn.			1088			
		Σ			1088			
	IV	X Post-spawn.			677			
		XI Adult			2901			
		XII Adult			260			
		Σ			3838			
		Total		32	26571	511		
II ^a	I	III Post-spawn.	7		19	19		

CAPLIN							
I	I	I Pre-spawn.	8	11656	375		
		II Pre-spawn.	6	14104	600		
		III Spawning	7	15979	700		
		Σ	21	41739	1675		
	II	IY Spawning	5	1750	450		
		Y Adult	2	457	50		
		YI Adult	3	2158	150		
		Σ	10	4365	650		
	III	YIII Adult	4	5587	400		
		IX Adult	5	9936	309		
Σ		9	15523	709			

2

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
I	IV	X	Adult			2631		
		XI	Immature			5481		
		XII	Immature			18228		
		Σ				26340		
	Total			40		97967	3034	
	II	VI	Adult			333		
		Σ				333		
II b	III	VII	Adult			316		
		VIII	Adult	3		16350	300	
		IX	Adult	7		10253	600	
		Σ		10		26919	900	
	IV	X	Adult	4		16508	400	
		XI	Immature	2		6003	200	
		XII	Immature			5240		
		Σ		6		27748	600	
	Total			16		55000	1500	
FOLAR COD								
I	I	I	Immature			2847		
		II	Immature			2030		
		III	Adult			360		
		Σ				5237		
II	II	IV	Adult	1		1187	100	
		V	Adult	1		389	100	
		VI	Adult			121		
		Σ		2		1697	200	
III	III	VIII	Adult	1		2013	100	
		IX	Adult	4		2277	350	
		Σ		5		4290	450	
		IV	X	Adult	2		3981	150
	IV	XI	Pre-spawn.	3		22517	300	
		XII	Pre-spawn.	1		15940	100	
		Σ		6		42438	550	
		Total			13		53662	1200
IIb	II	V	Adult			128		
		Σ				128		

I	i	2	:	3	:	4	:	5	:	6	:	7	:	8	:
II b	III	YII	Adult							297					
		IX	Adult			5				3598		450			
		Σ				5				3895		450			
	IY	X	Adult			1				3247		100			
		Σ				1				3247		100			
Total						6				7142		550			

BLUE WHITING

I	III	I	Adult							980					
		II	Adult							2571					
		III	Adult			4				13737		206			
		Σ				4				17288		206			
II	IY	Y	Adult			10				13405		699			
		YI	Adult			6				16068		525			
		YI	Adult			13				62969		1300			
		Σ				29				92442		2524			
IIa	III	YII	Adult			6				37536		600			
		YIII	Adult			6				25003		600			
		IX	Adult			3				13910		300			
		Σ				15				76449		1500			
IY	X	XI	Adult			2				14209		200			
		XI	Adult			1				6421		100			
		Σ				3				20630		300			
Total						51				206809		4530			
II	Y	YI	Adult			5				9690		500			
		YI	Adult			1				2940		100			
		Σ				6				12630		600			
II b	III	YIII	Adult			1				5236		100			
		IX	Adult			2				2197		200			
		Σ				3				7433		300			
Total						9				20063		900			
IYA	I	I	Pre-spawn,			1						100			
		II	Pre-spawn,			1						100			
		Total						2					200		

I	i	2	:	3	:	4	:	5	:	6	:	7	:	8	:
I	I	I	Pre-spawn,			1				6161		100			
		Σ				1				6161		100			
IYB _I	II	IY	Post-spawn,			1				818		100			
		Y								44					
Total						2				7023		200			

In 1980 five cruises to different areas of the eastern Central Atlantic were made

Area	Season	Objectives
Sierra Leone	February-March	Trawl surveys on fish abundance and acoustic surveys to determine the state of fish resources.
Guineabissau	April-May	Oceanographic investigations.
34.1.3	May-June	Biological sampling
Morocco	April-June	
34.1.3	June-August	
Morocco	August-September	
Guineabissau	May, August	
34.1.3	May-June	
Guineabissau	June-July	
Sierra Leone	November	
34.1.3	December	
Benin	November-December	
34.1.3		

A total of 862 hauls and 1085 hydrological stations was made. The data on the main commercial fish species are given in the table:

The data collected in the Eastern Central Atlantic, 1980.

Fish species	Massive measure- ments, sp.	Biological analyses, sp.	Age samples, sp.
Horse-mackerel, <i>Trachurus trachurus</i>	65234	8390	1400
Horse-mackerel, <i>Trachurus trecae</i>	28390	3890	500
Mackerel <i>Scomber colias</i>	32490	4923	350
Sardine <i>Sardina pilchardus</i>	76802	6815	1100
Sardinella <i>Sardinella aurita</i>	1270	270	-
Sardinella <i>Sardinella eba</i>	650	-	-

The minimum abundance and biomass of 4 fish species is estimated. Sardine, horse-mackerel and mackerel were predominant pelagic fish species.

