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C.M.1975/J:5
Pelagic Fish (Southern) Committee

# REPORT OF THE BLUEFIN TUNA WORKING GROUP

Observations on the Size Composition of the Bluefin Tuna Catches from 1974

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bу

H Aloncle, J Hamre, J Rodriguez-Roda and K Tiews

## 1. <u>Introduction</u>

Reference is made to previous Reports of the Bluefin Tuna Working Group (Statistical News Letters, Nos. 20, 26 and 38, to Cooperative Research Reports, Ser. A, No. 23 and to No. 40, as well as to Doc. C.M.1974/J:7).

The Members continued their work by correspondence and with other tuna research workers in the region. In the following, the data obtained for the fishing season 1974 are presented.

### 2. <u>Material</u>

Data on the size and age composition of Bluefin Tuna catches were received from the following countries: Canada (Tables 1-4), France (Table 5), Norway (Tables 6-9) and USA (Tables 10-18).

Mrs C D Burnett, Dr J F Caddy reported that Canadian landings of Bluefin Tuna by all methods in the West Atlantic amounted to 768 metric tons in 1974, a substantial decrease when compared with the previous year (1 005 metric tons). The catches by different gears varied considerably and the decline in total landings was due to major reductions in effort and catch in the purse-seine fishery off the eastern coast of the United States. This fishery only took 103 metric tons, in contrast to 635 metric tons the year before, and was well below a domestically imposed quota for 1974.

In contrast to the distant water purse-seine fishery for juveniles, the landings ofllarge Bluefin from the immediate coastal waters off Canada increased substantially. The incidental catches by mackerel traps around St. Margaret's Bay, Nova Scotia, increased by nearly 120 tons to 256 metric tons, while the sports (rod and reel) fishery attained a new record of 365 metric tons, up to 70% from the previous year.

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Incidental captures by gillnets and mackerel seines accounted for the remainder (44 metric tons) of the total landings, while some additional catches, estimated at 18 metric tons, were tagged and released.

Weights were obtained for 1 921 of the approximately 2 056 large Bluefin caught in Canadian waters during 1974 and these are presented in Tables 2 and 3. Size distributions are shown in Table 2 by area and method of capture, and that for the Prince Edward Island sports fishery is further subdivided by month of landing in Table 3.

The landing of juvenile Bluefin were sampled extensively for fork length, and the data (Table 4) show that the 1974 fishery was primarily based on age groups I, II and III.

Tagging was severely restricted in 1974, with 48 large Bluefin and no juveniles marked and released. Recoveries during the year were also limited (7) but included the recapture of a large tuna, off Prince Edward Island, that had been released five years earlier off Nova Scotia.

A preliminary attempt was made in 1974 to use acoustic telemetering devices to determine the survival of large Bluefin when released after capture on rod and reel. Three fish were tagged, and despite their apparently exhausted condition, they moved off at speed on release, soon outdistancing the tracking boat, although one fish was followed for about three hours.

Dr O Bagge reported that only 1 Bluefin Tuna (= 378 kg) has been caught in September 1974 between Anholt and Læsø off the Swedish coast by Danish fishermen.

The French data were submitted by Dr H Aloncle (Table 5).

According to Mr S Myklevoll, the total Norwegian catch of Bluefin Tuna (<u>Thunnus thynnus</u>) in 1974 was 2 286 fish. Weight frequency distribution (per mille) by week and total is given in Table 6. The catch consists of very large Bluefin Tuna only, with individual weights ranging from 165 to 370 kilos gutted weight and a mean weight of 264 kgs, corresponding to 340 kgs live weight. Catch distribution by weeks throughout the season is given in Table 7.

Fish were more abundant this year than for quite some time. Unfortunately, difficulties with sales and lack of cold storage capacity led to several fishing stops (2-3 days each time) throughout the season. Therefore the catch of 1974 is not representative of the availability of Bluefin this year and cannot be compared with the foregoing years in this respect. The catch would no doubt have been somewhat bigger with no restrictions. The variation in weekly catches is also partly due to weather conditions.

The bulk of the catch was, like in the previous year, taken in a limited area close to the coast west of Bergen, with only a handful of fish taken at a little distance to the north and south. No fish is reported from northern Norway or the Skagerak.

Some weight/length relation data: 71 fish out of a catch of 116 were collected in the last week of the season. A condition factor (K) of 2.15 was calculated. The mean weight  $(\bar{w}')$  of the sample (274 kgs) lies close to that week's mean (275 kgs). The mean length (I') of the sample is 180 cm. If we consider this length as representative for the total catch, we can estimate the increasing K by weeks through the season over the weekly mean weights (Table 8). Weekly mean

weights indicate an individual body weight gain of about 35 kgs, which seems reasonable (Figure 1).

The length frequency distribution has been calculated from the weight data, and the length frequency distribution of the 71 fish measured in the last week of the season is plotted (Table 9/Figure 2).

Vertebrae from 9 fish have been collected. Age reading is difficult in old fish, and therfore no exact age can be given at this moment (if ever). Ages from about 12 to 20 years were found, but the samples will be studied more closely later.

One American-tagged Bluefin Tuna has been recaptured this season. The release and recovery data are: Cat Bay, Bahamas, 8 June 1973; 59°52'N 5°00'E (WSW of Bergen), 12 September 1974.

Dr Rodriguez-Roda reported that in 1974 only one single madrague at La Linea ("La Atunara") was in operation, having had a total Bluefin Tuna catch of 37 fish with a mean weight of 230 kgs and a total weight of 8 510 kgs. Apart from these,268 000 specimens of Auxis thazard (= 300 000 kgs) were caught.

The length frequency and tag return data for the US Bluefin Tuna fishery in the Northwest Atlantic were submitted by Dr Grant L Beardsley from the Atlantic Bluefin Tuna Program of the Southeast Fisheries Center - Miami Laboratory.

The total of US Bluefin Tuna catch was 1 338 metric tons in 1974. He reported that there may be a significant amount of giant Bluefin being harvested by foreign trawlers in the northwest Atlantic which catch them on handline after they are chummed to the stern of the vessel during the haulback of the trawl.

Mr Frank Mather III reported that in 1974 only two traps were set in the Ibero-Moroccan Bay, i.e. at Cape Spartel and Garifa, both in Morocco, and that they did not catch a single Bluefin.

Likewise, the catches of the Mediterranean traps were disastrous, with the exception of Favignana, which maintains a respectable average. On the other hand, Japanese longliners have caught a considerable tonnage of large Bluefin in the Mediterranean and its approaches. The time-area distribution of the Japanese catches fits very well with the theory of a migration into the Mediterranean for spawning, and then the Atlantic after spawning. The Japanese longliners also fish in the Bay of Biscay for Bluefin last summer, reportedly forcing the local fleet to greatly decrease its effort in the latter part of the season.

#### 3. Results

1. In 1974, the Spanish madrague fishery on Bluefin Tuna came practically to an end. Only one single madrague was in operation having brought a total Bluefin Tuna catch of 37 fish (= 8.5 tons) only.

2. Contrary to this, the Norwegian Bluefin Tuna catch recovered and was the largest since 1968. 2 286 fish were caught, although due to difficulties with sales and lack of cold storage capacity, the fishery had to be interrupted for several times.

- 3. The Bluefin Tuna catches of the Canadian commercial fishery declined mainly because of major reductions in effort in the purse seine fishery off the eastern coast of the USA. In contrast to the distant-water purse-seine fishery for juveniles, the landings of large Bluefin from the immediate coastal waters off Canada increased substantially. The total Canadian catch figure declined to 768 tons (1973 = 1 005 tons).
- 4. The Norwegian Bluefin Tuna catches were of the same size composition as in the previous 8 years. While in 1973 the size composition of the giant Bluefin Tuna catches on the USA coast was essentially similar to that of the Norwegian catches, it differed slightly in 1974. The mode of the length distribution curve of the US giant Tuna is at a length which is about 10 cm larger than that of the Norwegian fish (Figure 3). In order to demonstrate this, the length composition of the fish above 200 cm were separately compiled from the data given in Table 10 (Table 11). Contrary to this, the fish of the Canadian catches of large Tuna were slightly smaller than those of the Norwegian catches (Figure 4).
- The US and Canadian purse-seine catches of juvenile Tuna were again mainly composed of three successive year classes, among which one year old fish were most abundant, the one year old fish being strongest in the catches.

# 4. References

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Table 1. Canadian catches of Bluefin Tuna from the Atlantic Ocean, 1962-74.

(Nominal catch in metric tons, live weight)

2.0%	2	Laı	ndings	
Year	Traps and Longlines	Purse seines	Total commercial	Sports*
1962	137	_	137	40
1963	229	323	552	90
1964	318	579	897	99
1965	175	461	636	90
1966	211	-	211	102
1967	298	-	298	58
1968	253	-	253	180
1969	407	-	407	170
1970	275	1 161	1 436	151
1971	68	935	1 003	128
1972	36	202	238	261
1973	160	639	799	215
1974	300	103	403	365

<sup>\*</sup> Prior to 1974 tagged and/or released fish are included in the Sports totals, 1974 releases estimated at 18 tons.

Table 2. Size composition (live weight per mille by 10 kg unit) of large Bluefin Tuna captured in three localities along the Canadian Atlantic coast in 1974.

Size	P	a E . I .	Nfld.		Scotia	
class (kg)	Inci	dental	Cnow+	Commorcial	Sport	Total smoothed
70 80 90 100 110 120 130 140 150 160 170 200 210 220 240 250 260 270 280 290 300 310 320 340 350 360 370 390 400 420 430 440 440 450 460	Gear 8 8 8 - 33 8 49 33 49 140 49 57 107 466 666 41 256 8 -	Sport 2 2 32 10 6 4 1 3 4 5 7 6 8 9 1 9 7 5 5 5 1 2 6 3 4 1 3 1	33 67 33 67 133 133 133 67 200 100	Commercial  1	Sport  40 40 40 40 80 80 80 - 200 200 - 40 40 - 40 - 40 - 40 - 40	1 2 5 2 1 2 9 6 5 5 5 5 1 1 2 3 3 5 4 8 7 5 4 7 9 5 0 2 1 1 0 8 4 2 2 2
470 Total	8 1 000	1 000	1 000	1 000	1 000	1 000
Number	122	903	30	841	25	1 921
Average Weight (kg)	357	338	294	297	351	

Size class 70 kg = 70.0 - 79.9.

Table 3. Size composition of large Bluefin Tuna caught by rod and reel off Prince Edward Island during four consecutive months of the 1974 season (live weight per mille by 10 kg unit).

	JU	T.Y	AU	GUST	SEP	TEMBER	OCTO	BER
	No. of fish	%0	No. of fish	1/10	No. of fish	<b>‰</b>	No. of fish	%00
70 80  200 210 220 230 240 250 260 270 280 290 300 310 320 340 350 360 370 380 400 410 420 430 440 450 460 470	21980621933424950575134211	741856268059218484014744	1 - 1 3 5 18 16 24 24 28 34 20 18 9 6 2 31 - 1	4-4017636184899503821704-4	2 1 2 - 1 1 3 3 9 8 7 9 5 5 8 6 4 0 2 7 3 0 3 6 3 - 1	8 4 8 - 4 4 12 13 3 16 7 9 7 7 6 2 3 8 5 0 9 2 3 2 1 - 4	2 - 2 5 4 6 7 7 1 0 9 8 5 4 3 1 - 1	27 27 67 53 80 93 133 120 107 67 53 40 13
Total No.		L 000	285	1 000	257	1 000	75	1 000
of Fish Average Weight (kg)	286 315		331		358		372	

Size class 70 kg = 70.0 - 79.9

Table 4. Size composition of small Bluefin Tuna taken off the U.S. coast by Canadian purse-seine vessels in 1974.

		<u> </u>
Size Class (cm)	Number of Fish	1/00
45 50 55 60 65 70 75 80 85 90 95 100 105 110 125 130 135 140 145 150 155 160 165 170 175 180 185 190	11 638 102 2 3 199 299 40 144 277 53 4 1 6 11 16 7 3 4 4 9 6 4 2 2	6 345 51 207 162 28 159 22 1 136 8 4 2 2 2 2 5 3 2 1 1
Total	1 848	1 000

Size category 45 = 45.0 - 49.9 (fork length caliper)

Table 5. French Bluefin Tuna catches in 1974 from St. Jean-de-Luz (France) in kg.

	Tota	l Weight
Date	Fish below 30 kg	Fish above 30 kg
6 Jun 12 Jun. 1974	1 437	
13 Jun 19 Jun.	18 556	
20 Jun 26 Jun.	70 786	
27 Jun 3 Jul.	65 253 .	
4 Jul 10 Jul.	52 450	ı.
11 Jul 17 Jul.	28 674	
18 Jul 24 Jul.	79 513	
25 Jul 31 Jul.	36 599	18 206
l Aug 7 Aug.	22 274	6 840
8 Aug 14 Aug.	9 903	
15 Aug 21 Aug.	35 099	
22 Aug 28 Aug.	54 808	
29 Aug 4 Sep.	872	
5 Sep 11 Sep.	15 989	
12 Sep 18 Sep.	19 923	
19 Sep 25 Sep.	7 169	
26 Sep 2 Oct.	2 063	
Total	496 322	25 046

Table 6. Size composition (kg) of Norwegian Bluefin Tuna catches south of 62°N by smoothed weight frequency (%) in 1974.

· ·	rekense franskrivski de Statistick om gibbolske de Stevenson (1900).		The state of the s		Trick (2003) (1995) is miss in incoming space of consequence (2004) (2004) (2004)				
Group 1	Means			Week 1	Numbers				
w,1)	<sub>w</sub> 2)	30	31	32	33	34	35	37	Total
167 172 177 187 197 207 217 227 237 247 257 267 277 287 297 307 317 327 337 347 357 367 n	2151841730639962851841730639628518417306396285184173063962851841730639628518417306396285184173063962851841730639518417306396285184173063951841730639628518417306395184173063951841730639518410730639518417306518417306518417451841841841841841841841841841841841841841	125 250 125 		13468525796517482662379266549261119862	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 3 8 4 4 6 1 2 2 3 3 3 4 5 7 7 7 7 6 6 6 5 5 4 4 3 3 2 2 1 1 8 8 7 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7	59389-377755275510551657239557		1211137927496508809866554362221 754221 7542221	- 1x123691603005335535527371703753974321x1x 286
M ₁ M ₁		457 228.5	13597 261.5	60325 251.4	134919 253.1	15049 264.0	171083 264.4	207514 274.9	602944 263.8

<sup>1) =</sup> w! = weight of gutted fish without head

<sup>2) =</sup> w = weight of ungutted fish ( $w = w^* \times 1.285$ )

Table 7. Norwegian catch distribution by weeks, variation in catch size and mean catch.

Week No.	No. of catches	Total	No. of fish Variation	Mean catch
30	1	2	2	22
31	3	52	1-36	17.3
32	10	240	1-42	24
33	11	533	9-97	48.5
34	3	57	11-33	19
35	21	647	4-85	30.8
36	0	0	-	
37	10	755	29-159	75.5
Total	59	2 286	1-159	38•7

Table 8. Calculated condition factor (K) for Norwegian Bluefin Tuna catches.

Week No.	W <sup>†</sup>	1'	K
30	228.5	180	1.80
31	261.5	180	2.06
32	251.4	180	1.97
33	253.1	180	1,98
34	264.0	180	2.07
35	264.4	180	2.07
37	274•9	180	2.15
Mean	263.8	180	2.07

Table 9. Calculated length frequency distribution (per mille) for Norwegian Bluefin Tuna catches from weight data and length frequency distribution of 71 fish measured.

Length Group	Smoothed weight frequence	y (per mille)
L in cm	Calculated by K = 2.07	71 fish measured
217	1	
222	3	
227	9	
232	22	7
237	51	42
242	103	99
247	160	183
252	189	226
257	178	166
262	140	116
267	87	91
272	41	53
277	14	18
282	3	
287	1	

Table 10. Monthly size composition of U.S. Bluefin
Tuna catches in % (smoothed) (fork length by caliper)
for 1974.

10r 19/4.									
Fork Length	July	August	September	October	Total				
41 - 45 46 - 50 51 - 65 61 - 65 61 - 75 76 - 80 81 - 85 86 - 90 91 - 105 106 - 110 111 - 125 116 - 125 126 - 130 131 - 145 126 - 155 136 - 140 131 - 145 146 - 150 151 - 165 161 - 165 161 - 165 161 - 165 161 - 165 161 - 190 171 - 180 191 - 200 201 - 205 206 - 210 221 - 225 226 - 230 231 - 245 226 - 275 226 - 290 231 - 295 231 - 295 296 - 300 301 - 305	8 104 197 110 11 15 126 196 192 	-3664212668795405132242124211121111116836	- 1 124 320 273 72 136 22 17 39 17 21 		377162227773459347349665311				
11	20 021				-				

Table 11. Monthly size composition of U.S. Bluefin Tuna catches above 200 cm (comp. Table 10) in % (smoothed) (fork length by caliper) for 1974.

Fork Length	Jun.	Jul.	Aug.	Sep.	Oct.	Nov.	Total
195-199 200-204 205-209 210-214 215-219 220-224 225-229 230-234 235-239 240-244 245-249 250-254 25 -269 270-274 275-279 280-284 285-289 290-294 295-299 300-304 305-309	- 16 31 32 47 47 47 94 109 1256 31 16 - - -	- - 2 52 57 9 144 158 1370 62 7 2 1 - - -	4 8 9 9 16 34 123 119 145 137 9 18 7 2	1 4 7 10 11 9 10 15 29 59 103 141 171 167 120 72 36 11 2 1	- 2 7 12 14 9 2 9 35 70 117 172 198 159 49 29 12 6 5 2	- 15 44 44 15 - 15 30 59 103 118 118 103 73 73 102 73 15 -	1 3 5 7 10 12 18 31 54 81 99 117 137 143 123 80 44 23 8 2 1
n	16	465	234	639	107	17	1 478

Table 12.

1974 recaptures of Giant (120 kg) Bluefin Tuna.

Released by cooperators of the Woods Hole Oceanographic
Institution's Game Fish Tagging Program (WHOI) and the
National Marine Fisheries Service's Marine Research
Tagging Program (NMFS)

	RELEASE		RECAPTURE			
Date	Area	Gear	Date	Area	Gear	
8 Jun. 1973 22 Jul.1974 18 Aug.1970 14 Aug.1970 22 Jul.1974 27 Jul.1973 8 Jun.1973 22 Jul.1974	Bahamas New England Newfld. Newfld. New England New England Bahamas New England	Rod & Reel Free tagged Rod & Reel	26 Jul.1974	New England New England Nova Scotia New England New England New England Norway New England	Handline(WHOI) Rod & Reel(WHOI) Harpconed(WHOI) Handline(WHOI) Rod & Reel(WHOI) Rod & Reel(NMFS) Seine (WHOI) Rod & Reel(WHOI)	

x) Tag shed, but fish identified by taggers on basis of deformed fin and an open wound on lateral line where they had noted the tag had been placed. This recapture may be considered as highly probable, if not certain.

Table 13. Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution - Cooperative Game Fish
Tagging Program. - Releases and returns for giant (over 120 kg)
Bluefin Tuna tagged in Newfoundland waters, by year of release,
months at large, and area of recapture.

		Returns						
Year	Releases	Months at large						Total
		0-5.9	6.0-17.9	18.0-29.9	30.0-41.9	42.0-53.9	?	
1962	6	0	0	0	0	0		0
1963	7	Ö	Ô	Ô	0	Ō		0
1964	41	0	0	Ö	0	O		0
1965	47	ő	Ŏ	o l	Ö	o		0
1966	49	Ö	Ö	Ö	0	O	Í	0
1967	6	ő	Ö	Ö	0	0		0
1968	193	1 L	0	0	l L	0		2 L
1969	166	0	0	0	0	0		0
1970	79	1 L	0	0	0	l M, lN	}	3 LMN
1971	32	0	0	l M	0	-	1	lM
1972	38	0	1 G	0	name:			1 7
1973	0	0	0	-	<b>6=</b> €0	cont		0 '
1974	0	0	csus;	-	owo	_		0
	Unknown 1							

x) Areas: L = Local; M = Massachusetts; N = Nova Scotia; G = Grand Banks.

Table 14. Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution - Cooperative Game Fish Tagging Program. - Releases and returns for Giant Bluefin Tuna (over 120 kg) tagged off the Bahamas by year of release, months at large, and area<sup>XX</sup> of recapture.

		Returns						
Year	Releases	Months at large						
Statement William Community and the Statement		0-5.9	6.0-17.9	18.0-29.9	30.0-41.9	42.0-53.9		
1954	21	0	0	0	0	0	0	
1955	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	
1956	41	0	0	0	0	0	0,	
1957	O	0	0	0	0	0	0	
1958	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
1959	25	0	0	0	0	0	0	
1960	13	0	0	2 N	0	0	2 N	
1961	34	2 N	0	0	0	0	2 N	
1962	45	l N	0	0	0	0	1 N	
1963	147	0	0	1 B	0	0	18	
1964	41	0	0	0	0	0	0	
1965	55	0	0	0	0	0	0	
1966	105	0	0	0	0	l A	l l A	
1967	82	1 N	0	0	0	0	l N	
1968	57	0	0	0	0	0 ,	0	
1969	47	0	0	0	0	1 B	1 B	
1970	182	1 A	0	0	0	0	l A	
1971	49	0	0	l A	0	•••	l A	
1972	32	0	1 N	0	-	- Carrier	1 N	
1973	47	0	1 A, 1 N	-	-	ST#10	2 AN	
1974	31	0	tweet					

xx) Areas: A = Northeastern North America; B = Brazil and Argentina; N = Norway.

Table 15. Releases and returns for giant (over 122 kg) Bluefin Tuna tagged in New England coastal waters, by years of release and recapture. Returns expressed in numbers (numerators) and percent of releases (denominators), were all from New England waters.

Releases		Returns, by year of recapture									
Year	Number	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974 <sup>a</sup>	Total
1966	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	300	0
1967	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	0
1968	6	emc	640	0	0	1/16.7	0	0	0	_	1/16.7
1969	1	sent)	***	<b>300</b> 02	0	0	0	0	0	_	0
1 00	4	0=0	-	<del>(20</del> )	-	0	0	0	0	-	0
1971	10	OHEST)	<b></b> c		50=0	-	0	0	1/10.0		1/10.0
1972	17			ema:	CORRECT	awa	-	1/5.9	1/5.9	see:	2/11.8
1973 <sup>b</sup>	15			eua	<b>00</b> 23	360	-	_	5/33.3		6/40.0
1974 <sup>c</sup>	10	-	_		c <del>um</del> ci	ees	·		SEC.	2/20.0 <sup>d</sup>	2/20.0
Total						1		1	7	3	12

#### Footnotes:

- a) Incomplete.
- b) Includes 6 releases of, and 4 1973 returns from, fish tagged while swimming free.
- c) Includes 4 releases of, and 2 returns from, fish tagged while swimming free.
- d) Another fish, tagged in 1974 after capture by rod and reel, has very probably also been recaptured after shedding the tag. It was identified by the crew which had probably tagged it on the basis of a deformed pectoral fin, and a wound on the lateral line where the tagging data card indicated that the tag had been placed. This probable recapture occurred 8 days after the release.

Table 16. Releases and returns for Giant (over 122 kg) Bluefin
Tuna, Thunnus thynnus, tagged in New England coastal
waters, by cooperators with the Woods Hole Oceanographic
Institution and National Marine Fisheries Service fish
tagging programs.

Year		Returns by Months at Large				
released	Releases <sup>x)</sup>	0-5.9	6-17.9	18-29.9	Total	%
1966	2	_	esse.	_	(See )	
1967	0	_	_	_	_	
1968	6	_	_	1	1	16.7
1969	1		_		-	
1970	4	_	<b>~</b> ~		-	
1971	10	_	_	1	1	10.0
1972	17	1	1	<b>~</b>	2	11.8
1973	15 <sup>a</sup>	5	-	two	6 <sup>a</sup>	40.0
1974	10 <sup>b</sup>	2	_		2 <sup>b</sup>	20.0

- x) Fish were caught for tagging by rod and reel except as noted.
- a) Includes 6 releases of, and 4 1973 returns from, fish tagged while swimming free.
- b) Includes 4 releases of, and 2 1974 returns from, fish tagged while swimming free.

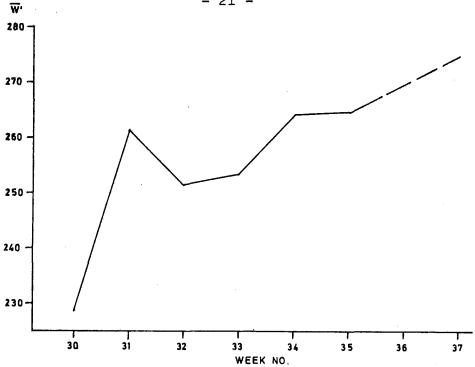
Table 17. Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution, Cooperative
Game Fish Tagging Program. - Releases of young Bluefin
Tuna in coastal waters between Cape Hatteras and Cape Cod,
by year and method of capture for tagging, and return rates
from these, based on all data received up to 1 February, 1974.

	Purs	e Seine	Rod and Reel		
Year	Releases	Return rate,%	Releases	Return rate, %	
1954	0	0	169	1.8	
1955	0	0	215	0	
000					
1957	0	0	34	2.9	
1958	0	0	38	0	
1959	0	0	25	0	
1960	0	0	15	6.7	
1961	21	0	129	5 • 4	
1962	25	0	52	7 • 7	
1963	0	0	29	31.0	
1964	455	28.2	10	30.0	
1965	1 629	15.0	43	39.5	
1966	3 772 <sup>x</sup>	29.0	187	44•9	
1967	614	29.5	14	21.4	
1968	219	47.5	41	26.8	
1969	92	17.4	244	38.1	
1970	32	25.0	426	41.5	
1971	311 <sup>x</sup>	20.6	31	48.5	
1972	127 <sup>x</sup>	30.7	66	39 • 4	
1973	264	18.5	86	11.6	
1974	1 424 <sup>x</sup>	4 • 4	277	2.9	

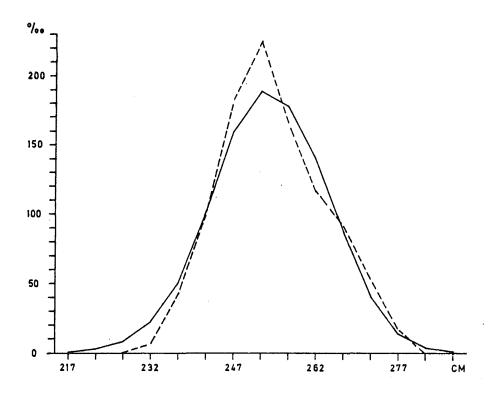
x) Includes jig releases.

Table 18. Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution, Cooperative
Game Fish Tagging Program. - Numbers of local
returns from small Bluefin Tuna released in coastal
waters between Cape Hatteras, North Carolina, and
Cape Cod, Massachusetts, and percent of returns
by method of recapture.

		Method of recapture		
Year	N	Commercial	Sport	
1954	1	100.0	0	
1955	0	О	0	
1956	0	0	. 0	
1957	1	0	100.0	
1958	0	0	0	
1959	0	0	0	
1960	1	100.0	0	
1961	7	100.0	0	
1962	4	100.0	0	
1963	9	100.0	0	
1964	131	96.2	3.8	
1965	243	88.5	11.5	
1966	1 163	84.9	15.1	
1967	184	91.3	8.7	
1968	115	87.0	13.0	
1969	109	95 • 4	4.6	
1970	185	99.5	0.5	
1971	79	93.7	6.3	
1972	65	90.8	9.2	
1973	59	96.6	3.4	
1974	71	69.0	31.0	



Body weight increase by weeks. Figure 1.



 $\underline{\textbf{Figure 2.}} \ \, \textbf{Calculated length frequency distribution}$ from weight data, and length frequency distribution of 71 fish measured (broken line).

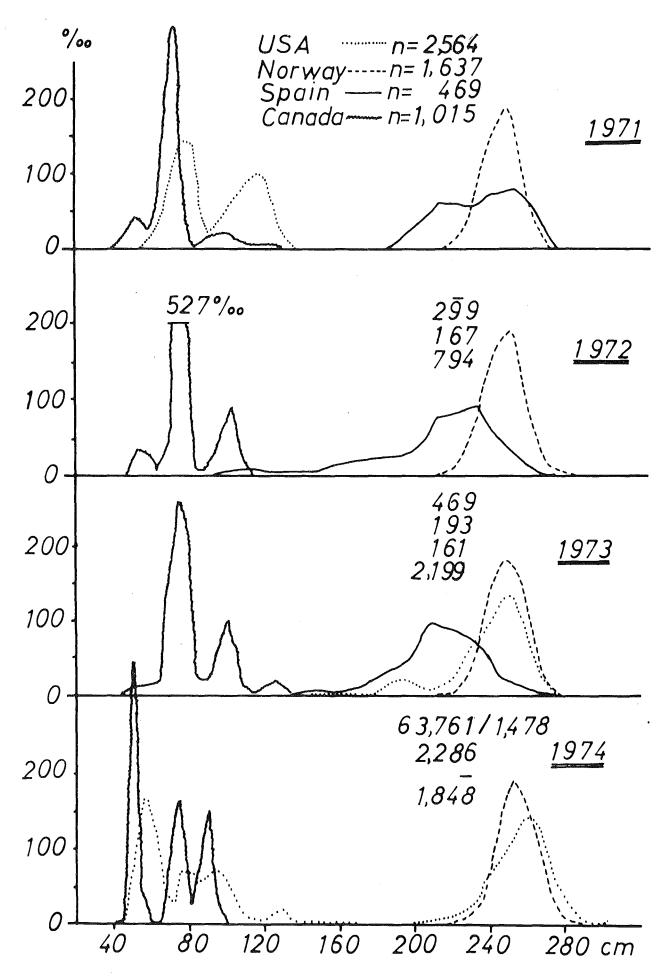


Figure 3. Size composition of Bluefin Tuna catches made in USA, Norway, Spain and Canada.

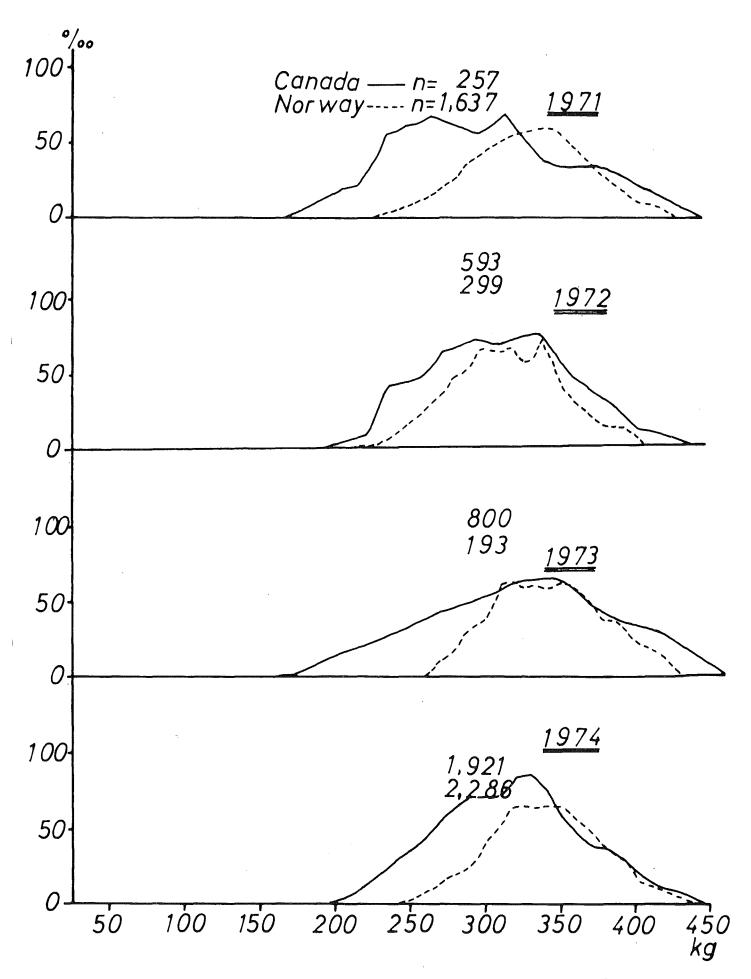


Figure 4. Weight composition of Bluefin Tuna catches made in Canada and Norway.