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# Report of the Workshop on Biological Reference Points for North East Arctic Haddock (WKHAD) 

6-10 March 2006
Svanhovd, Norway

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## 1 Opening of the meeting

The Workshop on Biological Reference Points for North East Arctic Haddock (WKHAD) was opened at Svanhovd, Norway at 09:00 6 March 2006 under the chairmanship of Knut Korsbrekke (Norway). Seven out of nine participants attended the whole meeting while the remaining two attended the workshop part time only. The Terms of Reference (Tor) for the Workshop can be found in Annex 3, while the list of participants can be found in Annex 1.

## 2 Adoption of the agenda

The adopted agenda is given in Annex 2. The adopted agenda is a shortened version of a draft agenda and important issues not addressed in detail in this workshop are:

- Discarding
- Survey catchability issues (varying degree of survey coverage due to yearclass dependent variations in geographical distribution).
- Assessment/prediction error as basis for the estimation of PA reference points (related to the two points mentioned above).
- Age reading issues
- Consequences of implementation error (transshipping of cod and haddock representing unreported landings)

Some of these issues may represent strong limitations in the ability to draw any firm conclusions from the simulation studies.

## 3 Introduction/background

At the 33rd meeting of the Joint Russian-Norwegian Fisheries Commission (JRNC) in November 2004, the following decision was made:
"The Parties agreed that the management strategies for cod and haddock should take into account the following:
conditions for high long-term yield from the stocks
achievement of year-to-year stability in TACs
full utilization of all available information on stock development
On this basis, the Parties determined the following decision rules for setting the annual fishing quota (TAC) for Northeast Arctic cod (NEA cod):
estimate the average TAC level for the coming 3 years based on $F_{p a}$. TAC for the next year will be set to this level as a starting value for the 3-year period.
the year after, the TAC calculation for the next 3 years is repeated based on the updated information about the stock development, however the TAC should not be changed by more than $+/-10 \%$ compared with the previous year's TAC.
if the spawning stock falls below $B_{p a}$, the procedure for establishing TAC should be based on a fishing mortality that is linearly reduced from $F_{p a}$ at $B_{p a}$, to $F=0$ at SSB equal to zero. At SSB-levels below $B_{p a}$ in any of the operational years (current year, a year before and 3 years of prediction) there should be no limitations on the year-toyear variations in TAC.

The Parties agreed on similar decision rules for haddock, based on $F_{p a}$ and $B_{p a}$ for haddock, and with a fluctuation in TAC from year to year of no more than $+/-25 \%$ (due to larger stock fluctuations)." 1

ICES has evaluated these decision rules for cod and a management plan based upon them is in accordance with the precautionary approach when the SSB is above $\mathbf{B}_{\mathrm{lim}}$.

The Workshop is requested to evaluate the agreed HCR in relation to the precautionary approach. The ability to evaluate the HCR is to some extent influenced by the quality of the knowledge of the stock dynamics and the ability to mimic these through simulations. The "quality" of the catch at age matrix for this stock is reflected in a somewhat "noisy" F at age pattern observed in the yearly WG assessment (ICES, 2005a). This in addition to rather "noisy" biological parameters as maturity and weight at age, triggered a revision of input data to form an improved basis for the evaluation of the HCR.

The revision of input data is described in Section 4 of this report. Section 5 is basically a rerun of the WG final XSA run using the revised input data. This was done using both the traditional XSA software ("Lowestoft VPA95.EXE") and the XSA implementation in FLR (FLXSA). Section 6 is dealing with reference points and how their estimation may be influenced by the revision of the input data. Section 7 contains the evaluation of the agreed HCR. The intention was to do the evaluation using both PROST and a more comprehensive evaluation framework (FLR implementation). The Workshop was in the short time available able to set up only a limited evaluation using PROST.

## 4 Input data (revising and reviewing)

### 4.1 Catch at age data

### 4.1.1 Introduction

Tor a) for WKHAD is "Review and revise input data used in assessing the Northeast Arctic Haddock". It was decided to limit the updating of these data to the period 1983-2004. For the period 1949-1976, the catch at age data were compiled by Tore Jakobsen, IMR, in 1996 and these data were available to WKHAD. Weight at age data for this period were, however, not available. For the years 1977-1982, at present only catch in tonnes by country, ICES areas and year are available. Age groups 1-14+ were used in the recalculation.

### 4.1.2 Data sources

Catch in tonnes, catch at age and weight at age data by ICES area and year are available from Norway, Russia, UK and Germany, although some of the countries do not provide such data for years and areas where they have small catches. The Norwegian and Russian data were revised (see below). UK and German age distributions originally reported to AFWG were used in the revision for those years where they were available to WKHAD. For other countries, catch in tonnes as officially reported to ICES have been combined with catch in tonnes as reported directly to Arctic Fisheries Working Group (AFWG).

The Norwegian catch is taken by many gears, with Danish seine, gillnet, longline and trawl being the major gears. Catches by handline, purse seine, shrimp trawl and traps are generally of minor importance. The catch by other countries is almost exclusively taken by trawl. In some years there are minor Russian catches with long-line.

[^0]
### 4.1.3 Stock definition

Northeast Arctic haddock is caught in ICES areas I, IIa and IIb. Norwegian catches of haddock in ICES area IIa south of $67^{\circ} \mathrm{N}$ has previously been treated as 'Norwegian coastal haddock', and has not been included in the assessments.

Tagging experiments with haddock released in areas statistical 00 and 05 show recapture in the same areas and in 06 and 07 (Erik Berg, IMR, pers. comm.). Spawning is occurring on the continental slope in areas 06 and 07 in addition to the well-known spawning ground on the western slopes $\left(71^{\circ} \mathrm{N}-74^{\circ} \mathrm{N}\right)$. This means that if there is a coastal haddock stock it is likely to show a large overlap with NEA haddock in geographical distribution. Since the stock definitions are based on a weak rationale, we decided to follow common ICES procedure and treat the various potential stocks as one.

## Catch in tonnes - statistical areas 06 and 07:

Table 4.1 gives the Norwegian catches in areas 07 and 07. Information for the period 19601979 is taken from ICES(1971), ICES(1975) and ICES(1998). The revised values for 19802004 are taken from Korsbrekke (2006). Note that the revised values for the years 1980-1982 have not been used to update the time series.

### 4.1.4 Revision of Norwegian data

The Norwegian data were completely revised. The revision of total catch in tonnes by gear and area is described in Korsbrekke (2006).

### 4.1.5 Revision of Norwegian catch in tonnes data

## Catch in tonnes - data sources:

The data compiled are sales slip data from the Norwegian Directorate of Fisheries together with trawler logbooks. The sales slip data are in some periods aggregated to months adding up all catches within the same statistical area using the same fishing gear. Other periods are more resolved, but with no additional information (basically a number of data lines with only weight of the catch being different). The Directorate of Fisheries has been revising their data as a more or less continuous activity for several years. There have been only negligible changes to the total amount landed, but the proportion of "Norwegian coastal haddock" has seen some minor changes. The changes may be related to the way geographical information is handled. A fishing vessel may operate in several statistical areas and the catches are allocated to the area "dominating" the catches. More detailed information on the geographical distribution of catches is available from the trawler logbooks.

## Catch in tonnes - data processing:

A limited number of landings lack the necessary gear code information. These amounts have been redistributed proportionally to gillnet, Danish seine, hand line and long line catches within year, quarter and statistical area.

A small amount of landings is not allocated to statistical areas and has in a similar manner been distributed proportionally between the statistical areas (again within year, quarter and gear category). The geographical distribution of trawl catches from logbooks has been used on the trawler landings instead of the geographical distribution given on the sales slips. The far more detailed logbooks are assumed to better reflect the geographical distribution. The redistribution is within year and quarter.

## Landings data:

The Norwegian statistical areas are shown in Figure 4.1. The areas represent a sub-division of the ICES areas I, IIa and IIb. The following table represents the correspondence between Norwegian statistical areas and ICES areas:

| ICES | Norwegian statistical areas |
| :--- | :--- |
| I | 010203101113141516171824 |
| IIa | 000405060712303739 |
| IIb | 202122232527 |

### 4.1.5.1 Revision of the Norwegian catch-at-age data

The age distributions and weight at age were calculated using the software based on the method of Hirst et al. (2005). In this method, the three different data types available are modelled simultaneously using a previously developed Bayesian hierarchical model (Hirst et al. 2004). This enables estimation of the catch-at-age with appropriate uncertainty and provides advice on how to best sample data in the future. The data types are random samples of age, length, and weight; age and weight stratified by length; and length only. The model was originally developed for cod, but has now also been applied to haddock.

The data sources are: Samples from the Amigo, the Coast Guard and the Reference fleet.
The Amigo is a research vessel hired by IMR that sails from port to port along the north Norwegian coast over a period of about 6 weeks four times a year (roughly corresponding to the four seasons). At each port, it takes a sample of about 80 fish from any boat available at the time. The length, weight and age of each fish are recorded.

In most cases, the vessels sampled by the Coast Guard are a random sample of the vessels operating within an area, but in a few cases, the inspections may be based on suspicion of illegal fishing. Thus, it might be expected that some of the samples would be biased or unrepresentative for the total catch, although this does not appear to be the case. In general, these samples will only provide length measurements of the fish sampled, although occasionally there are some ages and weights as well.

The reference fleet is a fleet of commercial fishing vessels that have agreed to provide IMR with data on their catch. The reference fleet was started in 2001 with 6 vessels, and in 2004 consisted of 8 vessels. The fleet targets several commercially important species including haddock. This sampling program is developing and will expand in the years ahead. So far, it has consisted of length-only data, but there will be an increasing number of age samples.

The data sources and years used for the model fitting are described in Table 4.2. The resulting catch at age is calculated separately by ICES area and by gear group (trawl, line, other). For some years, the 'other' group was not estimated separately, but calculated as the difference between total catches and the sum of trawl and line catches, as indicated in Table 4.2.

The catch at age and weight at age for 2004 by gear and ICES area, with $95 \%$ confidence intervals and CVs, is shown in Figure 4.2. Figure 4.3 shows the total catch at age in area IIa, with 95\% confidence intervals and CV, for the period 1983-2004.

### 4.1.6 Revision of Russian catch at age data

The Russian data were slightly revised, but are very similar to those originally reported to AFWG.

### 4.1.7 Methodology for combining data

The data from the various countries were combined using the SALLOC program (Patterson, 1998). This program uses a fleet (country), time-period and area-disaggregated data storage format for this information, and assembles a total international catch-at-age and weight-at-age data set using defined allocation and interpolation rules where no age distributions are available. The data files used are available together with the report.

### 4.1.8 Results

The revised data for catch in tonnes by year and area are given in Table 4.3 (AFWG: Table 4.1), and the catch by trawl and other gear for each area in Table 4.4 (AFWG: Table 4.2). The catch in tonnes by year and country is given in Table 4.5 (AFWG: Table 4.3). Tables 4.6 and 4.7 show the discrepancy between the revised data and the data previously used by AFWG. The revised catch in numbers at age and weight at age by year is given in Tables 4.8 and 4.9.

### 4.1.9 Further work

Although the method for calculating Norwegian catch-at-age seemed to function well, the methodology and results should be thoroughly checked before the 2006 AFWG meeting. Also, the data for third countries should be re-checked.

### 4.2 Tuning series

There can be a need to revisit/evaluate and possibly revise the survey index series and their use in the assessment of NEA haddock. This is, however not likely to limit the current evaluation of the HCR which use information from the "converged" part of the time series. A revision may change the estimates of the stock status and thus the predictions. This may influence the estimates of the PA reference points (depending on the procedure) and in that respect it has an influence on how future evaluations is set up including influence on performance criteria.

### 4.3 Biological parameters

### 4.3.1 Norwegian data

### 4.3.1.1 Length at age in the stock

Mean length at age was calculated from the Norwegian bottom trawl survey for the period 1980 to 2005. There are large variations, but with clear year class effects. Some ages were missing in some years, and mean length at ages 7 and higher seemed to be rather noisy. A von Bertalanffy function was fitted to the data:

$$
L=L_{\infty}-L_{\infty} \cdot e^{\left(-K_{Y}\left(A-A_{0}\right)\right)}
$$

with $L$ and $A$ being the length and age variables. $L_{\infty}$ and $A_{0}$ are the traditional parameters, while $K_{Y}$ is dependent on year class.

The mean length at age data is shown in Table 4.9 and in Figure 4.4, while the fitted length at age data is shown in Table 4.10 and Figure 4.5. The fitted length at age data seems to capture the variations in growth and the apparent year class effect quite well.

### 4.3.1.2 Weight at age in the stock

The weight data was scarcer in the Norwegian bottom trawl survey in the 80 's with some years missing weight data all together. Where weight data is available they can be fitted very well with:

$$
W=\alpha \cdot L^{\beta}
$$

This relationship was then used on the already fitted length at age data and the results can be seen in Table 4.12 and in Figure 4.6.

### 4.3.1.3 Maturity at age data

Maturity at age was also estimated from the Norwegian bottom trawl survey. Proportions mature at age in the period 1980 to 2005 are shown in Table 4.13 and in Figure 4.7. It is difficult to distinguish any trends and the occasional year class having a reduced proportion mature relative to the previous year is contributing to the overall picture of "noisy" data. The data was "smoothed" by fitting a logistic function using both age and length as explanatory variables:

$$
\log \left(\frac{m}{1-m}\right)=I+\alpha A+\beta L
$$

Alternative estimations using Age as a categorical variable revealed that the parameters were very close to linear in age. The smoothed maturity ogives are shown in Table 4.14 and in Figure 4.8.

### 4.3.2 Russian data

### 4.3.2.1 Length at age in the stock

Mean length at age was calculated from the Russian bottom trawl survey for the period 1982 to 2004. A von Bertalanffy function was used for smoothing the data (the same formula as one used for Norwegian data). The mean length-at-age data is shown in Table 4.15 and Figure 4.9, while the smoothed length-at-age data is shown in Table 4.17 and Figure 4.10.

### 4.3.2.2 Weight at age in the stock

The weight at age data from the Russian bottom trawl survey are available since 1982 (Table 4.16) with missing data for some particular ages in some years. The weight data have been fitted using smoothed length and using the same formula as the one used for Norwegian data. These results can be seen in Table 4.18 and Figure 4.11.

### 4.3.2.3 Russian maturity at age data

A maturity ogive was available from Russian bottom trawl survey for the period 1983-2004. The data was smoothed by fitting a logistic function using age and year class dependent age at $50 \%$ maturity as explanatory variables:

$$
\text { Mat }=\frac{1}{1+e^{(-a *(a g e-a g e 50 \%)}}
$$

The raw and smoothed maturity ogives are shown in Tables 4.19 and 4.20 and Figures 4.12 and 4.13.

### 4.3.3 Combined data

The Norwegian and Russian biological parameters presented in Sections 4.3.1 and 4.3.2 was combined as plain averages. One could question whether this is a useful approach as one of the data sources may better reflect the stock than the other. Both sources could have their bias related to age reading issues, and a similar bias could then be found in the catch data parameters. Since catch data are added together (with their respective biases included) and

Norway and Russia are catching approximately half of catch each, a plain average of the two data sources would potentially contain the same level of bias. Such biases related to age reading issues can be assumed to be constant over time and the workshop chose to assume that these issues would not have any effects on the conclusions of this workshop.

The mean weights at age in the stock and maturity at age for the time period 1950 to 1979 was calculated as the average mean weights at age and maturity at age for the period 1980 to 2004. The average natural mortality including predation from cod for the period 1984 to 2004 was used for the period 1950 to 1983.

Weight at age in the stock is presented in Table 4.21 and illustrated in Figure 4.14. Proportions mature at age are given in Table 4.22 and plotted in Figure 4.15.

Table 4.1 Landings haddock (tonnes)

| Year | Norway |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1960 | 5943 |
| 1961 | 4031 |
| 1962 | 3293 |
| 1963 | 4285 |
| 1964 | 6460 |
| 1965 | 6217 |
| 1966 | 5223 |
| 1967 | 3181 |
| 1968 | 2766 |
| 1969 | 2120 |
| 1970 | * |
| 1971 | * |
| 1972 | * |
| 1973 | * |
| 1974 | 10000 |
| 1975 | 6000 |
| 1976 | 2000 |
| 1977 | 2000 |
| 1978 | 2000 |
| 1979 | 6000 |
| 1980 | 5098 |
| 1981 | 4767 |
| 1982 | 3335 |
| 1983 | 3112 |
| 1984 | 3803 |
| 1985 | 3583 |
| 1986 | 4021 |
| 1987 | 3194 |
| 1988 | 3756 |
| 1989 | 4701 |
| 1990 | 2912 |
| 1991 | 3045 |
| 1992 | 5634 |
| 1993 | 5559 |
| 1994 | 6311 |
| 1995 | 5444 |
| 1996 | 5126 |
| 1997 | 5987 |
| 1998 | 6338 |
| 1999 | 5743 |
| 2000 | 4536 |
| 2001 | 4542 |
| 2002 | 6898 |
| 2003 | 4279 |
| 2004 | 3743 |

Table 4.2 Data sources and years used for the catch at age model.

| year | data sources <br> used | years used <br> for model <br> fitting | gear/ <br> season <br> effects <br> included | other- <br> group <br> calculated <br> separately | burn-in, <br> samples |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  | weights |  |

Table 4.3 (AFWG: Table 4.1) North-East Arctic HADDOCK. Total nominal catch (t) by fishing areas.
(Data provided by Working Group members).

| Year | Sub-area I | Division IIa | Division IIb | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1960 | 125026 | 27781 | 1844 | 154651 |
| 1961 | 165156 | 25641 | 2427 | 193224 |
| 1962 | 160561 | 25125 | 1723 | 187408 |
| 1963 | 124332 | 20956 | 936 | 146224 |
| 1964 | 79262 | 18784 | 1112 | 99158 |
| 1965 | 98921 | 18719 | 943 | 118578 |
| 1966 | 125009 | 35143 | 1626 | 161778 |
| 1967 | 107996 | 27962 | 440 | 136397 |
| 1968 | 140970 | 40031 | 725 | 181726 |
| 1969 | 89948 | 40306 | 566 | 130820 |
| 1970 | 60631 | 27120 | 507 | 88257 |
| 1971 | 56989 | 21453 | 463 | 78905 |
| 1972 | 221880 | 42111 | 2162 | 266153 |
| 1973 | 285644 | 23506 | 13077 | 322226 |
| 1974 | 159051 | 47037 | 15069 | 221157 |
| 1975 | 121692 | 44337 | 9729 | 175758 |
| 1976 | 94054 | 37562 | 5648 | 137264 |
| 1977 | 72159 | 28452 | 9547 | 110158 |
| 1978 | 63965 | 30478 | 979 | 95422 |
| 1979 | 63841 | 39167 | 615 | 103623 |
| 1980 | 54205 | 33616 | 68 | 87889 |
| 1981 | 36834 | 39864 | 455 | 77153 |
| 1982 | 17948 | 29005 | 2 | 46955 |
| 1983 | 5837 | 16859 | 1904 | 24600 |
| 1984 | 2934 | 16683 | 1328 | 20945 |
| 1985 | 27982 | 14340 | 2730 | 45052 |
| 1986 | 61729 | 29771 | 9063 | 100563 |
| 1987 | 97091 | 41084 | 16741 | 154916 |
| 1988 | 45060 | 49564 | 631 | 95255 |
| 1989 | 29723 | 28478 | 317 | 58518 |
| 1990 | 13306 | 13275 | 601 | 27182 |
| 1991 | 17985 | 17801 | 430 | 36216 |
| 1992 | 30884 | 28064 | 974 | 59922 |
| 1993 | 46918 | 32433 | 3028 | 82379 |
| 1994 | 76748 | 50388 | 8050 | 135186 |
| 1995 | 75860 | 53460 | 13128 | 142448 |
| 1996 | 112749 | 61722 | 3657 | 178128 |
| 1997 | 78128 | 73475 | 2756 | 154359 |
| 1998 | 45640 | 53936 | 1054 | 100630 |
| 1999 | 38291 | 40819 | 4085 | 83195 |
| 2000 | 25931 | 39169 | 3844 | 68944 |
| 2001 | 35072 | 47245 | 7323 | 89640 |
| 2002 | 40721 | 42774 | 12567 | 96062 |
| 2003 | 53653 | 43564 | 8483 | 105700 |
| 2004 | 64873 | 47483 | 12146 | 124502 |

${ }^{1}$ Provisional figures, Norwegian catches on Russian quotas are included

Table 4.4 (AFWG: Table 4.2) North-East Arctic HADDOCK.

Total nominal catch ('000 t) by trawl and other gear for each area.

| Year | Sub-area I |  |  | Division IIa |  | Division IIb |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Trawl | Others | Trawl | Others | Trawl | Others |
| 1967 |  | 73.7 | 34.3 | 20.5 | 7.5 | 0.4 | - |
| 1968 |  | 98.1 | 42.9 | 31.4 | 8.6 | 0.7 | - |
| 1969 |  | 41.4 | 47.8 | 33.2 | 7.1 | 1.3 | - |
| 1970 |  | 37.4 | 23.2 | 20.6 | 6.5 | 0.5 | - |
| 1971 |  | 27.5 | 29.2 | 15.1 | 6.7 | 0.4 | - |
| 1972 |  | 193.9 | 27.9 | 34.5 | 7.6 | 2.2 | - |
| 1973 |  | 242.9 | 42.8 | 14.0 | 9.5 | 13.1 | - |
| 1974 |  | 133.1 | 25.9 | 39.9 | 7.1 | 15.1 | - |
| 1975 |  | 103.5 | 18.2 | 34.6 | 9.7 | 9.7 | - |
| 1976 |  | 77.7 | 16.4 | 28.1 | 9.5 | 5.6 | - |
| 1977 |  | 57.6 | 14.6 | 19.9 | 8.6 | 9.5 | - |
| 1978 |  | 53.9 | 10.1 | 15.7 | 14.8 | 1.0 | - |
| 1979 |  | 47.8 | 16.0 | 20.3 | 18.9 | 0.6 | - |
| 1980 |  | 30.5 | 23.7 | 14.8 | 18.9 | 0.1 | - |
| 1981 |  | 18.8 | 17.7 | 21.6 | 18.5 | 0.5 | - |
| 1982 |  | 11.6 | 11.5 | 23.9 | 13.5 | - | - |
| 1983 |  | 3.6 | 2.2 | 8.7 | 8.2 | 0.2 | 1.7 |
| 1984 |  | 1.6 | 1.3 | 7.6 | 9.1 | 0.1 | 1.2 |
| 1985 |  | 24.4 | 3.5 | 6.2 | 8.1 | 0.1 | 2.6 |
| 1986 |  | 51.7 | 10.1 | 14.0 | 15.8 | 0.8 | 8.3 |
| 1987 |  | 79.0 | 18.1 | 23.0 | 18.1 | 3.0 | 13.8 |
| 1988 |  | 28.7 | 16.4 | 34.3 | 15.3 | 0.6 | 0.0 |
| 1989 |  | 20.0 | 9.7 | 13.5 | 15.0 | 0.3 | 0.0 |
| 1990 |  | 4.4 | 8.9 | 5.1 | 8.2 | 0.6 | 0.0 |
| 1991 |  | 9.0 | 8.9 | 8.9 | 8.9 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| 1992 |  | 21.3 | 9.6 | 11.9 | 16.1 | 1.0 | 0.0 |
| 1993 |  | 35.3 | 11.6 | 14.5 | 17.9 | 3.0 | 0.0 |
| 1994 |  | 58.6 | 18.2 | 26.1 | 24.3 | 7.9 | 0.2 |
| 1995 |  | 63.9 | 12.0 | 29.6 | 23.8 | 12.1 | 1.0 |
| 1996 |  | 98.3 | 14.4 | 36.5 | 25.2 | 3.4 | 0.3 |
| 1997 |  | 57.4 | 20.7 | 44.9 | 28.6 | 2.5 | 0.3 |
| 1998 |  | 26.0 | 19.6 | 27.1 | 26.9 | 0.7 | 0.3 |
| 1999 |  | 29.4 | 8.9 | 19.1 | 21.8 | 4.0 | 0.1 |
| 2000 |  | 20.1 | 5.9 | 18.8 | 20.4 | 3.7 | 0.1 |
| 2001 |  | 28.4 | 6.7 | 23.4 | 23.8 | 7.0 | 0.3 |
| 2002 |  | 30.5 | 10.2 | 19.5 | 23.3 | 12.5 | 0.1 |
| 2003 | 1 | 42.7 | 10.9 | 21.9 | 21.7 | 8.1 | 0.4 |
| 2004 | 1 | 52.4 | 12.5 | 27.0 | 20.5 | 11.5 | 0.6 |

[^1]Table 4.5 (AFWG: Table 4.3) North-East Arctic HADDOCK. Nominal catch (t) by countries
Sub-area I and Divisions IIa and IIb combined. (Data provided by Working Group members).

| Year | Faroe Islands | France | German <br> Dem.Re. | Fed. Re. Germ. | Norway | Poland | United <br> Kingdom | Russia ${ }^{2}$ | Others | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1960 | 172 | - | - | 5597 | 46263 | - | 45469 | 57025 | 125 | 154651 |
| 1961 | 285 | 220 | - | 6304 | 60862 | - | 39650 | 85345 | 558 | 193224 |
| 1962 | 83 | 409 | - | 2895 | 54567 | - | 37486 | 91910 | 58 | 187408 |
| 1963 | 17 | 363 | - | 2554 | 59955 | - | 19809 | 63526 | - | 146224 |
| 1964 | - | 208 | - | 1482 | 38695 | - | 14653 | 43870 | 250 | 99158 |
| 1965 | - | 226 | - | 1568 | 60447 | - | 14345 | 41750 | 242 | 118578 |
| 1966 | - | 1072 | 11 | 2098 | 82090 | - | 27723 | 48710 | 74 | 161778 |
| 1967 | - | 1208 | 3 | 1705 | 51954 | - | 24158 | 57346 | 23 | 136397 |
| 1968 | - | - | - | 1867 | 64076 | - | 40129 | 75654 | - | 181726 |
| 1969 | 2 | - | 309 | 1490 | 67549 | - | 37234 | 24211 | 25 | 130820 |
| 1970 | 541 | - | 656 | 2119 | 37716 | - | 20423 | 26802 | - | 88257 |
| 1971 | 81 | - | 16 | 896 | 45715 | 43 | 16373 | 15778 | 3 | 78905 |
| 1972 | 137 | - | 829 | 1433 | 46700 | 1433 | 17166 | 196224 | 2231 | 266153 |
| 1973 | 1212 | 3214 | 22 | 9534 | 86767 | 34 | 32408 | 186534 | 2501 | 322226 |
| 1974 | 925 | 3601 | 454 | 23409 | 66164 | 3045 | 37663 | 78548 | 7348 | 221157 |
| 1975 | 299 | 5191 | 437 | 15930 | 55966 | 1080 | 28677 | 65015 | 3163 | 175758 |
| 1976 | 536 | 4459 | 348 | 16660 | 49492 | 986 | 16940 | 42485 | 5358 | 137264 |
| 1977 | 213 | 1510 | 144 | 4798 | 40118 | - | 10878 | 52210 | 287 | 110158 |
| 1978 | 466 | 1411 | 369 | 1521 | 39955 | 1 | 5766 | 45895 | 38 | 95422 |
| 1979 | 343 | 1198 | 10 | 1948 | 66849 | 2 | 6454 | 26365 | 454 | 103623 |
| 1980 | 497 | 226 | 15 | 1365 | 66501 | - | 2948 | 20706 | 246 | 92504 |
| 1981 | 381 | 414 | 22 | 2402 | 63435 | Spain | 1682 | 13400 | - | 81736 |
| 1982 | 496 | 53 | - | 1258 | 43702 | - | 827 | 2900 | - | 49236 |
| 1983 | 428 | - | 1 | 729 | 22364 | 139 | 259 | 680 | - | 24600 |
| 1984 | 297 | 15 | 4 | 400 | 18813 | 37 | 276 | 1103 | - | 20945 |
| 1985 | 424 | 21 | 20 | 395 | 21272 | 77 | 153 | 22690 | - | 45052 |
| 1986 | 893 | 12 | 75 | 1079 | 52313 | 22 | 431 | 45738 | - | 100563 |
| 1987 | 464 | 7 | 83 | 3105 | 72419 | 59 | 563 | 78211 | 5 | 154916 |
| 1988 | 1113 | 116 | 78 | 1323 | 60823 | 72 | 435 | 31293 | 2 | 95255 |
| 1989 | 1217 | - | 26 | 171 | 36451 | 1 | 590 | 20062 | - | 58518 |
| 1990 | 705 | - | 5 | 167 | 20621 | - | 494 | 5190 | - | 27182 |
| 1991 | 1117 |  | Greenld | 213 | 22178 | - | 514 | 12177 | 17 | 36216 |
| 1992 | 1093 | 151 | 1719 | 387 | 36238 | 38 | 596 | 19699 | 1 | 59922 |
| 1993 | 546 | 1215 | 880 | 1165 | 40978 | 76 | 1802 | 35071 | 646 | 82379 |
| 1994 | 2761 | 678 | 770 | 2412 | 71171 | 22 | 4673 | 51822 | 877 | 135186 |
| 1995 | 2833 | 598 | 1097 | 2675 | 76886 | 14 | 3111 | 54516 | 718 | 142448 |
| 1996 | 3743 | 6 | 1510 | 942 | 94527 | 669 | 2275 | 74239 | 217 | 178128 |
| 1997 | 3327 | 540 | 1877 | 972 | 103407 | 364 | 2340 | 41228 | 304 | 154359 |
| 1998 | 1903 | 241 | 854 | 385 | 75108 | 257 | 1229 | 20559 | 94 | 100630 |
| 1999 | 1913 | 64 | 437 | 641 | 48182 | 652 | 694 | 30520 | 92 | 83195 |
| 2000 | 631 | 178 | 432 | 880 | 42009 | 502 | 747 | 22738 | 827 | 68944 |
| 2001 | 1210 | 324 | 553 | 554 | 49067 | 1497 | 1068 | 34307 | $1060{ }^{3}$ | 89640 |
| 2002 | 1564 | 297 | 858 | 627 | 52247 | 1505 | 1125 | 37157 | 682 | 96062 |
| 2003 | 1959 | 382 | 1363 | 918 | 56485 | 1330 | 1018 | 41142 | 1103 | 105700 |
| $2004{ }^{1}$ | 2484 | 103 | 1680 | 823 | 62192 | 54 | 1250 | 54347 | 1569 | 124502 |
| ${ }^{1}$ Provisional figures, Norwegian catches on Russian quotas are included. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{2}$ USSR prior to 1991. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{3}$ Corrected |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 4.6 Catch in numbers - ratio revised numbers/old numbers

| Year/Age | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{5}$ | $\mathbf{6}$ | $\mathbf{7}$ | $\mathbf{8}$ | $\mathbf{9}$ | $\mathbf{1 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 1 +}$ |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 3}$ |  | 2.168 | 1.666 | 1.366 | 1.538 | 1.742 | 0.763 | 1.986 | 5.141 | 1.001 | 1.695 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 4}$ |  | 3.052 | 2.844 | 1.235 | 2.316 | 2.181 | 1.267 | 1.187 | 0.720 | 1.263 | 0.271 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 5}$ | 4.210 | 1.290 | 1.003 | 1.470 | 1.033 | 1.412 | 2.985 | 1.398 | 1.344 | 1.413 | 2.485 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 6}$ | 5.274 | 0.941 | 0.903 | 1.113 | 1.545 | 2.082 | 2.589 | 2.729 | 2.381 | 2.363 | 6.285 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 7}$ | 1.110 | 0.541 | 1.281 | 0.987 | 1.227 | 1.638 | 2.882 | 3.054 | 2.860 | 1.936 | 2.590 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 8}$ |  | 3.022 | 1.812 | 1.382 | 0.941 | 1.050 | 1.040 | 2.743 | 2.125 | 2.008 | 1.440 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 9}$ |  | 1.234 | 2.064 | 1.268 | 1.312 | 1.104 | 0.939 | 0.597 | 0.086 | 0.788 | 2.688 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 0}$ | 0.297 | 1.521 | 1.968 | 2.204 | 1.148 | 0.981 | 0.924 | 0.990 | 0.344 | 0.845 | 2.360 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 1}$ | 1.083 | 1.621 | 1.114 | 1.812 | 1.281 | 1.147 | 1.043 | 0.894 | 1.159 | 3.948 | 3.196 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 2}$ | 0.039 | 1.047 | 0.938 | 0.914 | 1.700 | 1.518 | 1.398 | 1.270 | 1.278 | 2.017 | 4.685 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 3}$ | 4.256 | 0.598 | 1.007 | 0.751 | 1.042 | 1.474 | 1.796 | 1.454 | 0.988 | 0.977 | 0.840 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 4}$ | 8.657 | 0.506 | 1.107 | 1.093 | 1.114 | 1.592 | 1.264 | 1.367 | 1.273 | 1.577 | 1.117 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 5}$ | 0.072 | 0.435 | 1.562 | 1.247 | 1.023 | 0.947 | 1.909 | 2.033 | 1.225 | 1.722 | 1.637 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 6}$ | 0.504 | 1.216 | 1.025 | 1.237 | 1.048 | 1.038 | 1.302 | 1.562 | 1.373 | 1.298 | 1.543 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 7}$ | 0.935 | 0.371 | 1.040 | 0.932 | 1.095 | 1.016 | 1.046 | 1.231 | 1.468 | 1.338 | 1.395 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 8}$ | 49.770 | 0.725 | 0.705 | 0.830 | 1.127 | 1.182 | 1.150 | 1.093 | 1.892 | 1.455 | 2.159 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 9}$ | 0.765 | 1.259 | 0.828 | 1.041 | 0.943 | 1.053 | 1.250 | 0.896 | 2.245 | 2.536 | 3.209 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | 0.522 | 1.182 | 1.618 | 0.999 | 1.190 | 1.147 | 1.427 | 1.374 | 1.129 | 0.953 | 1.337 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | 10.106 | 2.115 | 1.080 | 0.993 | 0.910 | 1.305 | 1.192 | 1.284 | 2.355 | 1.368 | 1.187 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ | 0.995 | 1.140 | 1.160 | 1.009 | 1.286 | 1.262 | 1.374 | 1.401 | 1.697 | 1.740 | 1.210 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | 8.761 | 2.306 | 1.438 | 1.017 | 1.121 | 2.076 | 2.062 | 2.399 | 6.799 | 5.419 | 2.505 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ |  | 1.697 | 1.130 | 1.075 | 1.034 | 0.978 | 1.294 | 1.428 | 1.475 | 3.267 | 1.782 |

Table 4.7 Weight in catch - ratio revised value/old value

| Year/Age | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{5}$ | $\mathbf{6}$ | $\mathbf{7}$ | $\mathbf{8}$ | $\mathbf{9}$ | $\mathbf{1 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 1 +}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 3}$ |  |  | 0.680 | 0.757 | 0.814 | 0.903 | 0.863 | 0.825 | 0.830 | 0.836 | 0.836 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 4}$ |  |  | 0.776 | 0.820 | 0.842 | 1.064 | 0.971 | 0.955 | 0.974 | 0.922 | 0.864 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 5}$ |  |  | 0.908 | 0.777 | 0.760 | 0.802 | 0.796 | 0.880 | 0.879 | 0.844 | 0.818 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 6}$ |  |  | 0.711 | 0.851 | 0.819 | 0.807 | 0.888 | 0.919 | 0.878 | 0.826 | 0.978 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 7}$ |  |  | 0.776 | 0.890 | 0.886 | 0.703 | 0.717 | 0.856 | 0.813 | 0.774 | 0.780 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 8}$ |  |  | 0.947 | 1.080 | 1.045 | 0.949 | 0.780 | 0.676 | 0.649 | 0.545 | 0.476 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 9}$ |  |  | 0.856 | 0.943 | 0.853 | 0.858 | 0.904 | 0.852 | 0.527 | 0.485 | 0.497 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 0}$ | 1.276 | 0.939 | 0.890 | 0.960 | 0.998 | 1.015 | 1.065 | 0.978 | 0.717 | 0.703 | 0.618 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 1}$ |  |  | 1.222 | 0.978 | 0.966 | 0.966 | 0.968 | 0.888 | 0.789 | 1.191 | 0.596 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 2}$ | 1.378 | 1.636 | 1.078 | 0.929 | 0.903 | 0.892 | 0.892 | 0.921 | 0.991 | 0.866 | 0.845 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 3}$ | 4.230 | 2.134 | 1.593 | 1.136 | 0.978 | 0.950 | 0.915 | 0.972 | 0.959 | 1.005 | 0.973 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 4}$ | 1.110 | 1.184 | 1.136 | 1.029 | 0.967 | 0.921 | 0.955 | 0.936 | 0.956 | 0.986 | 1.001 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 5}$ | 1.359 | 1.439 | 1.172 | 1.224 | 1.045 | 0.926 | 0.871 | 0.955 | 0.905 | 0.894 | 1.036 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 6}$ | 2.874 | 1.780 | 1.067 | 1.099 | 1.004 | 1.017 | 0.945 | 0.824 | 0.959 | 0.745 | 1.021 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 7}$ | 4.079 | 1.473 | 1.034 | 1.038 | 1.056 | 1.122 | 1.106 | 0.933 | 0.917 | 1.106 | 0.857 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 8}$ | 3.412 | 1.118 | 1.053 | 1.083 | 0.994 | 1.038 | 1.066 | 1.041 | 0.873 | 0.930 | 1.049 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 9}$ | 4.351 | 3.023 | 1.132 | 1.018 | 0.993 | 0.958 | 0.984 | 1.004 | 0.986 | 0.860 | 0.951 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | 3.778 | 2.061 | 1.422 | 1.088 | 1.004 | 0.999 | 0.994 | 1.041 | 1.094 | 1.088 | 1.121 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | 3.556 | 1.961 | 1.192 | 1.138 | 1.042 | 0.971 | 0.985 | 1.024 | 1.005 | 1.083 | 1.164 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ | 1.530 | 1.406 | 1.225 | 1.015 | 0.971 | 0.980 | 0.908 | 0.920 | 0.826 | 0.963 | 0.991 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | 2.821 | 1.396 | 0.963 | 0.982 | 0.804 | 0.763 | 0.623 | 0.802 | 0.607 | 0.555 | 0.661 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ | 4.824 | 1.118 | 1.005 | 0.996 | 1.034 | 1.019 | 0.969 | 0.980 | 0.922 | 0.969 | 1.095 |

Table 4.8 Revised catch at age data

| Year/Age | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{5}$ | $\mathbf{6}$ | $\mathbf{7}$ | $\mathbf{8}$ | $\mathbf{9}$ | $\mathbf{1 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 1 +}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 3}$ | 3 | 351 | 1173 | 2636 | 1360 | 2394 | 2506 | 1799 | 267 | 37 | 292 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 4}$ | 7 | 754 | 1271 | 1019 | 1899 | 657 | 950 | 2619 | 352 | 87 | 77 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 5}$ | 4 | 2952 | 29624 | 1695 | 564 | 1009 | 943 | 886 | 1763 | 588 | 281 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 6}$ | 506 | 650 | 23113 | 68429 | 1565 | 783 | 896 | 393 | 702 | 1144 | 987 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 7}$ | 9 | 83 | 5031 | 87170 | 64556 | 960 | 597 | 376 | 212 | 230 | 738 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 8}$ | 7 | 139 | 1439 | 12478 | 47890 | 20429 | 397 | 178 | 74 | 88 | 446 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 9}$ | 611 | 221 | 2157 | 4986 | 16071 | 25313 | 3198 | 147 | 1 | 28 | 177 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 0}$ | 2 | 446 | 1015 | 2580 | 2142 | 4046 | 6221 | 840 | 134 | 42 | 71 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 1}$ | 23 | 533 | 4421 | 3564 | 2416 | 3299 | 4633 | 3953 | 461 | 83 | 54 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 2}$ | 49 | 2793 | 11571 | 11567 | 4099 | 2642 | 2894 | 3327 | 3498 | 486 | 84 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 3}$ | 498 | 272 | 13487 | 19457 | 13704 | 4103 | 1747 | 1886 | 2105 | 1965 | 323 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 4}$ | 95 | 187 | 3374 | 47821 | 36333 | 13264 | 2057 | 903 | 1453 | 2769 | 2110 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 5}$ | 2 | 85 | 2003 | 16109 | 72644 | 19145 | 6417 | 746 | 361 | 770 | 1576 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 6}$ | 35 | 478 | 1662 | 6818 | 36473 | 73579 | 13426 | 2944 | 573 | 365 | 1897 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 7}$ | 70 | 94 | 2280 | 5633 | 12603 | 32832 | 49478 | 5636 | 778 | 245 | 748 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 8}$ | 547 | 1476 | 1701 | 11304 | 9258 | 8633 | 13801 | 19469 | 2113 | 330 | 490 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 9}$ | 104 | 568 | 16839 | 8039 | 15365 | 6073 | 4466 | 6355 | 6204 | 647 | 446 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | 46 | 692 | 1520 | 29986 | 6496 | 5149 | 2406 | 1657 | 1570 | 1744 | 437 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | 374 | 1758 | 12971 | 5230 | 32049 | 5279 | 2941 | 1137 | 1161 | 1169 | 1204 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ | 39 | 441 | 5491 | 35584 | 9290 | 19917 | 2269 | 1425 | 443 | 409 | 917 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | 123 | 507 | 4743 | 20251 | 44162 | 10353 | 13653 | 1521 | 2128 | 829 | 1137 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ | 58 | 986 | 5232 | 13764 | 28539 | 34811 | 4567 | 4767 | 569 | 1215 | 857 |

Table 4.9 Revised weight at age in the catch

| Year/Age | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{5}$ | $\mathbf{6}$ | $\mathbf{7}$ | $\mathbf{8}$ | $\mathbf{9}$ | $\mathbf{1 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 1 +}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 3}$ | 0.188 | 0.689 | 1.033 | 1.408 | 1.710 | 2.149 | 2.469 | 2.748 | 3.069 | 3.687 | 4.516 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 4}$ | 0.408 | 0.805 | 1.218 | 1.632 | 2.038 | 2.852 | 2.845 | 3.218 | 3.605 | 4.065 | 4.667 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 5}$ | 0.319 | 0.383 | 0.835 | 1.290 | 1.816 | 2.174 | 2.301 | 2.835 | 3.253 | 3.721 | 4.416 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 6}$ | 0.218 | 0.325 | 0.612 | 1.064 | 1.539 | 1.944 | 2.362 | 2.794 | 3.250 | 3.643 | 5.283 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 7}$ | 0.143 | 0.221 | 0.497 | 0.765 | 1.179 | 1.724 | 2.135 | 2.551 | 3.009 | 3.414 | 4.213 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 8}$ | 0.279 | 0.551 | 0.550 | 0.908 | 1.097 | 1.357 | 1.537 | 1.704 | 2.403 | 2.403 | 2.571 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 9}$ | 0.258 | 0.550 | 0.684 | 0.840 | 0.998 | 1.176 | 1.546 | 1.713 | 1.949 | 2.140 | 2.685 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 0}$ | 0.319 | 0.601 | 0.793 | 1.172 | 1.397 | 1.624 | 1.885 | 2.112 | 2.653 | 3.102 | 3.338 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 1}$ | 0.216 | 0.616 | 0.941 | 1.281 | 1.556 | 1.797 | 2.044 | 2.079 | 2.311 | 2.788 | 3.219 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 2}$ | 0.055 | 0.458 | 0.906 | 1.263 | 1.535 | 1.747 | 2.043 | 2.200 | 2.298 | 2.494 | 2.652 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 3}$ | 0.381 | 0.640 | 0.940 | 1.204 | 1.487 | 1.748 | 1.994 | 2.237 | 2.417 | 2.654 | 3.026 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 4}$ | 0.278 | 0.521 | 0.614 | 0.906 | 1.287 | 1.602 | 1.968 | 2.059 | 2.390 | 2.545 | 2.893 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 5}$ | 0.258 | 0.446 | 0.739 | 0.808 | 1.107 | 1.556 | 1.838 | 2.234 | 2.416 | 2.602 | 3.130 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 6}$ | 0.287 | 0.427 | 0.683 | 0.868 | 1.045 | 1.363 | 1.710 | 1.886 | 2.214 | 2.370 | 2.675 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 7}$ | 0.408 | 0.575 | 0.682 | 1.028 | 1.151 | 1.369 | 1.637 | 1.856 | 2.073 | 2.500 | 2.554 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 8}$ | 0.409 | 0.593 | 0.748 | 0.974 | 1.262 | 1.433 | 1.641 | 1.863 | 2.069 | 2.335 | 2.810 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 9}$ | 0.435 | 0.695 | 0.826 | 1.079 | 1.261 | 1.485 | 1.634 | 1.798 | 2.032 | 2.237 | 2.712 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | 0.378 | 0.577 | 0.853 | 1.186 | 1.395 | 1.588 | 1.808 | 1.989 | 2.264 | 2.415 | 2.892 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | 0.391 | 0.647 | 0.751 | 1.104 | 1.459 | 1.709 | 1.921 | 2.182 | 2.331 | 2.609 | 2.981 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ | 0.159 | 0.433 | 0.714 | 1.014 | 1.363 | 1.630 | 1.948 | 2.074 | 2.252 | 2.413 | 2.737 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | 0.198 | 0.381 | 0.587 | 0.846 | 1.049 | 1.309 | 1.303 | 1.909 | 1.593 | 1.828 | 2.312 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ | 0.328 | 0.468 | 0.654 | 0.897 | 1.190 | 1.507 | 1.803 | 2.047 | 2.292 | 2.554 | 2.955 |

Table 4.10 Mean length at age from the Norwegian bottom trawl survey in February.

|  | Age |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| YEAR | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 |
| 1980 | 15.9 | 22.6 | 30.3 | 39.1 | 46.0 | 57.1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1981 | 11.6 | 25.0 | 33.8 | 40.9 | 51.8 | 55.7 | 65.5 |  |  |  |  |
| 1982 | 14.4 | 22.1 | 31.8 | 37.6 | 49.1 | 56.2 | 60.1 | 64.3 |  |  |  |
| 1983 | 16.5 | 24.7 | 35.1 | 45.0 | 52.2 | 58.4 | 62.6 | 65.6 |  |  |  |
| 1984 | 16.5 | 26.8 | 32.7 | 47.8 | 57.1 | 63.4 | 62.5 | 65.4 | 65.9 |  |  |
| 1985 | 15.6 | 24.1 | 35.5 | 42.2 | 58.3 | 62.8 | 63.8 | 68.3 | 71.6 | 72.4 | 69.0 |
| 1986 | 15.2 | 22.4 | 31.5 | 43.0 | 54.7 | 55.0 | 65.0 | 67.0 |  | 66.0 |  |
| 1987 | 15.6 | 22.5 | 29.0 | 36.8 | 46.6 |  |  |  |  | 50.0 |  |
| 1988 | 13.8 | 23.9 | 28.8 | 34.2 | 41.7 | 48.3 | 56.6 |  |  |  |  |
| 1989 | 15.8 | 23.2 | 30.9 | 36.5 | 41.6 | 46.3 | 53.0 | 57.5 |  |  |  |
| 1990 | 15.7 | 24.8 | 32.6 | 43.6 | 46.1 | 50.1 | 52.5 | 55.8 | 61.4 | 55.0 |  |
| 1991 | 16.7 | 24.1 | 36.3 | 45.0 | 48.8 | 52.1 | 55.6 | 55.4 | 61.6 |  |  |
| 1992 | 15.1 | 24.0 | 34.2 | 45.2 | 53.3 | 59.2 | 60.6 | 60.4 | 61.3 | 79.0 |  |
| 1993 | 14.5 | 21.2 | 31.7 | 42.4 | 50.4 | 56.3 | 59.3 | 66.2 | 63.4 | 66.4 | 61.9 |
| 1994 | 14.6 | 21.0 | 30.0 | 38.7 | 47.6 | 54.3 | 57.4 | 63.4 | 69.6 | 65.4 | 63.9 |
| 1995 | 15.3 | 20.1 | 28.7 | 34.2 | 42.7 | 51.2 | 55.8 | 60.0 | 64.7 | 68.0 |  |
| 1996 | 15.4 | 21.6 | 28.8 | 38.3 | 41.8 | 45.9 | 55.4 | 60.1 |  | 76.0 |  |
| 1997 | 16.2 | 20.9 | 27.8 | 35.2 | 40.3 | 47.5 | 50.6 | 55.4 | 63.2 |  |  |
| 1998 | 14.5 | 22.9 | 29.3 | 36.8 | 43.5 | 48.2 | 51.7 | 54.1 | 58.5 | 70.0 | 65.0 |
| 1999 | 14.6 | 20.8 | 32.2 | 39.5 | 45.6 | 52.3 | 54.7 | 52.9 | 57.9 | 62.0 |  |
| 2000 | 15.9 | 23.4 | 30.7 | 41.7 | 46.8 | 50.8 | 50.2 | 54.1 | 59.5 | 59.8 | 61.5 |
| 2001 | 14.6 | 22.3 | 32.2 | 37.6 | 47.4 | 51.4 | 58.3 | 53.6 | 65.8 | 67.6 | 67.5 |
| 2002 | 15.5 | 22.1 | 30.0 | 40.4 | 44.9 | 52.2 | 58.4 | 59.6 | 66.0 | 61.8 | 65.4 |
| 2003 | 16.4 | 23.8 | 28.0 | 37.2 | 46.6 | 49.9 | 55.2 | 59.8 | 57.6 | 61.4 | 69.8 |
| 2004 | 14.1 | 22.5 | 31.0 | 35.2 | 42.5 | 49.4 | 49.6 | 58.1 | 62.0 | 72.0 | 72.1 |
| 2005 | 14.6 | 21.8 | 29.9 | 36.7 | 41.2 | 48.1 | 51.7 | 57.6 | 60.0 | 67.0 |  |

Table 4.11 Length at age data from the Norwegian bottom trawl survey smoothed by fitting a von Bertalanffy growth function to each of the yearclasses.

|  | Age |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| YEAR | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 |
| 1980 | 17.3 | 27.4 | 33.5 | 43.8 | 49.6 | 56.7 | 63.5 | 71.9 | 72.0 | 71.2 | 75.5 |
| 1981 | 15.2 | 28.7 | 36.7 | 41.0 | 50.3 | 55.1 | 61.4 | 67.3 | 74.6 | 74.5 | 73.5 |
| 1982 | 14.6 | 25.7 | 38.3 | 44.5 | 47.4 | 55.8 | 59.8 | 65.3 | 70.5 | 76.9 | 76.5 |
| 1983 | 14.2 | 24.7 | 34.5 | 46.3 | 51.0 | 52.9 | 60.5 | 63.8 | 68.5 | 73.1 | 78.6 |
| 1984 | 12.8 | 24.0 | 33.4 | 42.1 | 52.9 | 56.5 | 57.6 | 64.4 | 67.1 | 71.3 | 75.3 |
| 1985 | 13.5 | 21.9 | 32.5 | 40.8 | 48.6 | 58.4 | 61.2 | 61.6 | 67.8 | 70.0 | 73.6 |
| 1986 | 14.8 | 23.0 | 29.8 | 39.8 | 47.2 | 54.1 | 63.0 | 65.1 | 65.1 | 70.6 | 72.4 |
| 1987 | 15.7 | 25.0 | 31.2 | 36.8 | 46.1 | 52.7 | 58.8 | 66.8 | 68.4 | 68.0 | 72.9 |
| 1988 | 15.0 | 26.4 | 33.7 | 38.3 | 42.9 | 51.5 | 57.4 | 62.8 | 70.0 | 71.2 | 70.6 |
| 1989 | 14.4 | 25.3 | 35.5 | 41.2 | 44.5 | 48.2 | 56.2 | 61.4 | 66.2 | 72.7 | 73.5 |
| 1990 | 13.2 | 24.4 | 34.1 | 43.1 | 47.6 | 49.9 | 52.9 | 60.3 | 64.9 | 69.1 | 74.9 |
| 1991 | 12.4 | 22.5 | 32.9 | 41.6 | 49.6 | 53.1 | 54.6 | 56.9 | 63.8 | 67.9 | 71.6 |
| 1992 | 12.4 | 21.2 | 30.6 | 40.3 | 48.1 | 55.2 | 57.8 | 58.7 | 60.5 | 66.8 | 70.4 |
| 1993 | 12.8 | 21.2 | 28.9 | 37.6 | 46.7 | 53.6 | 59.8 | 61.8 | 62.2 | 63.7 | 69.4 |
| 1994 | 13.0 | 21.9 | 29.0 | 35.7 | 43.8 | 52.1 | 58.3 | 63.8 | 65.2 | 65.3 | 66.4 |
| 1995 | 13.7 | 22.2 | 29.8 | 35.8 | 41.7 | 49.1 | 56.8 | 62.3 | 67.2 | 68.2 | 68.0 |
| 1996 | 14.0 | 23.3 | 30.2 | 36.8 | 41.8 | 47.0 | 53.8 | 60.9 | 65.7 | 70.0 | 70.7 |
| 1997 | 14.0 | 23.7 | 31.6 | 37.2 | 42.9 | 47.1 | 51.6 | 57.9 | 64.4 | 68.6 | 72.4 |
| 1998 | 13.0 | 23.7 | 32.1 | 38.8 | 43.4 | 48.2 | 51.7 | 55.7 | 61.5 | 67.4 | 71.1 |
| 1999 | 13.7 | 22.1 | 32.1 | 39.4 | 45.0 | 48.7 | 52.9 | 55.8 | 59.3 | 64.6 | 69.9 |
| 2000 | 13.0 | 23.2 | 30.1 | 39.4 | 45.7 | 50.5 | 53.4 | 57.0 | 59.4 | 62.5 | 67.3 |
| 2001 | 12.4 | 22.1 | 31.5 | 37.1 | 45.6 | 51.1 | 55.2 | 57.5 | 60.5 | 62.6 | 65.3 |
| 2002 | 13.5 | 21.1 | 30.1 | 38.7 | 43.2 | 51.1 | 55.8 | 59.2 | 61.1 | 63.7 | 65.4 |
| 2003 | 13.4 | 22.9 | 28.8 | 37.1 | 44.9 | 48.6 | 55.8 | 59.9 | 62.8 | 64.2 | 66.4 |
| 2004 | 13.2 | 22.9 | 31.1 | 35.6 | 43.2 | 50.3 | 53.3 | 59.8 | 63.4 | 65.8 | 66.9 |
| 2005 | 14.6 | 22.4 | 31.0 | 38.2 | 41.6 | 48.6 | 55.0 | 57.3 | 63.4 | 66.4 | 68.5 |

Table 4.12 Weight at age data obtained from the Norwegian bottom trawl survey by fitting $\mathbf{W}=\mathbf{a} \mathbf{L}^{\wedge} \mathbf{b}$ and applying this relationship to the von Bertalanffy fitted length at age data.

| Age |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| YEAR | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{5}$ | $\mathbf{6}$ | $\mathbf{7}$ | $\mathbf{8}$ | $\mathbf{9}$ | $\mathbf{1 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 1}$ |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 0}$ | 0.061 | 0.229 | 0.409 | 0.875 | 1.251 | 1.835 | 2.537 | 3.610 | 3.625 | 3.516 | 4.166 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 1}$ | 0.043 | 0.263 | 0.527 | 0.726 | 1.302 | 1.691 | 2.298 | 2.996 | 4.022 | 3.995 | 3.854 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 2}$ | 0.038 | 0.190 | 0.598 | 0.915 | 1.098 | 1.754 | 2.134 | 2.741 | 3.414 | 4.374 | 4.317 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 3}$ | 0.035 | 0.171 | 0.445 | 1.026 | 1.357 | 1.501 | 2.206 | 2.564 | 3.153 | 3.789 | 4.671 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 4}$ | 0.026 | 0.157 | 0.404 | 0.784 | 1.504 | 1.820 | 1.915 | 2.642 | 2.970 | 3.530 | 4.120 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 5}$ | 0.030 | 0.121 | 0.373 | 0.718 | 1.179 | 1.997 | 2.281 | 2.324 | 3.051 | 3.345 | 3.869 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 6}$ | 0.039 | 0.138 | 0.292 | 0.666 | 1.087 | 1.602 | 2.480 | 2.723 | 2.716 | 3.427 | 3.686 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 7}$ | 0.047 | 0.176 | 0.332 | 0.532 | 1.014 | 1.487 | 2.032 | 2.935 | 3.135 | 3.085 | 3.768 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 8}$ | 0.041 | 0.206 | 0.415 | 0.598 | 0.824 | 1.396 | 1.899 | 2.452 | 3.352 | 3.512 | 3.426 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 9}$ | 0.037 | 0.183 | 0.479 | 0.735 | 0.918 | 1.152 | 1.791 | 2.306 | 2.852 | 3.728 | 3.850 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 0}$ | 0.029 | 0.164 | 0.430 | 0.839 | 1.110 | 1.274 | 1.501 | 2.186 | 2.697 | 3.225 | 4.061 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 1}$ | 0.024 | 0.130 | 0.389 | 0.759 | 1.254 | 1.517 | 1.647 | 1.857 | 2.569 | 3.065 | 3.567 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 2}$ | 0.024 | 0.110 | 0.314 | 0.693 | 1.145 | 1.695 | 1.933 | 2.023 | 2.211 | 2.932 | 3.406 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 3}$ | 0.026 | 0.111 | 0.267 | 0.568 | 1.052 | 1.559 | 2.138 | 2.344 | 2.393 | 2.555 | 3.272 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 4}$ | 0.028 | 0.121 | 0.270 | 0.489 | 0.876 | 1.443 | 1.983 | 2.569 | 2.737 | 2.747 | 2.883 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 5}$ | 0.032 | 0.126 | 0.293 | 0.493 | 0.762 | 1.219 | 1.847 | 2.398 | 2.975 | 3.107 | 3.082 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 6}$ | 0.034 | 0.144 | 0.304 | 0.533 | 0.768 | 1.072 | 1.581 | 2.248 | 2.795 | 3.350 | 3.448 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 7}$ | 0.034 | 0.152 | 0.345 | 0.552 | 0.825 | 1.079 | 1.403 | 1.949 | 2.636 | 3.167 | 3.691 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 8}$ | 0.027 | 0.151 | 0.361 | 0.620 | 0.853 | 1.153 | 1.412 | 1.745 | 2.312 | 3.002 | 3.508 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 9}$ | 0.032 | 0.125 | 0.361 | 0.647 | 0.950 | 1.189 | 1.502 | 1.755 | 2.087 | 2.662 | 3.342 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | 0.027 | 0.143 | 0.301 | 0.646 | 0.987 | 1.314 | 1.545 | 1.859 | 2.098 | 2.422 | 2.994 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | 0.024 | 0.125 | 0.342 | 0.547 | 0.987 | 1.362 | 1.695 | 1.908 | 2.213 | 2.434 | 2.745 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ | 0.030 | 0.109 | 0.301 | 0.615 | 0.845 | 1.361 | 1.751 | 2.077 | 2.267 | 2.557 | 2.757 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | 0.030 | 0.137 | 0.266 | 0.547 | 0.943 | 1.179 | 1.750 | 2.141 | 2.452 | 2.614 | 2.885 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ | 0.028 | 0.137 | 0.329 | 0.487 | 0.845 | 1.305 | 1.533 | 2.140 | 2.520 | 2.810 | 2.945 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 5}$ | 0.038 | 0.129 | 0.328 | 0.594 | 0.759 | 1.179 | 1.684 | 1.895 | 2.519 | 2.881 | 3.146 |

Table 4.13 Observed proportions mature at age from the Norwegian bottom trawl survey in February (both sexes).

|  | Age |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| YEAR | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{5}$ | $\mathbf{6}$ | $\mathbf{7}$ | $\mathbf{8}$ | $\mathbf{9}$ | $\mathbf{1 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 1}$ |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 0}$ | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.03 | 0.09 | 0.38 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |  |  |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 1}$ | 0.00 | 0.05 | 0.02 | 0.05 | 0.39 | 0.70 | 1.00 |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 2}$ | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.33 | 0.69 | 0.95 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 3}$ | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.03 | 0.15 | 0.48 | 0.80 | 0.83 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |  |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 4}$ | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.14 | 0.46 | 0.30 | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 1.00 |  |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 5}$ | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.05 | 0.63 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 6}$ | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.11 | 0.30 | 0.76 | 1.00 | 1.00 |  |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 7}$ | 0.00 | 0.08 | 0.12 | 0.16 | 0.85 |  |  |  |  |  | 1.00 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 8}$ | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.03 | 0.29 | 0.87 | 1.00 |  | 1.00 |  |  |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 9}$ | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.28 | 0.89 | 1.00 |  |  | 1.00 |  |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 0}$ | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.19 | 0.31 | 0.93 | 0.99 | 1.00 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 1}$ | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.08 | 0.17 | 0.30 | 0.41 | 0.80 | 1.00 |  | 0.98 |  |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 2}$ | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.14 | 0.51 | 0.77 | 0.77 | 1.00 |  | 0.97 | 1.00 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 3}$ | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.12 | 0.49 | 0.86 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 4}$ | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.03 | 0.18 | 0.79 | 1.00 | 0.87 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 5}$ | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.18 | 0.56 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 6}$ | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.07 | 0.13 | 0.31 | 0.88 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 7}$ | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.17 | 0.56 | 0.91 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |  |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 8}$ | 0.01 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.21 | 0.54 | 0.77 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 9}$ | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.24 | 0.65 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.24 | 0.55 | 0.90 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.12 | 0.43 | 0.61 | 0.97 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.09 | 0.26 | 0.67 | 0.90 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 0.95 | 1.00 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.03 | 0.37 | 0.56 | 0.88 | 0.55 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.21 | 0.92 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 5}$ | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.06 | 0.31 | 0.61 | 0.96 | 1.00 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |

Table 4.14 Proportions mature at age from the Norwegian bottom trawl survey fitted using a logistic function with age and length as explanatory variables.

|  | Age |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| YEAR | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{5}$ | $\mathbf{6}$ | $\mathbf{7}$ | $\mathbf{8}$ | $\mathbf{9}$ | $\mathbf{1 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 1}$ |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 0}$ | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.09 | 0.33 | 0.78 | 0.96 | 0.99 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 1}$ | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.10 | 0.43 | 0.77 | 0.96 | 0.99 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 2}$ | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.08 | 0.39 | 0.77 | 0.94 | 0.98 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 3}$ | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.13 | 0.44 | 0.80 | 0.95 | 0.99 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 4}$ | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.15 | 0.53 | 0.85 | 0.95 | 0.99 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 5}$ | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.10 | 0.55 | 0.85 | 0.95 | 0.99 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 6}$ | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.11 | 0.49 | 0.76 | 0.95 | 0.99 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 7}$ | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.07 | 0.34 | 0.73 | 0.93 | 0.99 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 8}$ | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.06 | 0.27 | 0.66 | 0.92 | 0.98 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 9}$ | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.07 | 0.27 | 0.62 | 0.90 | 0.98 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 0}$ | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.12 | 0.34 | 0.69 | 0.89 | 0.97 | 0.99 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 1}$ | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.13 | 0.38 | 0.72 | 0.91 | 0.97 | 0.99 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 2}$ | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.13 | 0.46 | 0.81 | 0.94 | 0.98 | 0.99 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 3}$ | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.11 | 0.41 | 0.78 | 0.93 | 0.99 | 0.99 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 4}$ | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.08 | 0.36 | 0.75 | 0.92 | 0.98 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 5}$ | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.06 | 0.28 | 0.70 | 0.91 | 0.98 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 6}$ | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.08 | 0.27 | 0.62 | 0.91 | 0.98 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 7}$ | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.07 | 0.25 | 0.64 | 0.88 | 0.97 | 0.99 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 8}$ | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.07 | 0.29 | 0.66 | 0.89 | 0.97 | 0.99 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 9}$ | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.09 | 0.33 | 0.72 | 0.91 | 0.97 | 0.99 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.10 | 0.35 | 0.70 | 0.88 | 0.97 | 0.99 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.08 | 0.36 | 0.71 | 0.93 | 0.97 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.09 | 0.32 | 0.72 | 0.93 | 0.98 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.08 | 0.34 | 0.68 | 0.91 | 0.98 | 0.99 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.07 | 0.28 | 0.68 | 0.87 | 0.98 | 0.99 | 1.00 | 1.00 |

Table 4.15 NEA haddock mean length at age from the Russian bottom trawl survey in October-December (cm).

|  | Age |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| YEAR | 0+(1) | 1+(2) | 2+(3) | 3+(4) | 4+(5) | 5+(6) | 6+(7) | 7+(8) | 8+(9) | 9+(10) | 10+(11) |
| 1982 | 14.5 | 21.3 | 33.4 | 37.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1983 | 18.1 | 26.2 | 30.9 | 44.9 | 53.3 | 62.0 | 65.5 | 67.6 | 68.0 | 73.1 | 81.0 |
| 1984 |  | 24.0 | 35.8 | 42.7 | 53.7 | 63.1 | 68.1 | 68.1 | 71.0 | 75.2 | 85.0 |
| 1985 |  | 21.1 | 31.7 | 43.4 | 53.6 | 62.2 | 64.2 |  | 73.1 | 74.1 | 72.4 |
| 1986 | 18.1 | 21.0 | 28.7 | 37.0 | 46.6 | 58.8 | 63.1 | 68.1 |  | 73.1 | 78.1 |
| 1987 |  | 21.7 | 27.6 | 33.3 | 40.9 | 49.4 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1988 |  | 19.9 | 29.9 | 35.1 | 40.4 | 46.6 | 52.0 |  |  |  |  |
| 1989 |  | 20.5 | 25.1 | 40.2 | 45.0 | 48.5 | 52.2 | 58.8 | 63.5 |  | 88.1 |
| 1990 |  | 20.5 | 29.8 | 37.3 | 48.7 | 50.8 | 54.7 | 58.8 | 63.3 | 68.1 | 83.1 |
| 1991 |  | 23.2 | 31.7 | 40.3 | 52.7 | 56.7 | 58.8 | 60.3 | 63.2 | 69.1 | 73.7 |
| 1992 |  | 22.0 | 32.2 | 41.6 | 52.6 | 59.7 | 61.9 | 65.7 | 68.3 | 70.3 | 75.1 |
| 1993 | 18.1 | 20.8 | 28.0 | 38.6 | 48.8 | 55.0 | 61.2 | 64.1 | 63.2 | 65.0 | 70.3 |
| 1994 | 15.5 | 20.8 | 28.9 | 36.2 | 44.6 | 53.6 | 60.0 | 66.2 | 67.7 | 67.0 | 71.9 |
| 1995 | 14.9 | 21.8 | 28.6 | 36.6 | 42.0 | 48.3 | 56.6 | 62.5 | 66.1 | 66.8 | 71.9 |
| 1996 | 15.7 | 20.2 | 28.6 | 36.8 | 43.9 | 49.3 | 54.7 | 63.3 | 67.3 | 70.8 | 76.9 |
| 1997 | 13.7 | 23.3 | 29.5 | 36.6 | 44.6 | 50.0 | 54.7 | 58.7 | 69.1 | 68.1 | 69.7 |
| 1998 | 14.4 | 19.3 | 33.1 | 39.2 | 45.9 | 47.9 | 53.5 | 56.1 | 62.0 | 74.1 | 78.1 |
| 1999 | 13.5 | 22.6 | 28.0 | 41.9 | 46.6 | 49.2 | 53.1 | 56.3 | 59.8 | 63.5 | 69.5 |
| 2000 | 14.2 | 22.3 | 31.7 | 37.0 | 48.6 | 52.5 | 54.8 | 60.8 | 62.0 | 60.5 | 67.0 |
| 2001 | 14.8 | 21.9 | 30.7 | 40.3 | 45.1 | 53.0 | 57.3 | 60.7 | 62.2 | 62.5 | 67.8 |
| 2002 | 14.7 | 23.5 | 29.4 | 38.2 | 46.4 | 50.8 | 56.2 | 56.0 | 64.6 | 66.9 | 71.1 |
| 2003 | 13.8 | 22.7 | 29.4 | 37.5 | 43.9 | 50.5 | 55.2 | 61.1 | 63.3 | 63.5 | 70.4 |
| 2004 | 14.3 | 22.5 | 30.0 | 37.9 | 43.6 | 48.4 | 53.7 | 58.4 | 63.5 | 69.1 | 72.2 |

Table 4.16 NEA haddock mean weights at age from the Russian bottom trawl survey in October-December (g).

|  | Age |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| YEAR | 0+(1) | 1+(2) | 2+(3) | 3+(4) | 4+(5) | 5+(6) | 6+(7) | 7+(8) | 8+(9) | 9+(10) | $10+(11)$ |
| 1982 | 32 | 102 | 364 | 500 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1983 | 57 | 170 | 271 | 916 | 1625 | 2346 | 2751 | 3153 | 3217 | 4290 | 5200 |
| 1984 |  | 124 | 434 | 722 | 1410 | 2296 | 3071 | 2942 | 3224 | 3747 | 5408 |
| 1985 |  | 94 | 302 | 788 | 1533 | 2275 | 2650 |  | 3400 | 4076 | 3943 |
| 1986 | 40 | 91 | 220 | 470 | 905 | 1759 | 2300 | 2500 |  | 3550 | 4100 |
| 1987 |  | 96 | 193 | 353 | 612 | 1101 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1988 |  | 84 | 250 | 409 | 641 | 1036 | 1451 |  |  |  |  |
| 1989 |  | 94 | 160 | 718 | 926 | 1254 | 1548 | 2106 | 2781 |  | 7160 |
| 1990 |  | 97 | 264 | 530 | 1250 | 1474 | 1812 | 2188 | 2626 | 3080 | 5520 |
| 1991 |  | 122 | 342 | 702 | 1518 | 1915 | 2244 | 2324 | 2649 | 3249 | 3810 |
| 1992 |  | 103 | 310 | 726 | 1505 | 2101 | 2386 | 2977 | 3315 | 3773 | 4800 |
| 1993 | 55 | 84 | 197 | 543 | 1120 | 1568 | 2125 | 2474 | 2476 | 2803 | 3324 |
| 1994 | 34 | 91 | 217 | 435 | 850 | 1498 | 2167 | 2875 | 2880 | 2963 | 3742 |
| 1995 | 32 | 90 | 210 | 445 | 708 | 1123 | 1776 | 2398 | 2847 | 3032 | 3781 |
| 1996 | 37 | 80 | 210 | 468 | 854 | 1186 | 1643 | 2429 | 3038 | 2991 | 4413 |
| 1997 | 27 | 113 | 226 | 458 | 882 | 1191 | 1579 | 1963 | 3155 | 2815 | 3565 |
| 1998 | 38 | 72 | 340 | 593 | 972 | 1226 | 1593 | 1803 | 2389 | 3681 | 4494 |
| 1999 | 27 | 103 | 196 | 730 | 1003 | 1182 | 1522 | 1748 | 2148 | 2547 | 2807 |
| 2000 | 24 | 105 | 313 | 480 | 1197 | 1502 | 1713 | 2375 | 2445 | 2286 | 3065 |
| 2001 | 25 | 98 | 264 | 632 | 930 | 1534 | 1935 | 2383 | 2589 | 2631 | 3210 |
| 2002 | 26 | 127 | 302 | 586 | 1077 | 1470 | 2029 | 2127 | 1954 | 2933 | 3986 |
| 2003 | 21 | 103 | 229 | 498 | 797 | 1241 | 1649 | 2308 | 2617 | 3061 | 3390 |
| 2004 | 24 | 87 | 253 | 518 | 846 | 1130 | 1571 | 1959 | 2633 | 3366 | 3859 |

Table 4.17 NEA haddock length at age data from the Russian bottom trawl survey smoothed by fitting a von Bertalanffy growth function to each of the year classes (cm). Ages and years are shifted, as the data on the end of year are given for 1 January of the next year.

|  | Age |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| YEAR | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 |
| 1980 | 16.2 | 30.0 | 37.5 | 45.2 | 46.8 | 52.6 | 57.6 | 62.0 | 65.8 | 69.1 | 72.0 |
| 1981 | 16.1 | 27.9 | 40.4 | 45.8 | 52.2 | 52.6 | 57.6 | 62.0 | 65.8 | 69.1 | 72.0 |
| 1982 | 14.1 | 27.8 | 37.9 | 49.0 | 52.9 | 58.1 | 57.6 | 62.0 | 65.8 | 69.1 | 72.0 |
| 1983 | 13.3 | 24.6 | 37.7 | 46.2 | 56.2 | 58.8 | 63.2 | 62.0 | 65.8 | 69.1 | 72.0 |
| 1984 | 12.5 | 23.3 | 33.7 | 46.0 | 53.3 | 62.2 | 63.9 | 67.5 | 65.8 | 69.1 | 72.0 |
| 1985 | 12.4 | 22.0 | 32.0 | 41.5 | 53.1 | 59.3 | 67.1 | 68.1 | 71.1 | 69.1 | 72.0 |
| 1986 | 12.9 | 21.8 | 30.3 | 39.6 | 48.3 | 59.0 | 64.3 | 71.2 | 71.7 | 74.2 | 72.0 |
| 1987 | 14.1 | 22.7 | 30.2 | 37.7 | 46.2 | 54.1 | 64.0 | 68.5 | 74.6 | 74.8 | 76.8 |
| 1988 | 13.9 | 24.6 | 31.3 | 37.5 | 44.1 | 52.0 | 59.2 | 68.3 | 72.1 | 77.5 | 77.4 |
| 1989 | 14.0 | 24.3 | 33.7 | 38.8 | 43.9 | 49.8 | 57.1 | 63.6 | 71.9 | 75.1 | 79.9 |
| 1990 | 13.8 | 24.5 | 33.2 | 41.5 | 45.4 | 49.6 | 54.8 | 61.5 | 67.4 | 74.9 | 77.7 |
| 1991 | 12.3 | 24.1 | 33.5 | 41.0 | 48.3 | 51.1 | 54.6 | 59.2 | 65.3 | 70.6 | 77.5 |
| 1992 | 11.8 | 21.7 | 33.1 | 41.3 | 47.8 | 54.1 | 56.1 | 59.0 | 63.1 | 68.6 | 73.5 |
| 1993 | 12.1 | 20.8 | 30.0 | 40.8 | 48.1 | 53.6 | 59.2 | 60.5 | 62.9 | 66.5 | 71.6 |
| 1994 | 12.5 | 21.4 | 28.8 | 37.3 | 47.5 | 54.0 | 58.7 | 63.6 | 64.4 | 66.3 | 69.5 |
| 1995 | 12.6 | 21.9 | 29.5 | 35.9 | 43.7 | 53.4 | 59.0 | 63.1 | 67.4 | 67.8 | 69.3 |
| 1996 | 12.9 | 22.2 | 30.3 | 36.8 | 42.2 | 49.4 | 58.4 | 63.4 | 66.9 | 70.6 | 70.7 |
| 1997 | 13.5 | 22.6 | 30.6 | 37.6 | 43.1 | 47.8 | 54.3 | 62.8 | 67.2 | 70.2 | 73.5 |
| 1998 | 12.4 | 23.6 | 31.1 | 38.0 | 44.0 | 48.8 | 52.8 | 58.7 | 66.6 | 70.5 | 73.0 |
| 1999 | 13.0 | 21.8 | 32.4 | 38.6 | 44.5 | 49.7 | 53.8 | 57.2 | 62.6 | 69.9 | 73.3 |
| 2000 | 12.5 | 22.8 | 30.1 | 40.1 | 45.1 | 50.2 | 54.7 | 58.2 | 61.0 | 66.0 | 72.8 |
| 2001 | 12.4 | 22.0 | 31.3 | 37.4 | 46.8 | 50.8 | 55.2 | 59.1 | 62.0 | 64.5 | 69.1 |
| 2002 | 12.7 | 21.9 | 30.3 | 38.8 | 43.9 | 52.6 | 55.9 | 59.6 | 63.0 | 65.5 | 67.6 |
| 2003 | 12.8 | 22.4 | 30.2 | 37.6 | 45.4 | 49.6 | 57.6 | 60.3 | 63.5 | 66.4 | 68.5 |
| 2004 | 13.0 | 22.5 | 30.9 | 37.5 | 44.1 | 51.1 | 54.6 | 62.0 | 64.1 | 66.9 | 69.4 |
| 2005 | 14.1 | 22.7 | 31.0 | 38.3 | 43.9 | 49.8 | 56.2 | 59.0 | 65.8 | 67.5 | 69.9 |

Table 4.18 NEA haddock weight at age data obtained from the Russian bottom trawl survey and smoothed using $\mathbf{W}=\mathbf{a}^{*} \mathrm{~L} \wedge \mathbf{b}$ equation and applying this relationship to the von Bertalanffy fitted length at age data (g). Ages and years are shifted, as the data on the end of year are given for 1 January of the next year.

|  | Age |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| YEAR | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 |
| 1980 | 38.5 | 257.6 | 512.0 | 908.1 | 1031.5 | 1471.5 | 1943.5 | 2428.4 | 2911.0 | 3379.7 | 3826.8 |
| 1981 | 37.8 | 206.9 | 643.1 | 949.2 | 1415.6 | 1471.5 | 1943.5 | 2428.4 | 2911.0 | 3379.7 | 3826.8 |
| 1982 | 25.1 | 203.1 | 527.0 | 1167.3 | 1473.8 | 1973.3 | 1943.5 | 2428.4 | 2911.0 | 3379.7 | 3826.8 |
| 1983 | 21.0 | 139.5 | 518.3 | 974.5 | 1777.1 | 2047.0 | 2549.6 | 2428.4 | 2911.0 | 3379.7 | 3826.8 |
| 1984 | 17.4 | 118.0 | 366.9 | 959.8 | 1509.5 | 2423.7 | 2635.8 | 3119.9 | 2911.0 | 3379.7 | 3826.8 |
| 1985 | 17.0 | 98.9 | 314.0 | 699.1 | 1488.8 | 2091.9 | 3068.8 | 3215.1 | 3666.6 | 3379.7 | 3826.8 |
| 1986 | 19.4 | 97.1 | 266.5 | 605.1 | 1113.7 | 2065.9 | 2688.1 | 3685.8 | 3767.5 | 4178.4 | 3826.8 |
| 1987 | 25.1 | 109.6 | 261.8 | 519.5 | 974.5 | 1584.3 | 2657.8 | 3272.7 | 4258.2 | 4281.9 | 4648.8 |
| 1988 | 24.1 | 139.6 | 293.3 | 510.9 | 845.6 | 1400.7 | 2086.3 | 3239.3 | 3828.2 | 4777.3 | 4752.2 |
| 1989 | 24.8 | 134.1 | 367.0 | 568.0 | 832.5 | 1227.7 | 1862.3 | 2598.4 | 3793.1 | 4343.9 | 5239.8 |
| 1990 | 23.6 | 137.6 | 353.6 | 699.2 | 918.9 | 1210.1 | 1648.1 | 2340.5 | 3104.3 | 4308.0 | 4813.9 |
| 1991 | 16.7 | 131.4 | 362.3 | 675.5 | 1113.9 | 1326.5 | 1626.1 | 2090.2 | 2820.0 | 3591.9 | 4778.3 |
| 1992 | 14.6 | 95.2 | 347.1 | 690.9 | 1079.0 | 1584.6 | 1770.8 | 2064.3 | 2540.1 | 3288.9 | 4052.9 |
| 1993 | 15.8 | 83.8 | 257.0 | 664.1 | 1101.6 | 1538.8 | 2086.5 | 2234.0 | 2510.8 | 2986.3 | 3738.6 |
| 1994 | 17.2 | 90.8 | 228.2 | 502.1 | 1062.1 | 1568.5 | 2031.1 | 2598.7 | 2701.4 | 2954.4 | 3420.2 |
| 1995 | 17.9 | 98.1 | 245.8 | 449.2 | 819.2 | 1516.6 | 2067.1 | 2535.2 | 3104.7 | 3161.2 | 3386.4 |
| 1996 | 19.0 | 101.8 | 264.5 | 481.7 | 738.2 | 1192.0 | 2004.1 | 2576.5 | 3035.0 | 3592.3 | 3604.8 |
| 1997 | 22.0 | 107.4 | 273.8 | 515.8 | 788.1 | 1081.7 | 1603.5 | 2504.3 | 3080.4 | 3518.5 | 4053.3 |
| 1998 | 17.0 | 123.3 | 287.8 | 532.7 | 840.0 | 1149.8 | 1464.6 | 2037.6 | 3001.0 | 3566.5 | 3977.1 |
| 1999 | 19.5 | 96.8 | 327.2 | 558.1 | 865.7 | 1220.1 | 1550.6 | 1872.8 | 2480.7 | 3482.3 | 4026.8 |
| 2000 | 17.3 | 110.1 | 261.2 | 628.8 | 903.9 | 1254.9 | 1638.6 | 1975.0 | 2293.5 | 2921.5 | 3939.7 |
| 2001 | 17.0 | 98.6 | 294.3 | 509.9 | 1009.8 | 1306.3 | 1681.9 | 2079.1 | 2409.7 | 2716.1 | 3351.5 |
| 2002 | 18.5 | 97.2 | 265.8 | 569.9 | 831.0 | 1447.5 | 1745.9 | 2130.0 | 2527.5 | 2843.9 | 3132.3 |
| 2003 | 18.8 | 104.7 | 262.0 | 518.1 | 921.7 | 1208.0 | 1919.7 | 2204.9 | 2584.8 | 2972.6 | 3269.0 |
| 2004 | 19.4 | 106.2 | 281.0 | 511.3 | 843.5 | 1330.1 | 1623.5 | 2407.0 | 2668.9 | 3035.0 | 3405.7 |
| 2005 | 25.1 | 109.9 | 284.8 | 545.8 | 833.2 | 1225.0 | 1775.3 | 2061.2 | 2893.7 | 3126.0 | 3471.8 |

Table 4.19 NEA haddock observed percent mature at age from the Russian bottom trawl survey in October-December (both sexes).

| Age |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| YEAR | 1+(2) | 2+(3) | 3+(4) | 4+(5) | 5+(6) | 6+(7) | 7+(8) | 8+(9) | 9+(10) | +(11) | 11+(12) | 12+(13) | 13+(14) |
| 1983 |  | 20 | 23.3 | 37.8 | 75.4 | 78.0 | 84.6 | 93.7 | 80.7 | 100 |  | 100 | 96.9 |
| 1984 | 0 | 0.9 | 34.3 | 82.3 | 89.3 | 97.3 | 95.5 | 98.1 | 98.5 | 100 |  |  | 100 |
| 1985 | 0 | 0.1 | 17.2 | 45.5 | 84.1 | 69.8 |  | 100 | 34.7 | 28.3 | 27.2 |  |  |
| 1986 | 0 | 0 | 4.7 | 45.2 | 53.1 | 100 | 55.3 | 0 | 100 | 100 |  |  | 0 |
| 1987 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11.2 | 36.3 | 100 |  |  |  | 100 |  | 100 |  |
| 1988 | 0 | 0 | 1.0 | 16.0 | 43.7 | 66.1 |  |  |  |  |  | 100 |  |
| 1989 | 0 | 0.3 | 1.8 | 25.2 | 45.6 | 73.4 | 86.5 | 80 |  |  |  | 100 | 100 |
| 1990 | 0 | 0 | 1.8 | 32.0 | 59.6 | 86.3 | 91.9 | 100 | 100 |  |  | 100 | 100 |
| 1991 | 0 | 0 | 6.5 | 53.1 | 68.8 | 73.2 | 79.5 | 95.1 | 80 | 100 |  |  |  |
| 1992 | 0 | 0.2 | 31.3 | 55.5 | 74.1 | 75.0 | 86.5 | 84.1 | 82.9 | 100 |  | 100 |  |
| 1993 | 0 | 0 | 1.3 | 13.3 | 55.3 | 87.0 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 97.2 | 100 | 100 |  |
| 1994 | 0 | 0 | 0.6 | 16.0 | 61.0 | 83.3 | 100 | 100 | 89.9 | 100 | 98.7 | 100 | 100 |
| 1995 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15.0 | 47.7 | 81.4 | 87.2 | 100 | 91.9 | 86.8 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| 1996 | 0 | 0 | 1.2 | 11.3 | 26.4 | 52.2 | 83.4 | 100 | 80 | 100 | 100 | 100 |  |
| 1997 | 0 | 0 | 3.9 | 20.0 | 39.7 | 67.4 | 86.7 | 88.5 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |  |
| 1998 | 0 | 0 | 2.4 | 25.0 | 41.0 | 55.7 | 80.5 | 88.2 | 100 | 100 |  | 100 | 100 |
| 1999 | 0 | 0 | 5.7 | 32.6 | 57.3 | 72.6 | 85.6 | 94.2 | 93.0 | 100 | 100 |  | 100 |
| 2000 | 0 | 0.2 | 1.5 | 48.8 | 71.7 | 82.3 | 96.5 | 91.2 | 100 | 92.0 | 100 | 90.5 | 100 |
| 2001 | 0 | 0.3 | 5.7 | 29.6 | 71.9 | 78.9 | 82.4 | 92.1 | 100 | 90.5 | 75.4 | 100 | 100 |
| 2002 | 0 | 0.3 | 4.6 | 36.6 | 62.9 | 86.5 | 89.2 | 89.2 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| 2003 | 0 | 0.2 | 3.6 | 17.6 | 55.5 | 81.9 | 94.5 | 97.8 | 93.5 | 88.0 | 98.8 | 100 | 99.6 |
| 2004 | 0 | 0.3 | 3.3 | 15.9 | 48.2 | 79.1 | 89.6 | 97.7 | 90.9 | 94.4 | 78.8 | 100 | 92.5 |

Table 4.20 NEA haddock percent mature at age from the Russian bottom trawl survey fitted using a logistic function with age and yearclass dependent age at $50 \%$ maturity as explanatory variables. Ages and years are shifted, as the data on the end of year are given for 1 January of the next year.

| Age |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| YEAR | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 |
| 1980 | 0 | 0 | 1.2 | 7.4 | 31.9 | 57.7 | 78.5 | 87.1 | 89.5 | 93.0 | 96.1 | 95.6 | 100 |
| 1981 | 0 | 0 | 1.2 | 7.4 | 31.9 | 57.7 | 78.5 | 87.1 | 89.5 | 93.0 | 96.1 | 95.6 | 100 |
| 1982 | 0 | 0 | 1.2 | 7.4 | 31.9 | 57.7 | 78.5 | 87.1 | 89.5 | 93.0 | 96.1 | 95.6 | 100 |
| 1983 | 0 | 0 | 1.2 | 7.4 | 31.9 | 57.7 | 78.5 | 87.1 | 89.5 | 93.0 | 96.1 | 95.6 | 100 |
| 1984 | 0 | 0 | 5.9 | 37.8 | 48.1 | 75.4 | 78.0 | 85.6 | 93.8 | 93.0 | 96.1 | 95.6 | 100 |
| 1985 | 0 | 0 | 2.4 | 17.2 | 66.9 | 75.5 | 91.1 | 92.2 | 95.2 | 98.1 | 96.1 | 95.6 | 100 |
| 1986 | 0 | 0 | 1.9 | 7.5 | 41.0 | 87.1 | 91.1 | 97.1 | 97.5 | 98.5 | 99.4 | 95.6 | 100 |
| 1987 | 0 | 0 | 2.2 | 6.1 | 21.2 | 69.8 | 95.7 | 97.2 | 99.1 | 99.2 | 99.5 | 99.8 | 100 |
| 1988 | 0 | 0 | 2.9 | 7.0 | 17.8 | 47.2 | 88.5 | 98.7 | 99.1 | 99.7 | 99.8 | 99.9 | 100 |
| 1989 | 0 | 0 | 4.0 | 9.0 | 20.1 | 41.9 | 74.8 | 96.2 | 99.6 | 99.7 | 99.9 | 99.9 | 100 |
| 1990 | 0 | 0 | 6.3 | 12.1 | 24.7 | 45.5 | 70.6 | 90.8 | 98.8 | 99.9 | 99.9 | 100.0 | 100 |
| 1991 | 0 | 0 | 5.0 | 18.4 | 31.3 | 52.1 | 73.6 | 88.9 | 97.1 | 99.6 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100 |
| 1992 | 0 | 0 | 3.2 | 14.8 | 42.8 | 60.3 | 78.4 | 90.2 | 96.4 | 99.1 | 99.9 | 100.0 | 100 |
| 1993 | 0 | 0 | 1.4 | 10.1 | 36.6 | 71.3 | 83.5 | 92.3 | 96.9 | 98.9 | 99.7 | 100.0 | 100 |
| 1994 | 0 | 0 | 1.3 | 4.6 | 27.1 | 65.8 | 89.2 | 94.4 | 97.6 | 99.0 | 99.7 | 99.9 | 100 |
| 1995 | 0 | 0 | 1.3 | 4.1 | 13.8 | 55.3 | 86.5 | 96.5 | 98.2 | 99.3 | 99.7 | 99.9 | 100 |
| 1996 | 0 | 0 | 2.0 | 4.1 | 12.4 | 34.8 | 80.5 | 95.5 | 98.9 | 99.5 | 99.8 | 99.9 | 100 |
| 1997 | 0 | 0 | 3.0 | 6.4 | 12.5 | 32.0 | 64.0 | 93.2 | 98.6 | 99.7 | 99.8 | 99.9 | 100 |
| 1998 | 0 | 0 | 4.2 | 9.4 | 18.6 | 32.3 | 61.0 | 85.5 | 97.9 | 99.6 | 99.9 | 100.0 | 100 |
| 1999 | 0 | 0 | 5.9 | 12.7 | 25.7 | 43.2 | 61.4 | 83.9 | 95.2 | 99.3 | 99.9 | 100.0 | 100 |
| 2000 | 0 | 0 | 3.6 | 17.3 | 32.7 | 53.5 | 71.7 | 84.1 | 94.5 | 98.5 | 99.8 | 100.0 | 100 |
| 2001 | 0 | 0 | 3.6 | 11.0 | 41.1 | 61.8 | 79.3 | 89.4 | 94.6 | 98.3 | 99.5 | 99.9 | 100 |
| 2002 | 0 | 0 | 2.2 | 10.9 | 29.2 | 69.9 | 84.3 | 92.7 | 96.6 | 98.3 | 99.5 | 99.9 | 100 |
| 2003 | 0 | 0 | 0.3 | 7.1 | 29.0 | 57.8 | 88.5 | 94.7 | 97.7 | 98.9 | 99.5 | 99.8 | 100 |
| 2004 | 0 | 0 | 0.2 | 3.6 | 20.2 | 57.6 | 82.0 | 96.3 | 98.3 | 99.3 | 99.7 | 99.8 | 100 |
| 2005 | 0 | 0 | 0.3 | 3.3 | 15.9 | 45.7 | 81.9 | 93.8 | 98.8 | 99.5 | 99.8 | 99.9 | 100 |

Table 4.21 Combined mean weight at age in the stock.

| Year | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11+ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1950 | 0.03 | 0.14 | 0.35 | 0.66 | 1.04 | 1.47 | 1.93 | 2.42 | 2.88 | 3.32 | 3.73 |
| 1951 | 0.03 | 0.14 | 0.35 | 0.66 | 1.04 | 1.47 | 1.93 | 2.42 | 2.88 | 3.32 | 3.73 |
| 1952 | 0.03 | 0.14 | 0.35 | 0.66 | 1.04 | 1.47 | 1.93 | 2.42 | 2.88 | 3.32 | 3.73 |
| 1953 | 0.03 | 0.14 | 0.35 | 0.66 | 1.04 | 1.47 | 1.93 | 2.42 | 2.88 | 3.32 | 3.73 |
| 1954 | 0.03 | 0.14 | 0.35 | 0.66 | 1.04 | 1.47 | 1.93 | 2.42 | 2.88 | 3.32 | 3.73 |
| 1955 | 0.03 | 0.14 | 0.35 | 0.66 | 1.04 | 1.47 | 1.93 | 2.42 | 2.88 | 3.32 | 3.73 |
| 1956 | 0.03 | 0.14 | 0.35 | 0.66 | 1.04 | 1.47 | 1.93 | 2.42 | 2.88 | 3.32 | 3.73 |
| 1957 | 0.03 | 0.14 | 0.35 | 0.66 | 1.04 | 1.47 | 1.93 | 2.42 | 2.88 | 3.32 | 3.73 |
| 1958 | 0.03 | 0.14 | 0.35 | 0.66 | 1.04 | 1.47 | 1.93 | 2.42 | 2.88 | 3.32 | 3.73 |
| 1959 | 0.03 | 0.14 | 0.35 | 0.66 | 1.04 | 1.47 | 1.93 | 2.42 | 2.88 | 3.32 | 3.73 |
| 1960 | 0.03 | 0.14 | 0.35 | 0.66 | 1.04 | 1.47 | 1.93 | 2.42 | 2.88 | 3.32 | 3.73 |
| 1961 | 0.03 | 0.14 | 0.35 | 0.66 | 1.04 | 1.47 | 1.93 | 2.42 | 2.88 | 3.32 | 3.73 |
| 1962 | 0.03 | 0.14 | 0.35 | 0.66 | 1.04 | 1.47 | 1.93 | 2.42 | 2.88 | 3.32 | 3.73 |
| 1963 | 0.03 | 0.14 | 0.35 | 0.66 | 1.04 | 1.47 | 1.93 | 2.42 | 2.88 | 3.32 | 3.73 |
| 1964 | 0.03 | 0.14 | 0.35 | 0.66 | 1.04 | 1.47 | 1.93 | 2.42 | 2.88 | 3.32 | 3.73 |
| 1965 | 0.03 | 0.14 | 0.35 | 0.66 | 1.04 | 1.47 | 1.93 | 2.42 | 2.88 | 3.32 | 3.73 |
| 1966 | 0.03 | 0.14 | 0.35 | 0.66 | 1.04 | 1.47 | 1.93 | 2.42 | 2.88 | 3.32 | 3.73 |
| 1967 | 0.03 | 0.14 | 0.35 | 0.66 | 1.04 | 1.47 | 1.93 | 2.42 | 2.88 | 3.32 | 3.73 |
| 1968 | 0.03 | 0.14 | 0.35 | 0.66 | 1.04 | 1.47 | 1.93 | 2.42 | 2.88 | 3.32 | 3.73 |
| 1969 | 0.03 | 0.14 | 0.35 | 0.66 | 1.04 | 1.47 | 1.93 | 2.42 | 2.88 | 3.32 | 3.73 |
| 1970 | 0.03 | 0.14 | 0.35 | 0.66 | 1.04 | 1.47 | 1.93 | 2.42 | 2.88 | 3.32 | 3.73 |
| 1971 | 0.03 | 0.14 | 0.35 | 0.66 | 1.04 | 1.47 | 1.93 | 2.42 | 2.88 | 3.32 | 3.73 |
| 1972 | 0.03 | 0.14 | 0.35 | 0.66 | 1.04 | 1.47 | 1.93 | 2.42 | 2.88 | 3.32 | 3.73 |
| 1973 | 0.03 | 0.14 | 0.35 | 0.66 | 1.04 | 1.47 | 1.93 | 2.42 | 2.88 | 3.32 | 3.73 |
| 1974 | 0.03 | 0.14 | 0.35 | 0.66 | 1.04 | 1.47 | 1.93 | 2.42 | 2.88 | 3.32 | 3.73 |
| 1975 | 0.03 | 0.14 | 0.35 | 0.66 | 1.04 | 1.47 | 1.93 | 2.42 | 2.88 | 3.32 | 3.73 |
| 1976 | 0.03 | 0.14 | 0.35 | 0.66 | 1.04 | 1.47 | 1.93 | 2.42 | 2.88 | 3.32 | 3.73 |
| 1977 | 0.03 | 0.14 | 0.35 | 0.66 | 1.04 | 1.47 | 1.93 | 2.42 | 2.88 | 3.32 | 3.73 |
| 1978 | 0.03 | 0.14 | 0.35 | 0.66 | 1.04 | 1.47 | 1.93 | 2.42 | 2.88 | 3.32 | 3.73 |
| 1979 | 0.03 | 0.14 | 0.35 | 0.66 | 1.04 | 1.47 | 1.93 | 2.42 | 2.88 | 3.32 | 3.73 |
| 1980 | 0.05 | 0.24 | 0.46 | 0.89 | 1.14 | 1.65 | 2.24 | 3.02 | 3.27 | 3.45 | 4.00 |
| 1981 | 0.04 | 0.23 | 0.59 | 0.84 | 1.36 | 1.58 | 2.12 | 2.71 | 3.47 | 3.69 | 3.84 |
| 1982 | 0.03 | 0.20 | 0.56 | 1.04 | 1.29 | 1.86 | 2.04 | 2.58 | 3.16 | 3.88 | 4.07 |
| 1983 | 0.03 | 0.16 | 0.48 | 1.00 | 1.57 | 1.77 | 2.38 | 2.50 | 3.03 | 3.58 | 4.25 |
| 1984 | 0.02 | 0.14 | 0.39 | 0.87 | 1.51 | 2.12 | 2.28 | 2.88 | 2.94 | 3.45 | 3.97 |
| 1985 | 0.02 | 0.11 | 0.34 | 0.71 | 1.33 | 2.04 | 2.67 | 2.77 | 3.36 | 3.36 | 3.85 |
| 1986 | 0.03 | 0.12 | 0.28 | 0.64 | 1.10 | 1.83 | 2.58 | 3.20 | 3.24 | 3.80 | 3.76 |
| 1987 | 0.04 | 0.14 | 0.30 | 0.53 | 0.99 | 1.54 | 2.34 | 3.10 | 3.70 | 3.68 | 4.21 |
| 1988 | 0.03 | 0.17 | 0.35 | 0.55 | 0.83 | 1.40 | 1.99 | 2.85 | 3.59 | 4.14 | 4.09 |
| 1989 | 0.03 | 0.16 | 0.42 | 0.65 | 0.88 | 1.19 | 1.83 | 2.45 | 3.32 | 4.04 | 4.55 |
| 1990 | 0.03 | 0.15 | 0.39 | 0.77 | 1.01 | 1.24 | 1.57 | 2.26 | 2.90 | 3.77 | 4.44 |
| 1991 | 0.02 | 0.13 | 0.38 | 0.72 | 1.18 | 1.42 | 1.64 | 1.97 | 2.69 | 3.33 | 4.17 |
| 1992 | 0.02 | 0.10 | 0.33 | 0.69 | 1.11 | 1.64 | 1.85 | 2.04 | 2.38 | 3.11 | 3.73 |
| 1993 | 0.02 | 0.10 | 0.26 | 0.62 | 1.08 | 1.55 | 2.11 | 2.29 | 2.45 | 2.77 | 3.51 |
| 1994 | 0.02 | 0.11 | 0.25 | 0.50 | 0.97 | 1.51 | 2.01 | 2.58 | 2.72 | 2.85 | 3.15 |
| 1995 | 0.02 | 0.11 | 0.27 | 0.47 | 0.79 | 1.37 | 1.96 | 2.47 | 3.04 | 3.13 | 3.23 |
| 1996 | 0.03 | 0.12 | 0.28 | 0.51 | 0.75 | 1.13 | 1.79 | 2.41 | 2.92 | 3.47 | 3.53 |
| 1997 | 0.03 | 0.13 | 0.31 | 0.53 | 0.81 | 1.08 | 1.50 | 2.23 | 2.86 | 3.34 | 3.87 |

Table 4.21 Continued.

| $\mathbf{1 9 9 8}$ | 0.02 | 0.14 | 0.32 | 0.58 | 0.85 | 1.15 | 1.44 | 1.89 | 2.66 | 3.28 | 3.74 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 9}$ | 0.03 | 0.11 | 0.34 | 0.60 | 0.91 | 1.20 | 1.53 | 1.81 | 2.28 | 3.07 | 3.68 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | 0.02 | 0.13 | 0.28 | 0.64 | 0.95 | 1.28 | 1.59 | 1.92 | 2.20 | 2.67 | 3.47 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | 0.02 | 0.11 | 0.32 | 0.53 | 1.00 | 1.33 | 1.69 | 1.99 | 2.31 | 2.58 | 3.05 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ | 0.02 | 0.10 | 0.28 | 0.59 | 0.84 | 1.40 | 1.75 | 2.10 | 2.40 | 2.70 | 2.94 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | 0.02 | 0.12 | 0.26 | 0.53 | 0.93 | 1.19 | 1.83 | 2.17 | 2.52 | 2.79 | 3.08 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ | 0.02 | 0.12 | 0.31 | 0.50 | 0.84 | 1.32 | 1.58 | 2.27 | 2.59 | 2.92 | 3.18 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 5}$ | 0.03 | 0.12 | 0.31 | 0.57 | 0.80 | 1.20 | 1.73 | 1.98 | 2.71 | 3.00 | 3.31 |

Table 4.22 Combined maturity at age data.

|  | Age |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11+ |
| 1950 | 0.01 | 0.10 | 0.32 | 0.64 | 0.85 | 0.95 | 0.98 | 0.99 | 1.00 |
| 1951 | 0.01 | 0.10 | 0.32 | 0.64 | 0.85 | 0.95 | 0.98 | 0.99 | 1.00 |
| 1952 | 0.01 | 0.10 | 0.32 | 0.64 | 0.85 | 0.95 | 0.98 | 0.99 | 1.00 |
| 1953 | 0.01 | 0.10 | 0.32 | 0.64 | 0.85 | 0.95 | 0.98 | 0.99 | 1.00 |
| 1954 | 0.01 | 0.10 | 0.32 | 0.64 | 0.85 | 0.95 | 0.98 | 0.99 | 1.00 |
| 1955 | 0.01 | 0.10 | 0.32 | 0.64 | 0.85 | 0.95 | 0.98 | 0.99 | 1.00 |
| 1956 | 0.01 | 0.10 | 0.32 | 0.64 | 0.85 | 0.95 | 0.98 | 0.99 | 1.00 |
| 1957 | 0.01 | 0.10 | 0.32 | 0.64 | 0.85 | 0.95 | 0.98 | 0.99 | 1.00 |
| 1958 | 0.01 | 0.10 | 0.32 | 0.64 | 0.85 | 0.95 | 0.98 | 0.99 | 1.00 |
| 1959 | 0.01 | 0.10 | 0.32 | 0.64 | 0.85 | 0.95 | 0.98 | 0.99 | 1.00 |
| 1960 | 0.01 | 0.10 | 0.32 | 0.64 | 0.85 | 0.95 | 0.98 | 0.99 | 1.00 |
| 1961 | 0.01 | 0.10 | 0.32 | 0.64 | 0.85 | 0.95 | 0.98 | 0.99 | 1.00 |
| 1962 | 0.01 | 0.10 | 0.32 | 0.64 | 0.85 | 0.95 | 0.98 | 0.99 | 1.00 |
| 1963 | 0.01 | 0.10 | 0.32 | 0.64 | 0.85 | 0.95 | 0.98 | 0.99 | 1.00 |
| 1964 | 0.01 | 0.10 | 0.32 | 0.64 | 0.85 | 0.95 | 0.98 | 0.99 | 1.00 |
| 1965 | 0.01 | 0.10 | 0.32 | 0.64 | 0.85 | 0.95 | 0.98 | 0.99 | 1.00 |
| 1966 | 0.01 | 0.10 | 0.32 | 0.64 | 0.85 | 0.95 | 0.98 | 0.99 | 1.00 |
| 1967 | 0.01 | 0.10 | 0.32 | 0.64 | 0.85 | 0.95 | 0.98 | 0.99 | 1.00 |
| 1968 | 0.01 | 0.10 | 0.32 | 0.64 | 0.85 | 0.95 | 0.98 | 0.99 | 1.00 |
| 1969 | 0.01 | 0.10 | 0.32 | 0.64 | 0.85 | 0.95 | 0.98 | 0.99 | 1.00 |
| 1970 | 0.01 | 0.10 | 0.32 | 0.64 | 0.85 | 0.95 | 0.98 | 0.99 | 1.00 |
| 1971 | 0.01 | 0.10 | 0.32 | 0.64 | 0.85 | 0.95 | 0.98 | 0.99 | 1.00 |
| 1972 | 0.01 | 0.10 | 0.32 | 0.64 | 0.85 | 0.95 | 0.98 | 0.99 | 1.00 |
| 1973 | 0.01 | 0.10 | 0.32 | 0.64 | 0.85 | 0.95 | 0.98 | 0.99 | 1.00 |
| 1974 | 0.01 | 0.10 | 0.32 | 0.64 | 0.85 | 0.95 | 0.98 | 0.99 | 1.00 |
| 1975 | 0.01 | 0.10 | 0.32 | 0.64 | 0.85 | 0.95 | 0.98 | 0.99 | 1.00 |
| 1976 | 0.01 | 0.10 | 0.32 | 0.64 | 0.85 | 0.95 | 0.98 | 0.99 | 1.00 |
| 1977 | 0.01 | 0.10 | 0.32 | 0.64 | 0.85 | 0.95 | 0.98 | 0.99 | 1.00 |
| 1978 | 0.01 | 0.10 | 0.32 | 0.64 | 0.85 | 0.95 | 0.98 | 0.99 | 1.00 |
| 1979 | 0.01 | 0.10 | 0.32 | 0.64 | 0.85 | 0.95 | 0.98 | 0.99 | 1.00 |
| 1980 | 0.01 | 0.10 | 0.36 | 0.67 | 0.85 | 0.93 | 0.97 | 0.97 | 1.00 |
| 1981 | 0.01 | 0.09 | 0.36 | 0.66 | 0.85 | 0.93 | 0.97 | 0.97 | 1.00 |
| 1982 | 0.01 | 0.10 | 0.34 | 0.67 | 0.85 | 0.93 | 0.97 | 0.97 | 1.00 |
| 1983 | 0.01 | 0.11 | 0.37 | 0.65 | 0.85 | 0.93 | 0.97 | 0.97 | 1.00 |
| 1984 | 0.01 | 0.24 | 0.47 | 0.77 | 0.85 | 0.92 | 0.97 | 0.97 | 1.00 |
| 1985 | 0.01 | 0.13 | 0.52 | 0.78 | 0.93 | 0.95 | 0.97 | 0.99 | 1.00 |
| 1986 | 0.01 | 0.08 | 0.38 | 0.81 | 0.93 | 0.98 | 0.99 | 0.99 | 1.00 |
| 1987 | 0.01 | 0.07 | 0.27 | 0.71 | 0.94 | 0.98 | 0.99 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| 1988 | 0.01 | 0.08 | 0.23 | 0.59 | 0.90 | 0.98 | 0.99 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| 1989 | 0.01 | 0.09 | 0.26 | 0.54 | 0.83 | 0.97 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| 1990 | 0.01 | 0.12 | 0.30 | 0.57 | 0.80 | 0.94 | 0.99 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| 1991 | 0.01 | 0.14 | 0.35 | 0.63 | 0.82 | 0.93 | 0.98 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| 1992 | 0.01 | 0.12 | 0.40 | 0.68 | 0.85 | 0.94 | 0.98 | 0.99 | 1.00 |
| 1993 | 0.01 | 0.09 | 0.36 | 0.73 | 0.89 | 0.95 | 0.98 | 0.99 | 1.00 |
| 1994 | 0.01 | 0.06 | 0.28 | 0.69 | 0.91 | 0.96 | 0.99 | 0.99 | 1.00 |
| 1995 | 0.01 | 0.05 | 0.20 | 0.61 | 0.89 | 0.97 | 0.99 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| 1996 | 0.01 | 0.06 | 0.20 | 0.49 | 0.85 | 0.97 | 0.99 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| 1997 | 0.01 | 0.07 | 0.21 | 0.48 | 0.76 | 0.95 | 0.99 | 1.00 | 1.00 |

Table 4.22 Continued.

| $\mathbf{1 9 9 8}$ | 0.01 | 0.09 | 0.24 | 0.49 | 0.75 | 0.91 | 0.99 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 9}$ | 0.01 | 0.11 | 0.29 | 0.55 | 0.76 | 0.91 | 0.97 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | 0.01 | 0.13 | 0.33 | 0.61 | 0.81 | 0.91 | 0.97 | 0.99 | 1.00 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | 0.01 | 0.09 | 0.37 | 0.66 | 0.85 | 0.93 | 0.97 | 0.99 | 1.00 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ | 0.01 | 0.10 | 0.29 | 0.70 | 0.88 | 0.95 | 0.98 | 0.99 | 1.00 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | 0.01 | 0.07 | 0.30 | 0.62 | 0.90 | 0.96 | 0.99 | 0.99 | 1.00 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ | 0.01 | 0.05 | 0.25 | 0.63 | 0.86 | 0.97 | 0.99 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 5}$ | 0.01 | 0.06 | 0.21 | 0.56 | 0.86 | 0.96 | 0.99 | 1.00 | 1.00 |



Figure 4.1 Norwegian statistical areas


Figure 4.2 Norwegian catch at age and weight at age for 2004 by gear and ICES area (thick lines), with $\mathbf{9 5 \%}$ confidence intervals and CVs (thin black lines).


Figure 4.3 Total Norwegian catch at age in area IIa (thick lines), with $95 \%$ confidence intervals and CV (thin black lines), for the period 1983-2004.


Figure 4.4 Mean length at age from the Norwegian bottom trawl survey in February. Solid lines connect the year class, while the dotted lines show length at ages $\mathbf{1}$ to $\mathbf{1 0}$. Red line corresponds to age 5.

Smoothed mean length at age (Norwegian BT survey)


Figure 4.5 Length at age data from the Norwegian bottom trawl survey smoothed by fitting a von Bertalanffy growth function to each of the yearclasses. Red line corresponds to age 5.


Figure 4.6 Weight at age data obtained from the Norwegian bottom trawl survey by fitting $\mathbf{W}=a^{*} \mathbf{L}^{\wedge} \mathbf{b}$ and applying this relationship to the von Bertalanffy fitted length at age data. Red line corresponds to age 5.

Observed proportions (from Norwegian BT survey)


Figure 4.7 Observed proportions mature from the Norwegian bottom trawl survey in February. Solid lines connect year classes, while dotted lines represents proportions mature at age (both sexes). Red line corresponds to age 5.


Figure 4.8 Proportions mature at age from the Norwegian bottom trawl survey fitted using a logistic function with age and length as explanatory variables. Red line corresponds to age 5.


Figure 4.9 NEA haddock mean length at age from the Russian bottom trawl survey in OctoberDecember. Solid lines connect the year class, while the dotted lines show length at ages 1 to 11. Red line corresponds to age 5.


Figure 4.10 NEA haddock length at age data from the Russian bottom trawl survey smoothed by fitting a von Bertalanffy growth function to each of the year classes. Solid lines connect the year class, while the dotted lines show length at ages 1 to 11. Red line corresponds to age 5.


Figure 4.11 NEA haddock weight at age data obtained from the Russian bottom trawl survey by fitting $\mathbf{W}=\mathbf{a}^{*} \mathrm{~L}^{\wedge} \mathbf{b}$ and applying this relationship to the von Bertalanffy fitted length at age data. (vertical axis label should have been "Weight in g"). Red line corresponds to age 5.

## Observed proportions mature (Russian BT)



Figure 4.12 NEA haddock observed proportions of mature from the Russian bottom trawl survey. Solid lines connect year classes, while dotted lines represents proportions mature at age (both sexes). Red line corresponds to age 5 . Red line corresponds to age 5.


Figure 4.13 NEA haddock proportions of mature at age from the Russian bottom trawl survey fitted using a logistic function with age and year class dependent age at $50 \%$ maturity as explanatory variables. Red line corresponds to age 5 . Red line corresponds to age 5.


Figure 4.14 Mean weight at age in the stock combined from Norwegian and Russian mean weight at age data. Red line corresponds to age 5.

Combined proportions mature at age (used in the assessment)


Figure 4.15 Maturity at age. Data combined from Norwegian and Russian maturity at age data. Red line corresponds to age 5.

## 5 Stock dynamics

### 5.1 Estimation of stock dynamics (XSA)

### 5.1.1 Landings prior to 2005

Landings from 1983 to 2003 were changed due to information of Norwegian landings in coastal regions of Norwegian economical zone and increased to compare with previous data for this period. Reported landings in 2003-2004 are still provisional. They now amount to 105700 t in 2003 and 124502 t in 2004, which is less than the agreed TAC for 2004 (130 000 t ).

### 5.1.2 Data Used in the Assessment

Catch-at-age
See Table 4.8.

## Weight-at-age in the catch

See Table 4.9. Revised weights in the catch at age 3 and 4 for both periods (with average data from 1950 to 1979 and with observed data for each year from 1980 to 2004) were lower than those used in assessment in 2005 and in previous years. The weights-at-age in the catch for older fish are showing with rare exception a decreasing trend for 1980-2004 in comparison with data used in input files before the revision. The weights-at-age in the catch in 2004 are showing an inclining tendency for most ages, but for ages 3-5 they still lower than in 19982002.

Stock weights (See Table 4.21) used from 1980 to 2004 are averages of values derived from Russian surveys in autumn (mostly October-December) and Norwegian surveys in JanuaryMarch the following year. These averages are assumed to give representative values for the beginning of the year. Revised average weights-at-age in the stock in 1950-1979 in assessment as average of new data values derived for the period from 1980 to 2004 were reduced for all ages relative to the 2005 assessment. In 1980-2004 for which an individual data for each year have been used weights in the stock at age 4 and especially 3 were higher than those used in previous assessments.

## Natural mortality

Natural mortality was set to $0.2+$ mortality from predation by cod. The only change done in the input file was replacing the 0.2 for all age groups previous to 1984 with the average natural mortality for 1984-2004 (Age groups 1-6).

## Maturity-at-age

Maturity ogives were available from Russia and Norway for the period 1980-2004. The ogives for 2001-2004 shows a relatively early maturation compared to the second part of 1990's, while the ogives for ages 3-4 in 2004 indicates slight reduction in the proportions mature relative to the preceding years. The maturity-at-age series for the whole period 19502004 is shown in Table 4.22. Using modelled/smoothed ogives has removed sudden "jumps" in the historic SSB estimates.

## Tuning data

No changes have been made in data used for tuning (See ICES, 2005). The same surveys series are included in the data for tuning. The indices for the Russian BT survey in the 1990 and indices for 1996-year class were not used for tuning the XSA.

### 5.1.3 The XSA assessment

The Extended Survivors Analysis (XSA) was used to tune the VPA to the available index series, the settings used by the AFWG in 2005 were not changed (See ICES, 2005)

The matrix of natural mortality coefficients was used in the final XSA instead of using the number of haddock consumed by cod (see Table 5.3).

The tuning diagnostics of the final XSA (predation included) are given in Table 5.4.
As in the last year assessment the convergence of XSA did not occur at ages older than 5 years after 30 iterations. With increased number of iterations the total absolute differences in F between iterations became greater.

Fishing mortalities is given in Table 5.5, the stock numbers of the final VPA - in Table 5.6, the stock biomass at age - in Table 5.7, the spawning stock biomass at age is given in Tables 5.8, summary data - in Table 5.9.

This assessment showed the fishing mortality for the period from 2000 to 2004 to be much lower compared to the second half of 1990's.

The majority of the reported 2004 catches consisted of the 1998, 1999 and 2000 year classes. Compared to the 2003 catches the 1998 year class contribution decreased and the 1999 and 2000 year classes increased.

The largest contribution (more than $40 \%$ ) to the spawning stock in 2004 was made by the 1998 year class while about the 50 \% was provided by 1996, 1997 and 1999 cohorts.

### 5.1.4 Comparing the revised assessment with the WG assessment

Nearly all revised fishing mortalities for the period from 1980 to 2004 are lower compared to the 2005 WG assessment. F4-7 indicated slightly reduced fishing mortality in 1950-1980 and quite essential decreasing for the later years, especially in the first half of 80th and in last 10 years.

An increased revised maturity ogives (both average for 1950-1979 and individual for 19802004) and using natural mortality data (average for 1950-1983) caused a substantial growth of spawning stock number for the whole period with minor excluding for some years (Figure 5.3) while decreased average weights-at-age resulted in keeping the spawning stock biomass in 1950-1980 on the same level in comparison with previous assessments. By the same reason similar trends were observed for total abundance and biomass dynamics.

The new assessment showed increasing recruitment of all year classes at age 3 for the whole time series with the only exception of the 1983 year class. The growth of abundance have been caused mainly by using the average natural mortality data for the years prior to 1983 never used before and due to new number and matrix of catches for the period after 1983.

Due to revised data for natural mortality caused by predation of cod the recruitment indices increased, especially for abundant year classes (Figure 5.4) to compare with 2005 assessment.

### 5.2 Estimation of stock dynamics (FLXSA approach)

### 5.2.1 FLR

FLR (Fish Lab in R) is a generic software framework intended to be used to evaluate and develop management strategies for a broad range of objectives. The framework uses R, an open-source statistical environment. In order to develop advice that is robust to uncertainties in our knowledge about the dynamics of fishery systems, their response to management and our ability to monitor, assess and control them, the framework must explicitly include a variety of processes. Currently the framework is being used to develop bio-economic models, multi-annual management plans and fishery independent assessment methods within a variety of EU Projects. Further information can be found at: http://www.flr-project.org/doku.php.

FLXSA is a package in the FLR framework, which performs a standard ICES XSA.

### 5.2.2 Data and settings

The data used in the assessment were the same as described in Section 5.1. In the FLR framework SOP corrections of the catch data was not an option. This option is used in standard XSA due to the older part of the haddock time series. The FLXSA control settings are shown in Table 5.10 and are otherwise the same as the regular analysis (see Section 5.1). It should be noted that although "window" was set to 15, it turned out that the whole time span with index data was used in the tuning. This means that the survey data from 1983-1989 was used in this run while not in the standard ICES XSA. Fbar is set to $4-7$ as in standard assessments.

### 5.2.3 Results

The results of the FLXSA can be seen in Table 5.11 and time series plots can be seen in Figure 5.5. The estimates of the recruitment and fishing mortality rates are the same as in the standard XSA run from the above section (see Table 5.9, 5.5). There are only insignificant differences. The spawning stock biomass is the same as the XSA without SOP corrections (Table 5.9). It differs somewhat when SOP corrections are included (Table 5.8). They look more or less the same, but with small differences. The estimates of total biomass are different, likely due to differences in age range.

Residuals and diagnostics from the analysis can be seen in Table 5.12. Comparing some of the diagnostics was somewhat confusing, and the working group assumes that "Slope" in FLXSA is the same as "Intercept" in ICES XSA and that "power" in FLXSA is the same as "Slope" in ICES XSA. Comparing the numbers this way gives numbers in the same range. If our assumption is correct, the differences may be due to different tuning windows. For the Russian survey they are about the same, while the differences are somewhat greater for the Norwegian surveys, especially for the younger age groups. The log catchabilities vary somewhat between the two runs. This is expected due to the different tuning windows. However the log mean catchabilities are the same in the results from the two XSA versions and for all 3 surveys. (Please note that in the FLR diagnostics they are given as mean q , while $\log$ mean q in the ICES XSA diagnostics.) In contrast to the ICES XSA run, there are no residuals for the Norwegian Acoustic survey from 1990. The workshop did not have time available to sort out this problem.

Biological reference points have not been calculated. A retrospective XSA has been carried out and the results are shown in Figure 5.12.

Table 5.1 Catch numbers at age (Numbers, thousands spec)

| Run title : NEA Haddock (SVPA AKHAD06) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| At 8/03/2006 17:49 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Table 1 Catch numbers at age N |  |  | Numbers*10**-3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| YEAR | 1950 | 1951 | 1952 | 1953 | 1954 |  |  |  |  |  |
| AGE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | 3189 | 65643 | 6012 | 64528 | 6563 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | 37949 | 9178 | 151996 | 13013 | 154696 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 | 35344 | 18014 | 13634 | 70781 | 5885 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6 | 18849 | 13551 | 9850 | 5431 | 27590 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7 | 28868 | 6808 | 4693 | 2867 | 3233 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8 | 9199 | 6850 | 3237 | 1080 | 1302 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9 | 1979 | 3322 | 2434 | 424 | 712 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10 | 1093 | 1182 | 606 | 315 | 319 |  |  |  |  |  |
| +gp | 2977 | 1348 | 880 | 1005 | 543 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 TOTALNUM | 139447 | 125896 | 193342 | 159444 | 200843 |  |  |  |  |  |
| TONSLAND | 132125 | 120077 | 127660 | 123920 | 156788 |  |  |  |  |  |
| SOPCOF \% | 61 | 79 | 56 | 68 | 66 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Table 1 Catch numbers at age Numbers*10**-3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| YEAR | 1955 | 1956 | 1957 | 1958 | 1959 | 1960 | 1961 | 1962 | 1963 | 1964 |
| AGE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | 1154 | 16437 | 2074 | 1727 | 20318 | 39910 | 15429 | 39503 | 28466 | 22363 |
| 4 | 10689 | 5922 | 24704 | 5914 | 7826 | 70912 | 56855 | 30868 | 72736 | 49290 |
| 5 | 176678 | 14713 | 7942 | 31438 | 7243 | 13647 | 63351 | 48903 | 18969 | 30672 |
| 6 | 4993 | 127879 | 12535 | 5820 | 14040 | 7101 | 8706 | 33836 | 13579 | 5815 |
| 7 | 28273 | 3182 | 46619 | 12748 | 3154 | 6236 | 3578 | 3201 | 9257 | 3527 |
| 8 | 1445 | 8003 | 1087 | 17565 | 2237 | 1579 | 4407 | 1341 | 1239 | 2716 |
| 9 | 271 | 450 | 1971 | 822 | 5918 | 2340 | 788 | 1773 | 559 | 833 |
| 10 | 100 | 200 | 356 | 1072 | 285 | 2005 | 527 | 242 | 409 | 104 |
| +gp | 100 | 185 | 176 | 601 | 500 | 606 | 1434 | 756 | 375 | 633 |
| 0 TOTALNUM | 223703 | 176971 | 97464 | 77707 | 61521 | 144336 | 155075 | 160423 | 145589 | 115953 |
| TONSLAND | 202286 | 213924 | 123583 | 112672 | 88211 | 154651 | 193224 | 187408 | 146224 | 99158 |
| SOPCOF \% | 63 | 77 | 78 | 87 | 103 | 93 | 98 | 92 | 85 | 72 |

Table 1 Catch numbers at age Numbers*10**-3
$\begin{array}{llllllllllll}\text { YEAR } & 1965 & 1966 & 1967 & 1968 & 1969 & 1970 & 1971 & 1972 & 1973 & 1974\end{array}$
AGE

| 3 | 5936 | 26345 | 15907 | 657 | 1524 | 23444 | 1978 | 230942 | 70679 | 9685 |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 4 |  | 46356 | 22631 | 41346 | 67632 | 1968 | 2454 | 24358 | 22315 | 260520 | 41706 |
| 5 | 40201 | 63176 | 13496 | 41267 | 44634 | 1906 | 1257 | 42981 | 24180 | 88120 |  |
| 6 | 12631 | 29048 | 25719 | 7748 | 19002 | 22417 | 918 | 3206 | 6919 | 5829 |  |
| 7 | 1679 | 5752 | 8872 | 15599 | 3620 | 8100 | 9279 | 1611 | 422 | 4138 |  |
| 8 | 974 | 582 | 1616 | 5292 | 4937 | 2012 | 3056 | 6758 | 426 | 382 |  |
| 9 | 897 | 438 | 218 | 655 | 1628 | 2016 | 826 | 2638 | 1692 | 618 |  |
| 10 |  | 123 | 189 | 175 | 182 | 316 | 740 | 1043 | 900 | 529 | 2043 |
|  | +gp | 802 | 242 | 271 | 286 | 109 | 293 | 534 | 1652 | 584 | 1870 |
| 0 | TOTALNUM | 109599 | 148403 | 107620 | 139318 | 77738 | 63382 | 43249 | 313003 | 365951 | 154391 |
|  | TONSLAND | 118578 | 161778 | 136397 | 181726 | 130820 | 88257 | 78905 | 266153 | 322226 | 221157 |
|  | SOPCOF \% | 84 | 84 | 97 | 97 | 110 | 100 | 127 | 90 | 83 | 109 |

Table 5.1 Catch numbers at age (continued)


Table 1 Catch numbers at age Numbers*10**-3
$\begin{array}{llllllllllll}\text { YEAR } & 1985 & 1986 & 1987 & 1988 & 1989 & 1990 & 1991 & 1992 & 1993 & 1994\end{array}$

| AGE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 |  | 1695 | 68429 | 87170 | 12478 | 4986 | 2580 | 3564 | 11567 | 19457 |
| 5 | 564 | 1565 | 64556 | 47890 | 16071 | 2142 | 2416 | 4099 | 13704 | 36333 |
| 6 | 1009 | 783 | 960 | 20429 | 25313 | 4046 | 3299 | 2642 | 4103 | 13264 |
| 7 | 943 | 896 | 597 | 397 | 3198 | 6221 | 4633 | 2894 | 1747 | 2057 |
| 8 | 886 | 393 | 376 | 178 | 147 | 840 | 3953 | 3327 | 1886 | 903 |
| 9 |  | 1763 | 702 | 212 | 74 | 1 | 134 | 461 | 3498 | 2105 |
| 1453 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10 | 588 | 1144 | 230 | 88 | 28 | 42 | 83 | 486 | 1965 | 2769 |
|  |  | 281 | 987 | 738 | 446 | 177 | 71 | 54 | 84 | 323 |
| 2110 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| +gp | 37353 | 98012 | 159870 | 83419 | 52078 | 17091 | 22884 | 40168 | 58777 | 110084 |
| TOTALNUM | 45052 | 100563 | 154916 | 95255 | 58518 | 27182 | 36216 | 59922 | 82379 | 135186 |
| TONSLAND | 102 | 95 | 101 | 100 | 102 | 98 | 96 | 102 | 100 | 99 |

Table 1 Catch numbers at age Numbers*10**-3
$\begin{array}{lllllllllllll}\text { YEAR } & 1995 & 1996 & 1997 & 1998 & 1999 & 2000 & 2001 & 2002 & 2003 & 2004\end{array}$

| AGE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | 2003 | 1662 | 2280 | 1701 | 16839 | 1520 | 12971 | 5491 | 4743 | 5232 |
| 4 | 16109 | 6818 | 5633 | 11304 | 8039 | 29986 | 5230 | 35584 | 20251 | 13764 |
| 5 | 72644 | 36473 | 12603 | 9258 | 15365 | 6496 | 32049 | 9290 | 44162 | 28539 |
| 6 | 19145 | 73579 | 32832 | 8633 | 6073 | 5149 | 5279 | 19917 | 10353 | 34811 |
| 7 | 6417 | 13426 | 49478 | 13801 | 4466 | 2406 | 2941 | 2269 | 13653 | 4567 |
| 8 | 746 | 2944 | 5636 | 19469 | 6355 | 1657 | 1137 | 1425 | 1521 | 4767 |
| 9 | 361 | 573 | 778 | 2113 | 6204 | 1570 | 1161 | 443 | 2128 | 569 |
| 10 | 770 | 365 | 245 | 330 | 647 | 1744 | 1169 | 409 | 829 | 1215 |
| +gp | 1576 | 1897 | 748 | 490 | 446 | 437 | 1204 | 917 | 1137 | 85 |
| 0 TOTALNUM | 119771 | 137737 | 110233 | 67099 | 64434 | 50965 | 63141 | 75745 | 98777 | 93549 |
| TONSLAND | 142448 | 178128 | 154359 | 100630 | 83195 | 68944 | 89640 | 96062 | 105700 | 124502 |
| SOPCOF \% | 98 | 98 | 95 | 99 | 98 | 97 | 101 | 99 | 98 | 100 |

Table 5.2 Catch weights at age (kg)
Table 2 Catch weights at age (kg)

| YEAR | 1950 | 1951 | 1952 | 1953 | 1954 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AGE |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | 0.766 | 0.766 | 0.766 | 0.766 | 0.766 |
| 4 | 1.07 | 1.07 | 1.07 | 1.07 | 1.07 |
| 5 | 1.36 | 1.36 | 1.36 | 1.36 | 1.36 |
| 6 |  | 1.675 | 1.675 | 1.675 | 1.675 |
| 7 |  | 1.926 | 1.926 | 1.926 | 1.926 |
| 8 |  | 2.186 | 2.186 | 2.186 | 2.186 |
| 9 |  | 2.461 | 2.461 | 2.461 | 2.461 |
| 10 |  | 2.751 | 2.751 | 2.751 | 2.751 |
|  | +gp | 3.238 | 3.238 | 3.238 | 3.238 |
| 0 | SOPCOFAC | 0.6119 | 0.7943 | 0.5577 | 0.6818 |

Table 2 Catch weights at age (kg)

| YEAR | 1955 | 1956 | 1957 | 1958 | 1959 | 1960 | 1961 | 1962 | 1963 | 1964 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| AGE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | 0.766 | 0.766 | 0.766 | 0.766 | 0.766 | 0.766 | 0.766 | 0.766 | 0.766 | 0.766 |
| 4 | 1.07 | 1.07 | 1.07 | 1.07 | 1.07 | 1.07 | 1.07 | 1.07 | 1.07 | 1.07 |
| 5 | 1.36 | 1.36 | 1.36 | 1.36 | 1.36 | 1.36 | 1.36 | 1.36 | 1.36 | 1.36 |
| 6 | 1.675 | 1.675 | 1.675 | 1.675 | 1.675 | 1.675 | 1.675 | 1.675 | 1.675 | 1.675 |
| 7 | 1.926 | 1.926 | 1.926 | 1.926 | 1.926 | 1.926 | 1.926 | 1.926 | 1.926 | 1.926 |
| 8 |  | 2.186 | 2.186 | 2.186 | 2.186 | 2.186 | 2.186 | 2.186 | 2.186 | 2.186 |
| 9 | 2.461 | 2.461 | 2.461 | 2.461 | 2.461 | 2.461 | 2.461 | 2.461 | 2.461 | 2.461 |
| 10 |  | 2.751 | 2.751 | 2.751 | 2.751 | 2.751 | 2.751 | 2.751 | 2.751 | 2.751 |
|  | +gp | 3.238 | 3.238 | 3.238 | 3.238 | 3.238 | 3.238 | 3.238 | 3.238 | 3.238 |
| 0 | SOPCOFAC | 0.6325 | 0.7667 | 0.7803 | 0.8666 | 1.0349 | 0.9339 | 0.9761 | 0.923 | 0.848 |
| 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 2 Catch weights at age (kg)

| YEAR | 1965 | 1966 | 1967 | 1968 | 1969 | 1970 | 1971 | 1972 | 1973 | 1974 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| AGE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | 0.766 | 0.766 | 0.766 | 0.766 | 0.766 | 0.766 | 0.766 | 0.766 | 0.766 | 0.766 |
| 4 | 1.07 | 1.07 | 1.07 | 1.07 | 1.07 | 1.07 | 1.07 | 1.07 | 1.07 | 1.07 |
| 5 | 1.36 | 1.36 | 1.36 | 1.36 | 1.36 | 1.36 | 1.36 | 1.36 | 1.36 | 1.36 |
| 6 | 1.675 | 1.675 | 1.675 | 1.675 | 1.675 | 1.675 | 1.675 | 1.675 | 1.675 | 1.675 |
| 7 | 1.926 | 1.926 | 1.926 | 1.926 | 1.926 | 1.926 | 1.926 | 1.926 | 1.926 | 1.926 |
| 8 | 2.186 | 2.186 | 2.186 | 2.186 | 2.186 | 2.186 | 2.186 | 2.186 | 2.186 | 2.186 |
| 9 |  | 2.461 | 2.461 | 2.461 | 2.461 | 2.461 | 2.461 | 2.461 | 2.461 | 2.461 |
| 10 | 2.751 | 2.751 | 2.751 | 2.751 | 2.751 | 2.751 | 2.751 | 2.751 | 2.751 | 2.751 |
|  |  | 3.238 | 3.238 | 3.238 | 3.238 | 3.238 | 3.238 | 3.238 | 3.238 | 3.238 |
|  | SOP | 0.8441 | 0.8352 | 0.9717 | 0.9738 | 1.1012 | 0.9954 | 1.2725 | 0.8968 | 0.8334 |
| 0 | SOPCOFAC |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 5.2 (continued)

Table 2 Catch weights at age (kg)

| YEAR | 1975 | 1976 | 1977 | 1978 | 1979 | 1980 | 1981 | 1982 | 1983 | 1984 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| AGE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | 0.766 | 0.766 | 0.766 | 0.766 | 0.766 | 0.766 | 0.766 | 0.766 | 1.033 | 1.218 |
| 4 | 1.07 | 1.07 | 1.07 | 1.07 | 1.07 | 1.07 | 1.07 | 1.07 | 1.408 | 1.632 |
| 5 | 1.36 | 1.36 | 1.36 | 1.36 | 1.36 | 1.36 | 1.36 | 1.36 | 1.71 | 2.038 |
| 6 | 1.675 | 1.675 | 1.675 | 1.675 | 1.675 | 1.675 | 1.675 | 1.675 | 2.149 | 2.852 |
| 7 | 1.926 | 1.926 | 1.926 | 1.926 | 1.926 | 1.926 | 1.926 | 1.926 | 2.469 | 2.845 |
| 8 |  | 2.186 | 2.186 | 2.186 | 2.186 | 2.186 | 2.186 | 2.186 | 2.186 | 2.748 |
| 9 |  | 2.461 | 2.461 | 2.461 | 2.461 | 2.461 | 2.461 | 2.461 | 2.461 | 3.069 |
| 10 | 2.751 | 2.751 | 2.751 | 2.751 | 2.751 | 2.751 | 2.751 | 2.751 | 3.687 | 4.065 |
|  | +gp | 3.238 | 3.238 | 3.238 | 3.238 | 3.238 | 3.238 | 3.238 | 3.238 | 4.516 |
| 0 | SOPCOFAC | 1.0815 | 0.868 | 0.8956 | 1.0593 | 1.2663 | 1.278 | 1.3498 | 1.3424 | 0.9535 |

Table 2 Catch weights at age (kg)

| YEAR | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 | 1990 | 1991 | 1992 | 1993 | 1994 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AGE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | 0.835 | 0.612 | 0.497 | 0.55 | 0.684 | 0.793 | 0.941 | 0.906 | 0.94 | 0.614 |
| 4 | 1.29 | 1.064 | 0.765 | 0.908 | 0.84 | 1.172 | 1.281 | 1.263 | 1.204 | 0.906 |
| 5 | 1.816 | 1.539 | 1.179 | 1.097 | 0.998 | 1.397 | 1.556 | 1.535 | 1.487 | 1.287 |
| 6 | 2.174 | 1.944 | 1.724 | 1.357 | 1.176 | 1.624 | 1.797 | 1.747 | 1.748 | 1.602 |
| 7 | 2.301 | 2.362 | 2.135 | 1.537 | 1.546 | 1.885 | 2.044 | 2.043 | 1.994 | 1.968 |
| 8 | 2.835 | 2.794 | 2.551 | 1.704 | 1.713 | 2.112 | 2.079 | 2.2 | 2.237 | 2.059 |
| 9 | 3.253 | 3.25 | 3.009 | 2.403 | 1.949 | 2.653 | 2.311 | 2.298 | 2.417 | 2.39 |
| 10 | 3.721 | 3.643 | 3.414 | 2.403 | 2.14 | 3.102 | 2.788 | 2.494 | 2.654 | 2.545 |
| +gp | 4.416 | 5.283 | 4.213 | 2.571 | 2.685 | 3.338 | 3.219 | 2.652 | 3.026 | 2.893 |
| 0 SOPCOFAC | 1.0242 | 0.9508 | 1.0078 | 1.0045 | 1.023 | 0.9843 | 0.9639 | 1.0207 | 0.9969 | 0.9945 |

Table 2 Catch weights at age (kg)

| YEAR | 1995 | 1996 | 1997 | 1998 | 1999 | 2000 | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AGE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | 0.739 | 0.683 | 0.682 | 0.748 | 0.826 | 0.853 | 0.751 | 0.714 | 0.587 | 0.654 |
| 4 | 0.808 | 0.868 | 1.028 | 0.974 | 1.079 | 1.186 | 1.104 | 1.014 | 0.846 | 0.897 |
| 5 | 1.107 | 1.045 | 1.151 | 1.262 | 1.261 | 1.395 | 1.459 | 1.363 | 1.049 | 1.19 |
| 6 | 1.556 | 1.363 | 1.369 | 1.433 | 1.485 | 1.588 | 1.709 | 1.63 | 1.309 | 1.507 |
| 7 | 1.838 | 1.71 | 1.637 | 1.641 | 1.634 | 1.808 | 1.921 | 1.948 | 1.303 | 1.803 |
| 8 |  | 2.234 | 1.886 | 1.856 | 1.863 | 1.798 | 1.989 | 2.182 | 2.074 | 1.909 |
| 9 |  | 2.416 | 2.214 | 2.073 | 2.069 | 2.032 | 2.264 | 2.331 | 2.252 | 1.593 |
| 10 | 2.602 | 2.37 | 2.5 | 2.335 | 2.237 | 2.415 | 2.609 | 2.413 | 1.828 | 2.554 |
| 10 | +gp | 3.13 | 2.675 | 2.554 | 2.81 | 2.712 | 2.892 | 2.981 | 2.737 | 2.312 |
| 0 | SOPCOFAC | 0.9759 | 0.9832 | 0.9505 | 0.9888 | 0.9792 | 0.9741 | 1.0098 | 0.9903 | 0.9785 |

## Table 5.3 Natural Mortality (M) at age

Run title : NEA Haddock (SVPA AKHAD06)

| At $8 / 03 / 2006$ | $17: 49$ |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Table 4 | Natural Mortality (M) at age |  |  |  |  |
| YEAR | 1950 | 1951 | 1952 | 1953 | 1954 |
| AGE |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | 0.3371 | 0.3371 | 0.3371 | 0.3371 | 0.3371 |
| 4 | 0.2309 | 0.2309 | 0.2309 | 0.2309 | 0.2309 |
| 5 | 0.2175 | 0.2175 | 0.2175 | 0.2175 | 0.2175 |
| 6 | 0.2028 | 0.2028 | 0.2028 | 0.2028 | 0.2028 |
| 7 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| 8 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| 9 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| 10 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
|  | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 |

Table 4 Natural Mortality (M) at age

| YEAR | 1955 | 1956 | 1957 | 1958 | 1959 | 1960 | 1961 | 1962 | 1963 | 1964 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| AGE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 3 | 0.3371 | 0.3371 | 0.3371 | 0.3371 | 0.3371 | 0.3371 | 0.3371 | 0.3371 | 0.3371 | 0.3371 |
| 4 | 0.2309 | 0.2309 | 0.2309 | 0.2309 | 0.2309 | 0.2309 | 0.2309 | 0.2309 | 0.2309 | 0.2309 |
| 5 | 0.2175 | 0.2175 | 0.2175 | 0.2175 | 0.2175 | 0.2175 | 0.2175 | 0.2175 | 0.2175 | 0.2175 |
| 6 | 0.2028 | 0.2028 | 0.2028 | 0.2028 | 0.2028 | 0.2028 | 0.2028 | 0.2028 | 0.2028 | 0.2028 |
| 7 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| 8 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| 9 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| 10 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
|  | +gp | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.2 |

Table 4 Natural Mortality (M) at age

| YEAR | 1965 | 1966 | 1967 | 1968 | 1969 | 1970 | 1971 | 1972 | 1973 | 1974 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| AGE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | 0.3371 | 0.3371 | 0.3371 | 0.3371 | 0.3371 | 0.3371 | 0.3371 | 0.3371 | 0.3371 | 0.3371 |
| 4 | 0.2309 | 0.2309 | 0.2309 | 0.2309 | 0.2309 | 0.2309 | 0.2309 | 0.2309 | 0.2309 | 0.2309 |
| 5 | 0.2175 | 0.2175 | 0.2175 | 0.2175 | 0.2175 | 0.2175 | 0.2175 | 0.2175 | 0.2175 | 0.2175 |
| 6 | 0.2028 | 0.2028 | 0.2028 | 0.2028 | 0.2028 | 0.2028 | 0.2028 | 0.2028 | 0.2028 | 0.2028 |
| 7 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| 8 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| 9 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| 10 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
|  | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 |

## Table 5.3 (continued)

| Table 4 | Natural Mortality (M) at age |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| YEAR | 1975 | 1976 | 1977 | 1978 | 1979 | 1980 | 1981 | 1982 | 1983 | 1984 |
| AGE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | 0.3371 | 0.3371 | 0.3371 | 0.3371 | 0.3371 | 0.3371 | 0.3371 | 0.3371 | 0.3371 | 0.2103 |
| 4 | 0.2309 | 0.2309 | 0.2309 | 0.2309 | 0.2309 | 0.2309 | 0.2309 | 0.2309 | 0.2309 | 0.2 |
| 5 | 0.2175 | 0.2175 | 0.2175 | 0.2175 | 0.2175 | 0.2175 | 0.2175 | 0.2175 | 0.2175 | 0.2 |
| 6 | 0.2028 | 0.2028 | 0.2028 | 0.2028 | 0.2028 | 0.2028 | 0.2028 | 0.2028 | 0.2028 | 0.2 |
| 7 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| 8 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| 9 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| 10 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
|  | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 |

Table 4 Natural Mortality (M) at age

| YEAR | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 | 1990 | 1991 | 1992 | 1993 | 1994 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| AGE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | 0.2 | 0.6443 | 0.2 | 0.4677 | 0.2 | 0.3738 | 0.2 | 0.2063 | 0.2673 | 0.3041 |
| 4 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2288 | 0.219 |
| 5 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2024 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.3036 | 0.2137 |
| 6 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2009 |
| 7 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| 8 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| 9 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| 10 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
|  | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 |

Table 4 Natural Mortality (M) at age

| YEAR | 1995 | 1996 | 1997 | 1998 | 1999 | 2000 | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| AGE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | 0.3799 | 0.86 | 0.5245 | 0.2518 | 0.202 | 0.234 | 0.2199 | 0.3783 | 0.4929 | 0.2617 |
| 4 | 0.3843 | 0.3243 | 0.257 | 0.2637 | 0.2 | 0.2099 | 0.2016 | 0.2143 | 0.2963 | 0.2502 |
| 5 | 0.3163 | 0.2271 | 0.2316 | 0.2293 | 0.2 | 0.2122 | 0.2 | 0.2052 | 0.213 | 0.213 |
| 6 | 0.2107 | 0.2258 | 0.2113 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2081 | 0.2 | 0.2013 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| 7 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| 8 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| 9 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| 10 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
|  | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 |

## Table 5.4 Extended Survivors Analysis

```
Lowestoft VPA Version 3.1
8/03/2006 15:48
Extended Survivors Analysis
NEA Haddock (XSA WKHAD06)
CPUE data from file fleet
Catch data for 55 years. }1950\mathrm{ to 2004. Ages 1 to 11.
```

| Fleet | First | Last | First | Last | Alpha | Beta |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | year | year | age | age |  |  |
| FLT01: Russian BT su | 1990 | 2004 | 1 | 7 | 0.9 | 1 |
| FLT02: Norwegian aco 1990 | 2004 | 1 | 7 | 0.99 | 1 |  |
| FLT04: Norwegian BT | 1990 | 2004 | 1 | 8 | 0.99 | 1 |

Time series weights :
Tapered time weighting applied
Power = 3 over 20 years

Catchability analysis :
Catchability dependent on stock size for ages < 7

Regression type $=\mathrm{C}$
Minimum of 5 points used for regression
Survivor estimates shrunk to the population mean for ages $<7$

Catchability independent of age for ages $>=9$

Terminal population estimation :

Survivor estimates shrunk towards the mean F
of the final 5 years or the 3 oldest ages.
S.E. of the mean to which the estimates are shrunk $=.500$

Minimum standard error for population
estimates derived from each fleet $=.300$

Prior weighting not applied

Tuning had not converged after 30 iterations

Total absolute residual between iterations
29 and $30=.00178$

Final year F values
$\begin{array}{lllllllllll}\text { Age } & 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 & 9 & 10\end{array}$

| Iteration 29 | 0.0001 | 0.0022 | 0.0292 | 0.1215 | 0.2458 | 0.509 | 0.3082 | 0.3823 | 0.2931 | 0.5966 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

$\begin{array}{llllllllllll}\text { Iteration } 30 & 0.0001 & 0.0022 & 0.0292 & 0.1215 & 0.2458 & 0.5089 & 0.3081 & 0.382 & 0.2925 & 0.5961\end{array}$

Regression weights

Table 5.4 (continued)

| Fishing mortalities |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Age | 1995 | 1996 | 1997 | 1998 | 1999 | 2000 | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.001 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2 | 0 | 0.002 | 0.001 | 0.005 | 0.005 | 0.002 | 0.004 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.002 |
| 3 | 0.024 | 0.022 | 0.024 | 0.035 | 0.083 | 0.019 | 0.046 | 0.021 | 0.027 | 0.029 |
| 4 | 0.09 | 0.122 | 0.143 | 0.198 | 0.239 | 0.211 | 0.086 | 0.174 | 0.113 | 0.122 |
| 5 | 0.256 | 0.343 | 0.383 | 0.391 | 0.471 | 0.313 | 0.368 | 0.216 | 0.345 | 0.246 |
| 6 | 0.461 | 0.491 | 0.614 | 0.504 | 0.492 | 0.284 | 0.456 | 0.412 | 0.4 | 0.509 |
| 7 | 0.731 | 0.703 | 0.75 | 0.576 | 0.535 | 0.367 | 0.261 | 0.362 | 0.556 | 0.308 |
| 8 | 0.43 | 0.926 | 0.741 | 0.771 | 0.577 | 0.387 | 0.296 | 0.195 | 0.441 | 0.382 |
| 9 | 0.352 | 0.702 | 0.677 | 0.698 | 0.601 | 0.269 | 0.518 | 0.179 | 0.497 | 0.293 |
| 10 | 0.528 | 0.737 | 0.757 | 0.696 | 0.474 | 0.333 | 0.329 | 0.346 | 0.595 | 0.596 |
| 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| XSA population numbers (Thousands) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AGE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| YEAR | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| 1995 | 4280000 | 368000 | 104000 | 226000 | 376000 | 57500 | 13700 | 2360 | 1340 | 2080 |
| 1996 | 2340000 | 365000 | 116000 | 69600 | 141000 | 212000 | 29400 | 5390 | 1260 | 774 |
| 1997 | 1590000 | 117000 | 124000 | 47900 | 44500 | 79500 | 104000 | 11900 | 1750 | 510 |
| 1998 | 2430000 | 323000 | 55600 | 71800 | 32100 | 24100 | 34800 | 40000 | 4650 | 727 |
| 1999 | 1770000 | 146000 | 233000 | 41800 | 45200 | 17300 | 11900 | 16000 | 15200 | 1890 |
| 2000 | 2330000 | 481000 | 90800 | 175000 | 26900 | 23100 | 8650 | 5710 | 7370 | 6810 |
| 2001 | 1530000 | 475000 | 324000 | 70500 | 115000 | 15900 | 14100 | 4900 | 3170 | 4610 |
| 2002 | 4030000 | 581000 | 327000 | 248000 | 52900 | 65300 | 8260 | 8910 | 2990 | 1550 |
| 2003 | 5820000 | 573000 | 229000 | 219000 | 168000 | 34700 | 35400 | 4710 | 6000 | 2040 |
| 2004 | 1870000 | 598000 | 207000 | 136000 | 146000 | 96500 | 19000 | 16600 | 2480 | 2990 |

Estimated population abundance at 1st Jan 2005
$\begin{array}{lllllllllll}0 & 341000 & 326000 & 155000 & 94000 & 92100 & 47500 & 11500 & 9280 & 1520\end{array}$

Taper weighted geometric mean of the VPA populations:
$\begin{array}{llllllllll}2270000 & 348000 & 166000 & 108000 & 69100 & 35800 & 16400 & 7750 & 3550 & 1830\end{array}$

Standard error of the weighted Log(VPA populations) :

```
0.6189}00.69 0.7321 0.8245 0.8795 0.883 0.8741 0.9003 0.9314 1.025 
```


## Table 5.4 (continued)

| Fleet : FLT01: Russian BT su |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Age | 1990 | 1991 | 1992 | 1993 | 1994 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | 99.99 | 0.37 | 0.38 | -0.37 | -0.72 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | 99.99 | 0.23 | 0.32 | 0.19 | -0.01 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | 99.99 | -0.01 | 0.34 | 0.2 | 0.14 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | 99.99 | -0.22 | -0.21 | 0.51 | 0.04 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 | 99.99 | -0.31 | -0.31 | 0.18 | 0.14 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6 | 99.99 | -0.48 | 0.31 | 0.49 | -0.02 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7 | 99.99 | 0.48 | 0.63 | 0.81 | -0.47 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8 | No data for this fleet at this age |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Age | 1995 | 1996 | 1997 | 1998 | 1999 | 2000 | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 |
| 1 | -0.47 | -0.43 | 99.99 | -0.41 | 0.67 | 0.34 | -0.05 | 0.03 | 0.4 | 0.1 |
| 2 | -0.44 | -0.28 | -0.09 | 99.99 | 0.3 | 0.03 | 0.02 | -0.04 | 0.22 | -0.22 |
| 3 | -0.29 | -0.19 | -0.37 | 0.39 | 99.99 | 0.15 | -0.1 | 0.07 | 0.14 | -0.28 |
| 4 | -0.5 | 0.02 | 0.06 | -0.05 | 0.36 | 99.99 | -0.24 | 0.25 | 0.11 | -0.25 |
| 5 | -0.38 | 0.59 | -0.57 | -0.38 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 99.99 | 0.15 | 0.11 | -0.31 |
| 6 | 0.01 | 0.37 | -0.5 | -0.7 | -0.01 | -0.2 | 0.29 | 99.99 | 0.34 | 0.12 |
| 7 | 0.3 | 1.27 | -1.01 | 0.32 | -0.25 | -0.5 | -0.4 | 0.23 | 99.99 | -0.43 |
| 8 | No dat | for this | fleet at | age |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Mean log catchability and standard error of ages with catchability independent of year class strength and constant w.r.t. time

| Age | 7 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Mean Log q | -7.3335 |
| S.E(Log q) | 0.6433 |

Regression statistics :

Ages with q dependent on year class strength

| Age | Slope | t -value | Intercept RSquare | No Pts | Reg s.e | Mean Log q |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | 0.88 | 0.344 | 8.98 | 0.49 | 13 | 0.45 | -8.19 |
| 2 | 0.67 | 2.591 | 9.15 | 0.88 | 13 | 0.24 | -7.3 |
| 3 | 0.59 | 3.263 | 9.01 | 0.88 | 13 | 0.26 | -6.88 |
| 4 | 0.7 | 2.585 | 8.15 | 0.9 | 13 | 0.29 | -6.66 |
| 5 | 0.65 | 2.415 | 8.27 | 0.85 | 13 | 0.41 | -6.72 |
| 6 | 0.77 | 1.611 | 7.64 | 0.85 | 13 | 0.4 | -6.8 |

Ages with $q$ independent of year class strength and constant w.r.t. time.

| Age | Slope | t -value | Intercept RSquare | No Pts | Reg s.e Mean Q |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 7 | 1.14 | -0.47 | 7.01 | 0.57 | 13 | 0.77 | -7.33 |

## Table 5.4 (continued)

Fleet : FLT02: Norwegian aco

| Age | 1990 | 1991 | 1992 | 1993 | 1994 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | 0.4 | 0.35 | 0.61 | 0.29 | 0.26 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | 0.05 | 0.22 | -0.01 | 0.17 | -0.16 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | 0.19 | -0.25 | 0.23 | 0.09 | -0.23 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | 0.05 | -0.47 | -0.39 | 0.4 | 0.05 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 | -0.01 | 99.99 | 99.99 | 0.14 | 0.26 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6 | -0.28 | 99.99 | 99.99 | 99.99 | -0.09 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7 | 0.47 | -1.1 | 99.99 | 99.99 | 99.99 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8 | No data for this fleet at this age |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Age |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | 1995 | 1996 | 1997 | 1998 | 1999 | 2000 | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 |
| 2 | 0.06 | -1.1 | 99.99 | -0.66 | 0.58 | 0.11 | -0.22 | -0.2 | 0.31 | 0.02 |
| 3 | -0.23 | -0.17 | 0.09 | 99.99 | 0.01 | 0.07 | 0.09 | -0.01 | -0.03 | 0.03 |
| 4 | 0.09 | -0.1 | -0.06 | 0.07 | 99.99 | -0.07 | -0.11 | 0.16 | -0.04 | 0.1 |
| 5 | -0.12 | -0.2 | 0.14 | -0.12 | 0.61 | 99.99 | -0.22 | 0.27 | -0.13 | -0.18 |
| 6 | -0.25 | -0.01 | -0.11 | 0.08 | 0.37 | -0.62 | 99.99 | 0.33 | 0.05 | -0.16 |
| 7 | 0.14 | 0 | 0.25 | -0.38 | 0.42 | -0.48 | 0 | 99.99 | 0.51 | -0.27 |
| 8 | 99.99 | -0.07 | 0.8 | -0.36 | -0.02 | 99.99 | 99.99 | 99.99 | 99.99 | 99.99 |

Mean log catchability and standard error of ages with catchability independent of year class strength and constant w.r.t. time

| Age | 7 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Mean $\log q$ | -6.326 |
| S.E(Log q) | 0.6105 |

Regression
statistics :

Ages with q dependent on year class strength

| Age | Slope | t -value | Intercept RSquare | No Pts | Reg s.e | Mean Log q |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | 1.02 | -0.071 | 4.91 | 0.51 | 14 | 0.51 | -5.13 |
| 2 | 0.7 | 4.675 | 7.55 | 0.96 | 14 | 0.12 | -5.25 |
| 3 | 0.66 | 5.483 | 7.61 | 0.97 | 14 | 0.14 | -5.29 |
| 4 | 0.67 | 2.736 | 7.42 | 0.89 | 14 | 0.31 | -5.42 |
| 5 | 0.59 | 3.229 | 7.9 | 0.89 | 12 | 0.31 | -5.64 |
| 6 | 0.68 | 2.125 | 7.68 | 0.86 | 11 | 0.36 | -6.28 |

Ages with q independent of year class strength and constant w.r.t. time.

| Age | Slope | t -value | Intercept RSquare | No Pts | Reg s.e Mean Q |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 7 | 0.7 | 1.03 | 7.53 | 0.84 | 6 | 0.43 | -6.33 |

## Table 5.4 (continued)

Fleet : FLT04: Norwegian BT

| Age | 1990 | 1991 | 1992 | 1993 | 1994 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 0.23 | 0.46 | 0.21 | 0.11 | -0.56 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | -0.21 | 0.12 | -0.39 | 0.08 | -0.02 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | -0.24 | -0.33 | 0 | -0.23 | -0.03 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | 0.3 | -0.42 | -0.51 | -0.1 | 0.01 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 | 0.23 | 0.08 | -0.12 | -0.35 | 0.22 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6 | -0.46 | -0.24 | 0.22 | -0.24 | 0.22 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7 | 1.06 | 0.32 | -0.51 | -0.61 | 99.99 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8 | 99.99 | 1.04 | -0.46 | -0.21 | 0.22 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Age | 1995 | 1996 | 1997 | 1998 | 1999 | 2000 | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 |
| 1 | -0.15 | -0.39 | 99.99 | -0.78 | 0.1 | 0.14 | 0.08 | 0.07 | 0.36 | 0.38 |
| 2 | -0.26 | -0.01 | 0.13 | 99.99 | -0.14 | 0.05 | 0.09 | 0.22 | -0.03 | 0.05 |
| 3 | 0.27 | 0.12 | -0.06 | -0.1 | 99.99 | -0.03 | -0.05 | 0.02 | 0.07 | 0.19 |
| 4 | 0.38 | 0.15 | 0.23 | -0.3 | 0.09 | 99.99 | -0.03 | -0.25 | -0.05 | 0.27 |
| 5 | -0.01 | 0.1 | -0.08 | 0.15 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 99.99 | -0.11 | -0.1 | 0.06 |
| 6 | 0.32 | -0.01 | -0.12 | -0.16 | 0.04 | -0.3 | 0.1 | 99.99 | 0.41 | -0.14 |
| 7 | 0.87 | 1.44 | 1.06 | 0.42 | -0.28 | -1.23 | -0.73 | -0.5 | 99.99 | -0.29 |
| 8 | 99.99 | -0.04 | 0.92 | 0.19 | 0.46 | -0.64 | 99.99 | -1.28 | 0.3 | 99.99 |

Mean log catchability and standard error of ages with catchability independent of year class strength and constant w.r.t. time

| Age | 7 | 8 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Mean Log q | -7.2708 | -7.427 |
| S.E(Log q) | 0.8502 | 0.6929 |

Regression
statistics :

Ages with q dependent on year class strength

| Age | Slope | t -value | Intercept | Square | No Pts | Reg s.e | Mean Log q |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | 1.02 | -0.076 | 4.59 | 0.64 | 14 | 0.39 | -4.78 |
| 2 | 0.6 | 4.571 | 8.11 | 0.94 | 14 | 0.17 | -4.95 |
| 3 | 0.67 | 4.732 | 7.4 | 0.96 | 14 | 0.16 | -5.14 |
| 4 | 0.68 | 3.1 | 7.41 | 0.92 | 14 | 0.27 | -5.47 |
| 5 | 0.52 | 9.384 | 8.48 | 0.98 | 14 | 0.15 | -6.04 |
| 6 | 0.56 | 4.74 | 8.25 | 0.93 | 14 | 0.26 | -6.53 |

Ages with q independent of year class strength and constant w.r.t. time.

| Age | Slope | t -value | ntercept | Square | No Pts | Reg s.e Mean Q |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7 | 0.56 | 3.154 | 8.37 | 0.86 | 13 | 0.34 | -7.27 |
| 8 | 0.84 | 0.578 | 7.7 | 0.66 | 11 | 0.61 | -7.43 |

## Table 5.4 (continued)

Terminal year survivor and F summaries :

Age 1 Catchability dependent on age and year class strength

Year class $=2003$

| Fleet |  | Int | Ext | Var | N | Scaled |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Estimated |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Estimated |

Weighted prediction :

| Survivors | Int | Ext | N | Var | F |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| at end of year | s.e | s.e |  | Ratio |  |
| 341410 | 0.22 | 0.21 | 5 | 0.95 | 0 |

1
Age 2 Catchability dependent on age and year class strength

Year class $=2002$

| Fleet |  | Int | Ext | Var | N |  | Scaled |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Estimated |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Estimated |


| Survivors | Int | Ext | N | Var | F |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| at end of year | s.e | s.e |  | Ratio |  |
| 326426 | 0.14 | 0.09 | 8 | 0.666 | 0.002 |

## Table 5.4 (continued)

Age 3 Catchability dependent on age and year class strength

Year class $=2001$

| Fleet | Estimated | Int | Ext | Var | N | Scaled | Estimated |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | s.e | s.e | Ratio |  | Weights | F |
|  | Survivors |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| FLT01: Russian BT su | 151600 | 0.194 | 0.162 | 0.83 | 3 | 0.309 | 0.03 |
| FLT02: Norwegian aco | 156171 | 0.197 | 0.072 | 0.36 | 3 | 0.301 | 0.029 |
| FLT04: Norwegian BT | 167863 | 0.19 | 0.068 | 0.36 | 3 | 0.324 | 0.027 |
| P shrinkage mean | 107839 | 0.82 |  |  |  | 0.018 | 0.042 |
| F shrinkage mean | 114807 | 0.5 |  |  |  | 0.048 | 0.039 |
| Weighted prediction : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Survivors | Int | Ext | N | Var | F |  |  |
| at end of year | s.e | s.e |  | Ratio |  |  |  |
| 155053 | 0.11 | 0.06 | 11 | 0.521 | 0.029 |  |  |

1
Age 4 Catchability dependent on age and year class strength

Year class $=2000$

| Fleet |  | Int | Ext | Var | N |  | Scaled |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Estimated |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | s.e | s.e | Ratio |  | Weights | F |  |
|  | Survivors |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| FLT01: Russian BT su | 89483 | 0.164 | 0.088 | 0.53 | 4 | 0.318 | 0.127 |  |
| FLT02: Norwegian aco | 86358 | 0.17 | 0.048 | 0.28 | 4 | 0.297 | 0.132 |  |
| FLT04: Norwegian BT | 111865 | 0.16 | 0.052 | 0.32 | 4 | 0.333 | 0.103 |  |
| P shrinkage mean | 69127 | 0.88 |  |  |  | 0.013 | 0.162 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| F shrinkage mean | 67521 | 0.5 |  |  |  | 0.039 | 0.165 |  |

Weighted prediction :

| Survivors | Int | Ext | N | Var | F |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| at end of year | s.e | s.e |  | Ratio |  |
| 94022 | 0.09 | 0.05 | 14 | 0.524 | 0.122 |

## Table 5.4 (continued)

Age 5 Catchability dependent on age and year class strength

Year class $=1999$

| Fleet | Estimated | Int | Ext | Var | N | Scaled | Estimated |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | s.e | Ratio |  | Weights |  |
|  |  | s.e |  |  |  |  | F |
|  | Survivors |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| FLT01: Russian BT su | 95735 | 0.155 | 0.084 | 0.54 | 5 | 0.291 | 0.237 |
| FLT02: Norwegian aco | 92591 | 0.152 | 0.067 | 0.44 | 5 | 0.305 | 0.245 |
| FLT04: Norwegian BT | 96018 | 0.142 | 0.03 | 0.21 | 5 | 0.352 | 0.237 |
| P shrinkage mean | 35822 | 0.88 |  |  |  | 0.013 | 0.54 |
| F shrinkage mean | 62323 | 0.5 |  |  |  | 0.04 | 0.345 |
| Weighted prediction : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Survivors | Int | Ext | N | Var | F |  |  |
| at end of year | s.e | s.e |  | Ratio |  |  |  |
| 92099 | 0.08 | 0.05 | 17 | 0.545 | 0.246 |  |  |

1
Age 6 Catchability dependent on age and year class strength

Year class $=1998$

| Fleet |  | Int | Ext | Var | N |  | Scaled |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Estimated |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Estimated |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Weighted prediction :

| Survivors | Int | Ext | N | Var | F |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| at end of year | s.e | s.e |  | Ratio |  |
| 47487 | 0.08 | 0.06 | 20 | 0.686 | 0.509 |

## Table 5.4 (continued)

Age 7 Catchability constant w.r.t. time and dependent on age

Year class $=1997$

| Fleet | Estimated | Int | Ext | Var | N | Scaled | Estimated |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | s.e | s.e | Ratio |  | Weights | F |
|  | Survivors |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| FLT01: Russian BT su | 11952 | 0.146 | 0.114 | 0.78 | 7 | 0.292 | 0.297 |
| FLT02: Norwegian aco | 12228 | 0.143 | 0.138 | 0.96 | 6 | 0.285 | 0.291 |
| FLT04: Norwegian BT | 11194 | 0.13 | 0.122 | 0.93 | 7 | 0.363 | 0.314 |
| F shrinkage mean | 7931 | 0.5 |  |  |  | 0.06 | 0.419 |
| Weighted prediction : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Survivors | Int | Ext | N | Var | F |  |  |
| at end of year | s.e | s.e |  | Ratio |  |  |  |
| 11461 | 0.08 | 0.07 | 21 | 0.836 | 0.308 |  |  |

1
Age 8 Catchability constant w.r.t. time and dependent on age

Year class $=1996$

| Fleet | Estimated | Int |  | Ext |  | Var |  | Scaled | Estimated |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | s.e |  | s.e |  | Ratio |  |  | F |
|  | Survivors |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| FLT01: Russian BT su | 1 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| FLT02: Norwegian aco | 1 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| FLT04: Norwegian BT | 1 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| F shrinkage mean | 9280 | 0.5 |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 0.382 |

Weighted prediction :

| Survivors | Int | Ext | N | Var | F |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| at end of year | s.e | s.e |  | Ratio |  |  |
| 9280 | 0.5 | 0 |  | 1 | 0 | 0.382 |

## Table 5.4 (continued)

Age 9 Catchability constant w.r.t. time and dependent on age

Year class $=1995$

| Fleet |  | Int | Ext | Var | N |  | Scaled |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Estimated |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | s.e |  | s.e | Rationated |  |  | Weights | F |
|  | Survivors |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| FLT01: Russian BT su | 1914 | 0.156 | 0.1 | 0.64 | 7 | 0.256 | 0.238 |  |  |
| FLT02: Norwegian aco | 1489 | 0.155 | 0.195 | 1.26 | 6 | 0.23 | 0.297 |  |  |
| FLT04: Norwegian BT | 1557 | 0.142 | 0.07 | 0.5 | 8 | 0.362 | 0.286 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| F shrinkage mean | 999 | 0.5 |  |  |  | 0.152 | 0.416 |  |  |

Weighted prediction :

| Survivors | Int | Ext | N | Var | F |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| at end of year | s.e | s.e |  | Ratio |  |
| 1518 | 0.11 | 0.07 | 22 | 0.705 | 0.293 |

1
Age 10 Catchability constant w.r.t. time and age (fixed at the value for age) 9

Year class $=1994$

| Fleet |  | Int | Ext | Var | N | Scaled |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Estimated |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Estimated |

Weighted prediction :

| Survivors | Int | Ext | N | Var | F |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| at end of year | s.e | s.e |  | Ratio |  |
| 1350 | 0.13 | 0.11 | 22 | 0.876 | 0.596 |

Table 5.5 Fishing mortality (F) at age

| Run title : NEA Haddock (SVPA AKHAD06) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| At 8/03/2006 17:49 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Traditional vpa using file input for terminal F |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Table 8 Fishing mortality (F) at age |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| YEAR | 1950 | 1951 | 1952 | 1953 | 1954 |  |  |  |  |  |
| AGE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | 0.0491 | 0.1269 | 0.1049 | 0.0647 | 0.0553 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | 0.5798 | 0.2136 | 0.5352 | 0.3818 | 0.2392 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 | 0.8178 | 0.6286 | 0.5796 | 0.5324 | 0.3061 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6 | 0.8116 | 0.9125 | 0.8878 | 0.4893 | 0.4141 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7 | 1.157 | 0.8053 | 0.9961 | 0.7145 | 0.6139 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8 | 1.0055 | 1.0036 | 1.2502 | 0.6589 | 0.8609 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9 | 0.6504 | 1.4256 | 1.3695 | 0.5162 | 1.3582 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10 | 0.946 | 1.0901 | 1.2251 | 0.6331 | 0.9584 |  |  |  |  |  |
| +gp | 0.946 | 1.0901 | 1.2251 | 0.6331 | 0.9584 |  |  |  |  |  |
| FBAR 4-7 | 0.8415 | 0.64 | 0.7497 | 0.5295 | 0.3933 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Table 8 Fishing mortality (F) at age |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| YEAR | 1955 | 1956 | 1957 | 1958 | 1959 | 1960 | 1961 | 1962 | 1963 | 1964 |
| AGE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | 0.0227 | 0.1027 | 0.0406 | 0.0256 | 0.0649 | 0.1829 | 0.1543 | 0.1817 | 0.1099 | 0.0729 |
| 4 | 0.1315 | 0.1701 | 0.2434 | 0.1708 | 0.1701 | 0.3707 | 0.4767 | 0.5828 | 0.6633 | 0.3107 |
| 5 | 0.4857 | 0.2764 | 0.3715 | 0.5737 | 0.335 | 0.5145 | 0.6916 | 1.0537 | 0.9293 | 0.6869 |
| 6 | 0.4685 | 0.8116 | 0.4067 | 0.5209 | 0.5577 | 0.6524 | 0.7507 | 1.0606 | 1.0254 | 0.87 |
| 7 | 1.0131 | 0.6249 | 0.8167 | 0.9643 | 0.6025 | 0.5207 | 0.8335 | 0.7002 | 1.0012 | 0.8437 |
| 8 | 0.6211 | 0.9345 | 0.4513 | 0.8693 | 0.4321 | 0.7026 | 0.8825 | 0.904 | 0.6536 | 0.9605 |
| 9 | 0.43 | 0.3985 | 0.6298 | 0.743 | 0.8446 | 1.1478 | 0.9636 | 1.1812 | 1.3586 | 1.3821 |
| 10 | 0.6948 | 0.6588 | 0.6371 | 0.8688 | 0.6304 | 0.7976 | 0.9015 | 0.9374 | 1.0158 | 1.0779 |
| +gp | 0.6948 | 0.6588 | 0.6371 | 0.8688 | 0.6304 | 0.7976 | 0.9015 | 0.9374 | 1.0158 | 1.0779 |
| FBAR 4-7 | 0.5247 | 0.4708 | 0.4596 | 0.5574 | 0.4163 | 0.5146 | 0.6881 | 0.8493 | 0.9048 | 0.6778 |
| 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Run title : NEA Haddock (SVPA AKHAD06) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

At 8/03/2006 17:49

Traditional vpa using file input for terminal F

| YEAR | 1965 | 1966 | 1967 | 1968 | 1969 | 1970 | 1971 | 1972 | 1973 | 1974 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AGE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | 0.0604 | 0.1175 | 0.0554 | 0.0376 | 0.0911 | 0.1544 | 0.0211 | 0.2603 | 0.3072 | 0.2044 |
| 4 | 0.2336 | 0.3771 | 0.3009 | 0.3867 | 0.1654 | 0.2283 | 0.2625 | 0.3827 | 0.5886 | 0.3331 |
| 5 | 0.4639 | 0.5908 | 0.4183 | 0.5738 | 0.4933 | 0.2456 | 0.1799 | 1.0609 | 0.9835 | 0.4163 |
| 6 | 0.6977 | 0.7428 | 0.5199 | 0.4588 | 0.581 | 0.5033 | 0.1812 | 0.9485 | 0.477 | 0.6949 |
| 7 | 0.6762 | 0.8234 | 0.5329 | 0.7021 | 0.4049 | 0.5297 | 0.4031 | 0.5512 | 0.2977 | 0.5912 |
| 8 | 0.5955 | 0.5278 | 0.5805 | 0.7159 | 0.5022 | 0.4138 | 0.3894 | 0.5804 | 0.2726 | 0.4815 |
| 9 | 1.0492 | 0.5925 | 0.3839 | 0.4945 | 0.5015 | 0.3945 | 0.2977 | 0.6922 | 0.2768 | 0.7995 |
| 10 | 0.7832 | 0.6549 | 0.5027 | 0.6448 | 0.4733 | 0.4492 | 0.3649 | 0.6145 | 0.2825 | 0.6304 |
| +gp | 0.7832 | 0.6549 | 0.5027 | 0.6448 | 0.4733 | 0.4492 | 0.3649 | 0.6145 | 0.2825 | 0.6304 |
| FBAR 4-7 | 0.5178 | 0.6335 | 0.443 | 0.5303 | 0.4112 | 0.3767 | 0.2567 | 0.7358 | 0.5867 | 0.5089 |

## Table 5.5 (continued)

Table 8 Fishing mortality (F) at age
$\begin{array}{llllllllllll}\text { YEAR } & 1975 & 1976 & 1977 & 1978 & 1979 & 1980 & 1981 & 1982 & 1983 & 1984\end{array}$

| AGE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | 0.2335 | 0.2968 | 0.6965 | 0.3198 | 0.1326 | 0.0261 | 0.0456 | 0.0664 | 0.1636 | 0.1237 |
| 4 | 0.5747 | 0.6292 | 1.2518 | 0.6054 | 0.4689 | 0.2823 | 0.1548 | 0.122 | 0.3172 | 0.2266 |
| 5 | 0.5119 | 0.6343 | 0.9113 | 0.8731 | 0.8838 | 0.6188 | 0.4999 | 0.3219 | 0.2807 | 0.4058 |
| 6 | 0.4456 | 0.7036 | 0.5379 | 0.4296 | 0.9249 | 0.6759 | 0.7294 | 0.5818 | 0.4041 | 0.2147 |
| 7 | 0.5984 | 0.7989 | 0.6309 | 0.7892 | 0.4836 | 0.3982 | 0.5313 | 0.3923 | 0.2225 | 0.2774 |
| 8 | 0.3499 | 0.872 | 0.5338 | 0.4453 | 0.6806 | 0.6355 | 0.4887 | 0.3366 | 0.513 | 0.3816 |
| 9 | 0.2019 | 0.8092 | 0.5553 | 0.6613 | 0.4888 | 0.6962 | 0.4304 | 0.441 | 0.4756 | 0.1756 |
| 10 | 0.3844 | 0.8375 | 0.5781 | 0.6382 | 0.5556 | 0.5826 | 0.4878 | 0.3925 | 0.4067 | 0.2786 |
| +gp | 0.3844 | 0.8375 | 0.5781 | 0.6382 | 0.5556 | 0.5826 | 0.4878 | 0.3925 | 0.4067 | 0.2786 |
| FBAR 4-7 | 0.5326 | 0.6915 | 0.833 | 0.6743 | 0.6903 | 0.4938 | 0.4788 | 0.3545 | 0.3061 | 0.2811 |

Table 8 Fishing mortality (F) at age
$\begin{array}{llllllllllll}\text { YEAR } & 1985 & 1986 & 1987 & 1988 & 1989 & 1990 & 1991 & 1992 & 1993 & 1994\end{array}$

| AGE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 3 | 0.1196 | 0.0612 | 0.0503 | 0.0314 | 0.0942 | 0.0324 | 0.0468 | 0.0628 | 0.0225 | 0.0128 |
| 4 | 0.2425 | 0.4409 | 0.4577 | 0.1696 | 0.1688 | 0.1556 | 0.1677 | 0.166 | 0.1453 | 0.1087 |
| 5 |  | 0.1888 | 0.3693 | 1.0017 | 0.4938 | 0.3423 | 0.1016 | 0.2137 | 0.2957 | 0.319 |
| 6 | 0.3928 | 0.4321 | 0.4072 | 1.0936 | 0.532 | 0.1346 | 0.2241 | 0.3818 | 0.5429 | 0.6309 |
| 7 |  | 0.5407 | 0.7319 | 0.6956 | 0.2935 | 0.4834 | 0.238 | 0.2247 | 0.313 | 0.4699 |
| 8 |  | 0.4511 | 0.455 | 0.8038 | 0.4579 | 0.1679 | 0.2235 | 0.2339 | 0.2496 | 0.3459 |
| 9 | 0.4803 | 0.7953 | 0.4773 | 0.355 | 0.004 | 0.2274 | 0.1839 | 0.3346 | 0.2474 | 0.491 |
| 10 | 0.4938 | 0.6678 | 0.6679 | 0.372 | 0.2199 | 0.2307 | 0.2147 | 0.3003 | 0.3185 | 0.5948 |
|  |  | 0.4938 | 0.6678 | 0.6679 | 0.372 | 0.2199 | 0.2307 | 0.2147 | 0.3003 | 0.3185 |
| +gp | 0.5948 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| FBAR 4-7 | 0.3412 | 0.4936 | 0.6406 | 0.5126 | 0.3816 | 0.1575 | 0.2076 | 0.2891 | 0.3693 | 0.443 |

Table 8 Fishing mortality (F) at age

| YEAR | 1995 | 1996 | 1997 | 1998 | 1999 | 2000 | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | FBAR <br> $* * * *$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| AGE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 3 | 0.0236 | 0.0218 | 0.0241 | 0.0354 | 0.0836 | 0.0191 | 0.046 | 0.0205 | 0.0267 | 0.0292 | 0.0255 |
| 4 | 0.0904 | 0.1227 | 0.1439 | 0.1984 | 0.2397 | 0.2112 | 0.0859 | 0.1744 | 0.1132 | 0.1215 | 0.1364 |
| 5 | 0.2567 | 0.3439 | 0.3826 | 0.3905 | 0.4705 | 0.3127 | 0.368 | 0.2168 | 0.3453 | 0.2458 | 0.2693 |
| 6 | 0.4626 | 0.492 | 0.613 | 0.5042 | 0.4915 | 0.2845 | 0.4557 | 0.4119 | 0.3997 | 0.5089 | 0.4402 |
| 7 | 0.732 | 0.7029 | 0.7494 | 0.5753 | 0.5345 | 0.3678 | 0.2623 | 0.3617 | 0.5553 | 0.3081 | 0.4084 |
| 8 | 0.4318 | 0.9235 | 0.7392 | 0.7679 | 0.5751 | 0.3871 | 0.297 | 0.1956 | 0.4406 | 0.382 | 0.3394 |
| 9 | 0.354 | 0.7021 | 0.6772 | 0.696 | 0.5994 | 0.2688 | 0.517 | 0.1802 | 0.4977 | 0.2925 | 0.3235 |
| 10 | 0.5277 | 0.7368 | 0.7574 | 0.6962 | 0.474 | 0.3329 | 0.3288 | 0.3455 | 0.5945 | 0.5961 | 0.512 |
|  |  | 0.5277 | 0.7368 | 0.7574 | 0.6962 | 0.474 | 0.3329 | 0.3288 | 0.3455 | 0.5945 | 0.5961 |
| +gp |  |  | 0.3854 | 0.4154 | 0.4722 | 0.4171 | 0.4341 | 0.2941 | 0.293 | 0.2912 | 0.3534 |
| FBAR 4-7 | 0.2961 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 5.6 Stock numbers at age (start of year)

| Run title : NEA Haddock (SVPA AKHAD06) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| At 8/03/2006 17:49 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Traditional vpa using file input for terminal F |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Table 10 Stock number at age (start of year) |  |  |  |  | Numbers*10**-3 |  |  |  |  |  |
| YEAR | 1950 | 1951 | 1952 | 1953 | 1954 |  |  |  |  |  |
| AGE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | 78320 | 646573 | 70915 | 1211408 | 143480 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | 95534 | 53231 | 406553 | 45582 | 810602 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 | 69384 | 42470 | 34129 | 188974 | 24699 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6 | 36962 | 24640 | 18223 | 15379 | 89275 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7 | 45596 | 13404 | 8078 | 6123 | 7697 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8 | 15745 | 11738 | 4905 | 2442 | 2454 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9 | 4518 | 4716 | 3523 | 1150 | 1035 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10 | 1941 | 1930 | 928 | 733 | 562 |  |  |  |  |  |
| +gp | 5287 | 2201 | 1348 | 2339 | 957 |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL | 353287 | 800903 | 548602 | 1474132 | 1080761 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Table 10 Stock number at age (start of year) |  |  |  |  | Numbers*10**-3 |  |  |  |  |  |
| YEAR | 1955 | 1956 | 1957 | 1958 | 1959 | 1960 | 1961 | 1962 | 1963 | 1964 |
| AGE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | 60545 | 197841 | 61348 | 80285 | 380471 | 279861 | 126531 | 278704 | 321214 | 373824 |
| 4 | 96913 | 42250 | 127447 | 42051 | 55860 | 254545 | 166390 | 77406 | 165903 | 205436 |
| 5 | 506566 | 67451 | 28291 | 79308 | 28140 | 37407 | 139465 | 81996 | 34307 | 67844 |
| 6 | 14632 | 250762 | 41161 | 15699 | 35951 | 16195 | 17991 | 56190 | 22999 | 10898 |
| 7 | 48176 | 7478 | 90933 | 22377 | 7613 | 16806 | 6886 | 6934 | 15885 | 6735 |
| 8 | 3411 | 14321 | 3277 | 32898 | 6985 | 3412 | 8175 | 2450 | 2818 | 4779 |
| 9 | 849 | 1501 | 4605 | 1709 | 11292 | 3712 | 1384 | 2769 | 812 | 1200 |
| 10 | 218 | 452 | 825 | 2009 | 665 | 3973 | 964 | 432 | 696 | 171 |
| +gp | 218 | 418 | 408 | 1126 | 1168 | 1201 | 2624 | 1350 | 638 | 1040 |
| TOTAL | 731527 | 582475 | 358295 | 277461 | 528145 | 617112 | 470411 | 508231 | 565273 | 671927 |
| 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Run title : NEA Haddock (SVPA AKHAD06) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Traditional vpa using file input for terminal F |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Table 10 | Stock numbe | at age (s | tart of year |  | Numbers | *10**-3 |  |  |  |  |
| YEAR | 1965 | 1966 | 1967 | 1968 | 1969 | 1970 | 1971 | 1972 | 1973 | 1974 |
| AGE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | 119173 | 279111 | 347123 | 20962 | 20567 | 192197 | 111618 | 1178544 | 312057 | 61353 |
| 4 | 248088 | 80089 | 177163 | 234439 | 14412 | 13404 | 117571 | 78017 | 648511 | 163835 |
| 5 | 119518 | 155908 | 43601 | 104088 | 126418 | 9696 | 8468 | 71783 | 42237 | 285775 |
| 6 | 27461 | 60467 | 69474 | 23087 | 47178 | 62104 | 6102 | 5691 | 19990 | 12709 |
| 7 | 3728 | 11159 | 23489 | 33725 | 11915 | 21545 | 30655 | 4157 | 1800 | 10130 |
| 8 | 2372 | 1552 | 4010 | 11287 | 13682 | 6507 | 10386 | 16772 | 1961 | 1094 |
| 9 | 1497 | 1070 | 750 | 1837 | 4517 | 6779 | 3522 | 5761 | 7685 | 1223 |
| 10 | 247 | 429 | 485 | 418 | 917 | 2240 | 3741 | 2141 | 2361 | 4771 |
| +gp | 1609 | 550 | 750 | 657 | 316 | 887 | 1915 | 3930 | 2606 | 4367 |
| TOTAL | 523692 | 590335 | 666845 | 430501 | 239923 | 315358 | 293979 | 1366795 | 1039207 | 545257 |

## Table 5.6 (continued)

| Table 10 | Stock number at age (start of year) |  |  |  |  | Numbers*10**-3 |  |  | 1983 | 1984 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| YEAR | 1975 | 1976 | 1977 | 1978 | 1979 | 1980 | 1981 | 1982 |  |  |
| AGE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | 56406 | 63665 | 128912 | 201834 | 165725 | 28662 | 12837 | 16160 | 9115 | 12082 |
| 4 | 35699 | 31880 | 33777 | 45859 | 104649 | 103608 | 19933 | 8755 | 10795 | 5525 |
| 5 | 93212 | 15951 | 13489 | 7668 | 19871 | 51978 | 62016 | 13553 | 6152 | 6240 |
| 6 | 151619 | 44949 | 6806 | 4362 | 2577 | 6606 | 22523 | 30266 | 7903 | 3738 |
| 7 | 5179 | 79285 | 18159 | 3245 | 2318 | 834 | 2744 | 8868 | 13810 | 4308 |
| 8 | 4592 | 2331 | 29200 | 7912 | 1207 | 1170 | 459 | 1321 | 4904 | 9051 |
| 9 | 553 | 2649 | 798 | 14019 | 4150 | 500 | 507 | 230 | 772 | 2404 |
| 10 | 450 | 370 | 966 | 375 | 5924 | 2084 | 204 | 270 | 121 | 393 |
| +gp | 3208 | 3078 | 943 | 926 | 828 | 3613 | 2730 | 2191 | 958 | 348 |
| TOTAL | 350921 | 244159 | 233050 | 286199 | 307248 | 199056 | 123954 | 81615 | 54530 | 44088 |
| Table 10 | Stock number at age (start of year) |  |  |  |  | Numbers*10**-3 |  |  |  |  |
| YEAR | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 | 1990 | 1991 | 1992 | 1993 | 1994 |
| AGE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | 289373 | 526244 | 113047 | 58170 | 26437 | 38118 | 106515 | 210132 | 689389 | 307192 |
| 4 | 8651 | 210211 | 259880 | 88014 | 35312 | 19700 | 25394 | 83216 | 160554 | 515935 |
| 5 | 3606 | 5558 | 110742 | 134623 | 60820 | 24419 | 13804 | 17580 | 57712 | 110450 |
| 6 | 3405 | 2445 | 3145 | 33297 | 67106 | 35360 | 18061 | 9127 | 10709 | 30965 |
| 7 | 2469 | 1882 | 1299 | 1714 | 9132 | 32276 | 25304 | 11818 | 5101 | 5094 |
| 8 | 2673 | 1177 | 741 | 531 | 1046 | 4611 | 20828 | 16547 | 7075 | 2611 |
| 9 | 5060 | 1394 | 611 | 272 | 275 | 724 | 3019 | 13495 | 10555 | 4099 |
| 10 | 1651 | 2563 | 515 | 311 | 156 | 224 | 472 | 2057 | 7907 | 6748 |
| +gp | 789 | 2211 | 1653 | 1574 | 986 | 379 | 307 | 356 | 1300 | 5142 |

TOTAL 317676753684491635318506201270155811213704364328950300988236

| Stock number at age (start of year) |  |  |  |  |  | Numbers*10**-3 |  |  |  | 2004 | 2005 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { GMST 50- } \\ & * * \quad \text { AMST } \\ & 50-* * \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| YEAR | 1995 | 1996 | 1997 | 1998 | 1999 | 2000 | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 |  |  |  |  |
| AGE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | 103186 | 114718 | 123128 | 55236 | 231439 | 90178 | 321160 | 324864 | 228049 | 206503 | 0 | 121760 | 214678 |
| 4 | 223748 | 68925 | 47500 | 71144 | 41444 | 173935 | 70016 | 246188 | 218029 | 135637 | 154377 | 77139 | 135311 |
| 5 | 371767 | 139188 | 44084 | 31811 | 44816 | 26699 | 114148 | 52521 | 166899 | 144773 | 93533 | 44085 | 76460 |
| 6 | 56870 | 209611 | 78632 | 23854 | 17117 | 22920 | 15794 | 64682 | 34440 | 95491 | 91500 | 21469 | 37465 |
| 7 | 13477 | 29003 | 102255 | 34480 | 11796 | 8573 | 14005 | 8198 | 35031 | 18906 | 46999 | 9892 | 17352 |
| 8 | 2330 | 5307 | 11757 | 39572 | 15881 | 5659 | 4858 | 8821 | 4675 | 16461 | 11375 | 4556 | 7615 |
| 9 | 1328 | 1239 | 1725 | 4596 | 15032 | 7316 | 3146 | 2956 | 5939 | 2463 | 9198 | 2081 | 3450 |
| 10 | 2054 | 763 | 503 | 718 | 1876 | 6758 | 4578 | 1536 | 2021 | 2956 | 1505 | 924 | 1638 |
|  | 4204 | 3966 | 1535 | 1066 | 1293 | 1693 | 4715 | 3444 | 2772 | 207 | 1427 |  |  |
| +gp |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL | 778964 | 572721 | 411118 | 262476 | 8069 | 4373 | 52421 | 713209 | 697855 | 623398 | 409914 |  |  |

Table 5.7 Stock biomass at age with SOP (start of year)

| Run title : NEA Haddock (SVPA AKHAD06) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| At 8/03/2006 17:49 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Traditional vpa using file input for terminal F |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Table 14 Stock biomass at age with SOP (start of year) |  |  |  |  |  | Tonnes |  |  |  |  |
| YEAR | 1950 | 1951 | 1952 | 1953 | 1954 |  |  |  |  |  |
| AGE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | 16774 | 179745 | 13842 | 289072 | 33050 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | 38584 | 27905 | 149646 | 20511 | 352102 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 | 44157 | 35082 | 19795 | 133993 | 16906 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6 | 33249 | 28769 | 14940 | 15413 | 86371 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7 | 53850 | 20548 | 8695 | 8058 | 9777 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8 | 23316 | 22562 | 6620 | 4030 | 3908 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9 | 7962 | 10788 | 5658 | 2259 | 1961 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10 | 3944 | 5090 | 1719 | 1660 | 1228 |  |  |  |  |  |
| +gp | 12068 | 6521 | 2804 | 5949 | 2349 |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTALBIO | O 233905 | 337010 | 223718 | 480944 | 507652 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Table 14 Stock biomass at age with SOP (start of year) |  |  |  |  |  | Tonnes |  |  |  |  |
| YEAR | 1955 | 1956 | 1957 | 1958 | 1959 | 1960 | 1961 | 1962 | 1963 | 1964 |
| AGE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | 13402 | 53091 | 16754 | 24350 | 137811 | 91475 | 43228 | 90034 | 95340 | 93713 |
| 4 | 40453 | 21380 | 65633 | 24050 | 38154 | 156892 | 107195 | 47153 | 92856 | 97115 |
| 5 | 333193 | 53785 | 22958 | 71474 | 30287 | 36332 | 141580 | 78709 | 30257 | 50537 |
| 6 | 13603 | 282626 | 47212 | 19998 | 54692 | 22232 | 25815 | 76238 | 28671 | 11474 |
| 7 | 58805 | 11066 | 136940 | 37424 | 15206 | 30291 | 12973 | 12351 | 25999 | 9310 |
| 8 | 5221 | 26572 | 6189 | 68990 | 17493 | 7712 | 19310 | 5472 | 5784 | 8283 |
| 9 | 1547 | 3314 | 10349 | 4265 | 33656 | 9984 | 3890 | 7361 | 1984 | 2476 |
| 10 | 457 | 1152 | 2137 | 5779 | 2287 | 12318 | 3126 | 1324 | 1959 | 406 |
| +gp | 514 | 1197 | 1187 | 3640 | 4507 | 4183 | 9555 | 4649 | 2018 | 2779 |
| TOTALBIO | O 467195 | 454181 | 309359 | 259968 | 334093 | 371418 | 366674 | 323292 | 284868 | 276094 |
| 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Table 14 S | Stock biomass at age with SOP (start of year) |  |  |  |  | Tonnes |  |  |  |  |
| YEAR | 1965 | 1966 | 1967 | 1968 | 1969 | 1970 | 1971 | 1972 | 1973 | 1974 |
| AGE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | 35207 | 81589 | 118051 | 7144 | 7927 | 66956 | 49712 | 369903 | 91027 | 23319 |
| 4 | 138206 | 44147 | 113614 | 150671 | 10475 | 8805 | 98741 | 46175 | 356724 | 117425 |
| 5 | 104916 | 135421 | 44060 | 105412 | 144781 | 10037 | 11206 | 66946 | 36610 | 322753 |
| 6 | 34073 | 74237 | 99233 | 33048 | 76371 | 90868 | 11415 | 7502 | 24491 | 20289 |
| 7 | 6073 | 17988 | 44050 | 63382 | 25322 | 41388 | 75285 | 7194 | 2895 | 21231 |
| 8 | 4844 | 3137 | 9430 | 26599 | 36463 | 15673 | 31984 | 36397 | 3956 | 2875 |
| 9 | 3640 | 2575 | 2098 | 5153 | 14325 | 19434 | 12908 | 14878 | 18446 | 3824 |
| 10 | 691 | 1190 | 1563 | 1352 | 3354 | 7401 | 15806 | 6375 | 6532 | 17199 |
| +gp | 5064 | 1712 | 2720 | 2386 | 1300 | 3292 | 9092 | 13146 | 8101 | 17687 |
| TOTALBIO | O 332715 | 361996 | 434819 | 395146 | 320318 | 263855 | 316147 | 568516 | 548781 | 546603 |

Table 5.7 (continued)

| Table 14 | Stock biomass at age with SOP (start of year) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Tonnes |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| YEAR | 1975 | 1976 | 1977 | 1978 | 1979 | 1980 | 1981 | 1982 | 1983 | 1984 |  |
| AGE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | 21351 | 19342 | 40410 | 74830 | 73449 | 16850 | 10223 | 12148 | 4172 | 4472 |  |
| 4 | 25481 | 18264 | 19966 | 32061 | 87459 | 117849 | 22601 | 12223 | 10293 | 4562 |  |
| 5 | 104839 | 14400 | 12564 | 8447 | 26169 | 75730 | 113844 | 23470 | 9209 | 8943 |  |
| 6 | 241038 | 57355 | 8960 | 6793 | 4796 | 13931 | 48035 | 75568 | 13338 | 7521 |  |
| 7 | 10811 | 132826 | 31390 | 6634 | 5665 | 2388 | 7852 | 24284 | 31340 | 9322 |  |
| 8 | 12018 | 4896 | 63289 | 20281 | 3698 | 4516 | 1678 | 4574 | 11691 | 24742 |  |
| 9 | 1724 | 6624 | 2058 | 42768 | 15133 | 2090 | 2377 | 977 | 2231 | 6708 |  |
| 10 | 1616 | 1067 | 2872 | 1319 | 24906 | 9188 | 1017 | 1407 | 414 | 1287 |  |
| +gp | 12943 | 9964 | 3152 | 3658 | 3913 | 18471 | 14152 | 11973 | 3881 | 1310 |  |
| TOTALBIO | 431819 | 264738 | 184660 | 196790 | 245188 | 261013 | 221778 | 166623 | 86570 | 68867 |  |

Table 14 Stock biomass at age with SOP (start of year) Tonnes

| YEAR | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 | 1990 | 1991 | 1992 | 1993 | 1994 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| AGE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | 100771 | 140105 | 34178 | 20451 | 11359 | 14633 | 39015 | 70781 | 178682 | 76373 |
| 4 | 6291 | 127922 | 138810 | 48626 | 23480 | 14931 | 17623 | 58610 | 99233 | 256539 |
| 5 | 4912 | 5813 | 110489 | 112240 | 54751 | 24277 | 15701 | 19918 | 62134 | 106544 |
| 6 | 7114 | 4254 | 4881 | 46826 | 81691 | 43159 | 24721 | 15279 | 16547 | 46498 |
| 7 | 6752 | 4617 | 3064 | 3426 | 17096 | 49878 | 40000 | 22317 | 10730 | 10183 |
| 8 | 7582 | 3582 | 2316 | 1519 | 2622 | 10258 | 39550 | 34456 | 16152 | 6698 |
| 9 | 17413 | 4294 | 2280 | 979 | 933 | 2067 | 7829 | 32784 | 25779 | 11087 |
| 10 | 5683 | 9259 | 1911 | 1292 | 644 | 831 | 1516 | 6529 | 21833 | 19125 |
| +gp | 3112 | 7904 | 7013 | 6468 | 4588 | 1655 | 1235 | 1354 | 4548 | 16107 |
| TOTALBIO | 159630 | 307749 | 304942 | 241826 | 197165 | 161689 | 187190 | 262028 | 435637 | 549155 |

Table 14 Stock biomass at age with SOP (start of year) Tonnes

| YEAR | 1995 | 1996 | 1997 | 1998 | 1999 | 2000 | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

AGE

| 3 | 27187 | 31581 | 36282 | 17477 | 77051 | 24597 | 103776 | 90083 | 58018 | 63842 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 4 | 102622 | 34561 | 23930 | 40799 | 24349 | 108440 | 37471 | 143847 | 113072 | 67635 |
| 5 | 286605 | 102636 | 33942 | 26735 | 39933 | 24708 | 115264 | 43691 | 151880 | 121280 |
| 6 | 76031 | 232877 | 80722 | 27123 | 20113 | 28579 | 21212 | 89679 | 40102 | 125707 |
| 7 | 25778 | 51043 | 145797 | 49093 | 17672 | 13278 | 23900 | 14209 | 62729 | 29791 |
| 8 | 5617 | 12575 | 24922 | 73949 | 28146 | 10584 | 9763 | 18346 | 9926 | 37265 |
| 9 | 3940 | 3557 | 4691 | 12089 | 33559 | 15679 | 7338 | 7025 | 14645 | 6363 |
| 10 | 6274 | 2604 | 1596 | 2328 | 5640 | 17577 | 11926 | 4107 | 5517 | 8608 |
|  | +gp | 13251 | 13765 | 5645 | 3941 | 4661 | 5724 | 14521 | 10026 | 8354 | 6656

Table 5.8 Spawning stock biomass with SOP (spawning time) Tonnes

| Run title : NEA Haddock (SVPA AKHAD06) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| At 8/03/2006 17:49 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Traditional vpa using file input for terminal F |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Table 15 Spawning stock biomass with SOP (spawning time) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| YEAR | 1950 | 1951 | 1952 | 1953 | 1954 |  |  |  |  |  |
| AGE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | 168 | 1797 | 138 | 2891 | 331 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | 3858 | 2790 | 14965 | 2051 | 35210 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 | 14130 | 11226 | 6334 | 42878 | 5410 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6 | 21280 | 18412 | 9561 | 9864 | 55277 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7 | 45773 | 17466 | 7390 | 6849 | 8311 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8 | 22151 | 21434 | 6289 | 3828 | 3713 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9 | 7803 | 10573 | 5545 | 2214 | 1922 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10 | 3904 | 5039 | 1701 | 1643 | 1216 |  |  |  |  |  |
| +gp | 12068 | 6521 | 2804 | 5949 | 2349 |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTSPBIO | - 131134 | 95258 | 54728 | 78167 | 113738 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Table 15 Spawning stock biomass with SOP (spawning time) Tonnes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| YEAR | 1955 | 1956 | 1957 | 1958 | 1959 | 1960 | 1961 | 1962 | 1963 | 1964 |
| AGE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | 134 | 531 | 168 | 243 | 1378 | 915 | 432 | 900 | 953 | 937 |
| 4 | 4045 | 2138 | 6563 | 2405 | 3815 | 15689 | 10720 | 4715 | 9286 | 9711 |
| 5 | 106622 | 17211 | 7346 | 22872 | 9692 | 11626 | 45306 | 25187 | 9682 | 16172 |
| 6 | 8706 | 180881 | 30216 | 12798 | 35003 | 14229 | 16522 | 48792 | 18349 | 7344 |
| 7 | 49984 | 9406 | 116399 | 31810 | 12925 | 25747 | 11027 | 10499 | 22099 | 7913 |
| 8 | 4960 | 25244 | 5879 | 65540 | 16618 | 7326 | 18345 | 5199 | 5495 | 7869 |
| 9 | 1516 | 3248 | 10142 | 4179 | 32983 | 9785 | 3812 | 7213 | 1944 | 2426 |
| 10 | 453 | 1140 | 2116 | 5721 | 2264 | 12194 | 3094 | 1311 | 1939 | 402 |
| +gp | 514 | 1197 | 1187 | 3640 | 4507 | 4183 | 9555 | 4649 | 2018 | 2779 |
| TOTSPBIO | - 176934 | 240994 | 180016 | 149209 | 119185 | 101694 | 118814 | 108465 | 71766 | 55555 |
| Table 15 Spawning stock biomass with SOP (spawning time) Tonnes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| YEAR | 1965 | 1966 | 1967 | 1968 | 1969 | 1970 | 1971 | 1972 | 1973 | 1974 |
| AGE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | 352 | 816 | 1181 | 71 | 79 | 670 | 497 | 3699 | 910 | 233 |
| 4 | 13821 | 4415 | 11361 | 15067 | 1047 | 881 | 9874 | 4617 | 35672 | 11743 |
| 5 | 33573 | 43335 | 14099 | 33732 | 46330 | 3212 | 3586 | 21423 | 11715 | 103281 |
| 6 | 21807 | 47512 | 63509 | 21151 | 48878 | 58156 | 7305 | 4801 | 15674 | 12985 |
| 7 | 5162 | 15290 | 37442 | 53874 | 21524 | 35180 | 63992 | 6115 | 2461 | 18046 |
| 8 | 4602 | 2980 | 8958 | 25269 | 34640 | 14889 | 30385 | 34577 | 3758 | 2732 |
| 9 | 3567 | 2523 | 2056 | 5050 | 14038 | 19045 | 12649 | 14580 | 18077 | 3747 |
| 10 | 684 | 1179 | 1548 | 1338 | 3321 | 7327 | 15648 | 6311 | 6466 | 17027 |
| +gp | 5064 | 1712 | 2720 | 2386 | 1300 | 3292 | 9092 | 13146 | 8101 | 17687 |
| TOTSPBIO | - 88633 | 119761 | 142874 | 157938 | 171157 | 142651 | 153028 | 109270 | 102835 | 187481 |

## Table 5.8 (continued)

Table 15 Spawning stock biomass with SOP (spawning time) Tonnes

| YEAR | 1975 | 1976 | 1977 | 1978 | 1979 | 1980 | 1981 | 1982 | 1983 | 1984 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| AGE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | 214 | 193 | 404 | 748 | 734 | 169 | 102 | 121 | 42 | 45 |
| 4 | 2548 | 1826 | 1997 | 3206 | 8746 | 11785 | 2034 | 1222 | 1132 | 1095 |
| 5 | 33548 | 4608 | 4021 | 2703 | 8374 | 27263 | 40984 | 7980 | 3407 | 4203 |
| 6 | 154265 | 36707 | 5734 | 4347 | 3069 | 9334 | 31703 | 50630 | 8670 | 5791 |
| 7 | 9189 | 112902 | 26681 | 5639 | 4815 | 2030 | 6674 | 20641 | 26639 | 7923 |
| 8 | 11417 | 4652 | 60124 | 19267 | 3513 | 4200 | 1560 | 4254 | 10873 | 22762 |
| 9 | 1689 | 6491 | 2017 | 41913 | 14830 | 2028 | 2305 | 948 | 2164 | 6507 |
| 10 | 1600 | 1056 | 2843 | 1305 | 24657 | 8912 | 986 | 1365 | 402 | 1248 |
| +gp | 12943 | 9964 | 3152 | 3658 | 3913 | 18471 | 14152 | 11973 | 3881 | 1310 |
| TOTSPBIO | 227412 | 178400 | 106973 | 82786 | 72652 | 84191 | 100501 | 99134 | 57210 | 50885 |

Table 15 Spawning stock biomass with SOP (spawning time) Tonnes

| YEAR | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 | 1990 | 1991 | 1992 | 1993 | 1994 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| AGE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 3 | 1008 | 1401 | 342 | 205 | 114 | 146 | 390 | 708 | 1787 | 764 |
| 4 | 818 | 10234 | 9717 | 3890 | 2113 | 1792 | 2467 | 7033 | 8931 | 15392 |
| 5 | 2554 | 2209 | 29832 | 25815 | 14235 | 7283 | 5495 | 7967 | 22368 | 29832 |
| 6 | 5549 | 3445 | 3466 | 27627 | 44113 | 24600 | 15574 | 10390 | 12079 | 32084 |
| 7 | 6279 | 4294 | 2880 | 3083 | 14190 | 39902 | 32800 | 18969 | 9550 | 9266 |
| 8 | 7203 | 3510 | 2269 | 1488 | 2543 | 9642 | 36781 | 32389 | 15344 | 6430 |
| 9 | 16890 | 4251 | 2257 | 970 | 933 | 2046 | 7672 | 32129 | 25263 | 10976 |
| 10 | 5626 | 9167 | 1911 | 1292 | 644 | 831 | 1516 | 6464 | 21615 | 18934 |
| +gp | 3112 | 7904 | 7013 | 6468 | 4588 | 1655 | 1235 | 1354 | 4548 | 16107 |
| TOTSPBIO | 49039 | 46415 | 59686 | 70838 | 83474 | 87899 | 103932 | 117403 | 121485 | 139786 |

Table 15 Spawning stock biomass with SOP (spawning time) Tonnes

| YEAR | 1995 | 1996 | 1997 | 1998 | 1999 | 2000 | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| AGE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | 272 | 316 | 363 | 175 | 771 | 246 | 1038 | 901 | 580 | 638 |
| 4 | 5131 | 2074 | 1675 | 3672 | 2678 | 14097 | 3372 | 14385 | 7915 | 3382 |
| 5 | 57321 | 20527 | 7128 | 6416 | 11581 | 8154 | 42648 | 12670 | 45564 | 30320 |
| 6 | 46379 | 114110 | 38747 | 13290 | 11062 | 17433 | 14000 | 62776 | 24863 | 79195 |
| 7 | 22942 | 43387 | 110805 | 36820 | 13431 | 10755 | 20315 | 12503 | 56457 | 25620 |
| 8 | 5449 | 12198 | 23676 | 67294 | 25613 | 9632 | 9079 | 17428 | 9529 | 36147 |
| 9 | 3900 | 3521 | 4644 | 11968 | 32553 | 15208 | 7118 | 6885 | 14499 | 6300 |
| 10 | 6274 | 2604 | 1596 | 2328 | 5640 | 17402 | 11807 | 4066 | 5462 | 8608 |
| +gp | 13251 | 13765 | 5645 | 3941 | 4661 | 5724 | 14521 | 10026 | 8354 | 656 |
| TOTSPBIO | 160918 | 212500 | 194279 | 145904 | 107989 | 98651 | 123898 | 141640 | 173223 | 190866 |

Table 5.9 Summary (with SOP correction)
Run title : NEA Haddock (SVPA AKHAD06)
At 8/03/2006 17:49
Table 17 Summary (with SOP correction)
Traditional vpa using file input for terminal F
ECRUITS TOTALBIO TOTSPBIO
$\begin{array}{ll} & \text { Age 3 } \\ 1950 \quad 78320\end{array}$


| 1953 | 1211408 | 480944 | 78167 | 127660 | 2.3326 | 0.5577 | 0.7497 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1954 | 143480 | 507652 | 113738 | 156788 | 1.3785 | 0.6581 | 0.529 |


| 1955 | 60545 | 467195 | 176934 | 202286 | 1.1433 | 0.6325 | 0.5247 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1956 | 197841 | 454181 | 240994 | 213924 | 0.8877 | 0.7667 | 0.4708 |


| 1956 | 197841 | 454181 | 240994 | 213924 | 0.8877 | 0.7667 | 0.4708 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1957 | 61348 | 309359 | 180016 | 123583 | 0.6865 | 0.7803 | 0.4596 |


| 1958 | 80285 | 259968 | 149209 | 112672 | 0.7551 | 0.8666 | 0.5574 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1959 | 380471 | 334093 | 119185 | 88211 | 0.7401 | 1.0349 | 0.4163 |


| 1960 | 279861 | 371418 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1961 | 126531 | 366674 |

$1962 \quad 278704 \quad 323292$

| 1963 | 321214 | 284868 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1964 | 373824 | 276094 |
| 1965 | 119173 | 332715 |


| 1966 | 279111 | 361996 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1967 | 347123 | 434819 |


| 1968 | 20962 | 395146 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1969 | 20567 | 320318 |


| 1970 | 192197 | 263855 | 1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1971 | 111618 | 316147 | 153 |


| 1972 | 1178544 | 568516 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1973 | 312057 | 548781 |


| 1974 | 61353 | 546603 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1975 | 56406 | 431819 |


| 1976 | 63665 | 264738 | 178400 | 137264 | 0.7694 | 0.868 | 0.6915 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1977 | 128912 | 184660 | 106973 | 110158 | 1.0298 | 0.8956 | 0.833 |
| 1978 | 201834 | 196790 | 82786 | 95422 | 1.1526 | 1.0593 | 0.6743 |
| 1979 | 165725 | 245188 | 72652 | 103623 | 1.4263 | 1.2663 | 0.6903 |
| 1980 | 28662 | 261013 | 84191 | 87889 | 1.0439 | 1.278 | 0.4938 |
| 1981 | 12837 | 221778 | 100501 | 77153 | 0.7677 | 1.3498 | 0.4788 |
| 1982 | 16160 | 166623 | 99134 | 46955 | 0.4737 | 1.3424 | 0.3545 |
| 1983 | 9115 | 86570 | 57210 | 24600 | 0.43 | 0.9535 | 0.3061 |
| 1984 | 12082 | 68867 | 50885 | 20945 | 0.4116 | 0.9491 | 0.2811 |
| 1985 | 289373 | 159630 | 49039 | 45052 | 0.9187 | 1.0242 | 0.3412 |
| 1986 | 526244 | 307749 | 46415 | 100563 | 2.1666 | 0.9508 | 0.4936 |
| 1987 | 113047 | 304942 | 59686 | 154916 | 2.5955 | 1.0078 | 0.6406 |
| 1988 | 58170 | 241826 | 70838 | 95255 | 1.3447 | 1.0045 | 0.5126 |
| 1989 | 26437 | 197165 | 83474 | 58518 | 0.701 | 1.023 | 0.3816 |
| 1990 | 38118 | 161689 | 87899 | 27182 | 0.3092 | 0.9843 | 0.1575 |
| 1991 | 106515 | 187190 | 103932 | 36216 | 0.3485 | 0.9639 | 0.2076 |
| 1992 | 210132 | 262028 | 117403 | 59922 | 0.5104 | 1.0207 | 0.2891 |
| 1993 | 689389 | 435637 | 121485 | 82379 | 0.6781 | 0.9969 | 0.3693 |
| 1994 | 307192 | 549155 | 139786 | 135186 | 0.9671 | 0.9945 | 0.443 |
| 1995 | 103186 | 547304 | 160918 | 142448 | 0.8852 | 0.9759 | 0.3854 |

Table 5.9 (continued)

| 1996 | 114718 | 485198 | 212500 | 178128 | 0.8382 | 0.9832 | 0.4154 |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1997 | 123128 | 357527 | 194279 | 154359 | 0.7945 | 0.9505 | 0.4722 |
| 1998 | 55236 | 253534 | 145904 | 100630 | 0.6897 | 0.9888 | 0.4171 |
| 1999 | 231439 | 251125 | 107989 | 83195 | 0.7704 | 0.9792 | 0.4341 |
| 2000 | 90178 | 249166 | 98651 | 68944 | 0.6989 | 0.9741 | 0.2941 |
| 2001 | 321160 | 345171 | 123898 | 89640 | 0.7235 | 1.0098 | 0.293 |
| 2002 | 324864 | 421012 | 141640 | 96062 | 0.6782 | 0.9903 | 0.2912 |
| 2003 | 228049 | 464244 | 173223 | 105700 | 0.6102 | 0.9785 | 0.3534 |
| 2004 | 206503 | 461147 | 190866 | 124502 | 0.6523 | 0.9973 | 0.2961 |
| Arith. |  |  |  |  |  |  | .4917 |
| Mean | 214773 | 328905 | 121114 | 121936 | 1.0923 |  |  |
| 0 Units | Thousands) | (Tonnes) | (Tonnes) | (Tonnes) |  |  |  |

Table 5.10 Control settings for the FLXSA analysis

| Tolerance (for convergence) | $1.00 \mathrm{E}-09$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Maximum iterations | 40 |
| Minimum SE in estimate of N | 0.3 |
| SE of F when shrinking to mean F | 0.5 |
| Oldest age for which the two parameter model is used for catchability at age | 6 |
| Age after which catchability is not estimated. q at older ages is set to the value at this age | 8 |
| Shrinkage to mean N | TRUE |
| Shrinkage to mean F | TRUE |
| Number of years for shrinkage to F in terminal year | 3 |
| Tuning window | 15 |
| Number of years to be used in the time series weighting | 20 |
| Power to be used in the time series taper weighting | 3 |

Table 5.11 Results from the FLXSA analysis

| Year | SSB | Total biomass | Recruitment at age 3 | fbar (ages 4-7) | Catch |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1950 | 217901 | 388377 | 79134 | 0.841 | 132125 |
| 1951 | 121941 | 430186 | 654602 | 0.639 | 120077 |
| 1952 | 99612 | 406481 | 71603 | 0.750 | 127660 |
| 1953 | 116036 | 713928 | 1225714 | 0.529 | 123920 |
| 1954 | 175094 | 780924 | 145078 | 0.392 | 156788 |
| 1955 | 283785 | 748811 | 61164 | 0.524 | 202286 |
| 1956 | 318997 | 600759 | 200053 | 0.470 | 213924 |
| 1957 | 234065 | 401897 | 62057 | 0.458 | 123583 |
| 1958 | 174720 | 304161 | 81246 | 0.557 | 112672 |
| 1959 | 116735 | 327196 | 385759 | 0.415 | 88211 |
| 1960 | 110469 | 403518 | 284150 | 0.512 | 154651 |
| 1961 | 123578 | 381596 | 128366 | 0.686 | 193224 |
| 1962 | 119598 | 356102 | 282500 | 0.849 | 187408 |
| 1963 | 86027 | 340617 | 324608 | 0.907 | 146224 |
| 1964 | 78609 | 389970 | 377693 | 0.679 | 99158 |
| 1965 | 106214 | 398549 | 120279 | 0.518 | 118578 |
| 1966 | 145112 | 438320 | 281956 | 0.635 | 161778 |
| 1967 | 148584 | 452115 | 350591 | 0.443 | 136397 |
| 1968 | 163926 | 410078 | 21137 | 0.531 | 181726 |
| 1969 | 156950 | 293803 | 20805 | 0.411 | 130820 |
| 1970 | 144671 | 267953 | 194936 | 0.376 | 88257 |
| 1971 | 121406 | 251431 | 113248 | 0.255 | 78905 |
| 1972 | 123212 | 641940 | 1192837 | 0.738 | 266153 |
| 1973 | 124727 | 666375 | 315681 | 0.587 | 322226 |
| 1974 | 174427 | 508818 | 62126 | 0.508 | 221157 |
| 1975 | 212638 | 403956 | 57192 | 0.532 | 175758 |
| 1976 | 208071 | 309015 | 64971 | 0.692 | 137264 |
| 1977 | 120797 | 209154 | 131414 | 0.836 | 110158 |
| 1978 | 79029 | 188064 | 204356 | 0.675 | 95422 |
| 1979 | 58013 | 195830 | 167377 | 0.692 | 103623 |
| 1980 | 66468 | 206310 | 28927 | 0.494 | 87889 |
| 1981 | 75168 | 165971 | 12949 | 0.479 | 77153 |
| 1982 | 74530 | 125323 | 16333 | 0.354 | 46955 |
| 1983 | 60586 | 91696 | 9201 | 0.305 | 24600 |
| 1984 | 54209 | 73337 | 12144 | 0.280 | 20945 |
| 1985 | 48462 | 158042 | 293871 | 0.340 | 45052 |
| 1986 | 49445 | 328106 | 532258 | 0.492 | 100563 |
| 1987 | 60170 | 306779 | 113487 | 0.639 | 154916 |
| 1988 | 71708 | 243746 | 58472 | 0.509 | 95255 |
| 1989 | 82962 | 195032 | 26634 | 0.377 | 58518 |
| 1990 | 90647 | 166171 | 38463 | 0.157 | 27182 |
| 1991 | 109306 | 196498 | 107724 | 0.207 | 36216 |
| 1992 | 116741 | 259926 | 212279 | 0.289 | 59922 |
| 1993 | 123201 | 441993 | 697525 | 0.369 | 82379 |
| 1994 | 141516 | 558017 | 310592 | 0.442 | 135186 |
| 1995 | 166618 | 567414 | 104217 | 0.385 | 142448 |
| 1996 | 218819 | 499528 | 115884 | 0.415 | 178128 |
| 1997 | 207170 | 380860 | 124148 | 0.472 | 154359 |
| 1998 | 149562 | 259469 | 55629 | 0.417 | 100630 |

Table 5.11 (continued)

| 1999 | 111744 | 259162 | 233336 | 0.434 | 83195 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 2000 | 102534 | 258272 | 90615 | 0.293 | 68944 |
| 2001 | 123953 | 345910 | 327127 | 0.293 | 89640 |
| 2002 | 144504 | 431253 | 330887 | 0.290 | 96062 |
| 2003 | 179310 | 470752 | 234485 | 0.352 | 105700 |
| 2004 | 194891 | 205935 | 0.292 | 124502 |  |

Table 5.12 FLRXSA Diagnostics and residuals

| Index | First age | Last | First | Last |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| age | year | year |  |  |  |  |  |
| Russian BT survey, total area, Nov- | 1 | 7 | 1983 | 2004 |  |  |  |
| Dec, age 1-7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Norwegian acoustic, age 1-7, shifted | 1 | 7 | 1980 | 2004 |  |  |  |
| Norwegian BT survey, age 1-7, shifted | 1 | 8 | 1982 | 2004 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 5.12 (continued)

| Index: | Norwegian acoustic, age 1-7, shifted |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| power model |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | slope | power |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | 7.12 | 0.796 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 7.81 | 0.663 |  |  |  |  |

Table 5.12 (continued)

| linear catchability model |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | mean Q |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7 | 0.00072 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8 | 0.000594 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Residuals |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| year / age | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| 1982 | -0.469 | 0.451 | 0.0736 | 0.0445 | 0.391 | 0.0851 | 0.671 | NA |
| 1983 | 0.36 | 0.964 | 0.291 | -0.0644 | 0.185 | -0.243 | -0.502 | -0.37 |
| 1984 | 0.775 | 0.31 | 1.06 | 0.119 | 0.451 | 0.12 | -0.67 | 0.269 |
| 1985 | -0.0424 | -0.128 | -0.177 | -0.0916 | 0.432 | 0.227 | 0.15 | 0.169 |
| 1986 | 0.353 | 0.181 | 0.0325 | -0.103 | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 1987 | -0.313 | 0.202 | 0.217 | 0.132 | 0.00506 | 0.284 | NA | NA |
| 1988 | -0.451 | 0.457 | 0.251 | 0.17 | 0.00672 | 0.278 | 0.281 | NA |
| 1989 | -0.468 | -0.198 | -0.147 | -0.0991 | 0.0413 | 0.113 | 1.63 | NA |
| 1990 | 0.427 | -0.15 | -0.16 | 0.21 | 0.119 | -0.265 | 1.01 | NA |
| 1991 | 0.377 | 0.0695 | -0.218 | -0.281 | 0.0389 | -0.142 | 0.292 | 1.03 |
| 1992 | 0.112 | -0.232 | -0.0024 | -0.345 | -0.0654 | 0.113 | -0.536 | -0.452 |
| 1993 | 0.11 | 0.0575 | -0.152 | -0.0659 | -0.183 | -0.149 | -0.644 | -0.203 |
| 1994 | -0.346 | -0.0216 | -0.0187 | 0.00899 | 0.115 | 0.122 | NA | 0.224 |
| 1995 | -0.165 | -0.17 | 0.181 | 0.263 | -0.0035 | 0.183 | 0.837 | NA |
| 1996 | -0.228 | -0.0054 | 0.0807 | 0.108 | 0.052 | -0.004 | 1.4 | -0.044 |
| 1997 | NA | 0.0617 | -0.0384 | 0.161 | -0.0441 | -0.0709 | 1.02 | 0.921 |
| 1998 | -0.492 | NA | -0.0681 | -0.204 | 0.0745 | -0.0993 | 0.38 | 0.187 |
| 1999 | 0.137 | -0.107 | NA | 0.064 | 0.00748 | 0.0131 | -0.321 | 0.458 |
| 2000 | 0.115 | 0.0292 | -0.016 | NA | 0.00721 | -0.176 | -1.27 | -0.641 |
| 2001 | 0.136 | 0.051 | -0.0408 | -0.0184 | NA | 0.0492 | -0.761 | NA |
| 2002 | -0.00442 | 0.134 | 0.00327 | -0.175 | -0.0541 | NA | -0.53 | -1.27 |
| 2003 | 0.142 | -0.0056 | 0.0306 | -0.0403 | -0.0551 | 0.232 | NA | 0.304 |
| 2004 | 0.253 | 0.0522 | 0.133 | 0.172 | 0.0262 | -0.0921 | -0.315 | NA |



Figure 5.1 Comparison of revised and AFWG 2005 landings of Northeast Arctic Haddock


Figure 5.2 Comparison of fishing mortalities using revised data and AFWG 2005 fishing mortalities


Figure 5.3 Comparison of spawning stock biomass estimates from the revised assessment and AFWG 2005


Figure 5.4 Comparison of recruitment estimates from the revised assessment and AFWG 2005


Figure 5.5 Time series of Landings, F, Recruitment and SSB.


Figure 5.6 SSB - Recruitment (age 3) plot


Figure 5.7 Retrospective plots 1990-2004

## 6 Revision of reference points

### 6.1 Biomass reference points

ICES established the reference points for NEA haddock in 1998. The currently used values and rationality for RP estimates are given in tables below (from ICES, 2005b).

|  | ICES considers that: | ICES proposed that: |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Precautionary Approach <br> reference points | $B_{\lim }$ is 50000 t | $\mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{pa}}$ be set at 80000 t |
|  | $\mathrm{F}_{\text {lim }}$ is 0.49 | $\mathrm{~F}_{\mathrm{pa}}$ is set at 0.35 |
| Target reference points | NA | NA |

## Technical basis

| $\mathbf{B}_{\text {lim }}$ : only poor recruitment has been observed from <br> 4 years of SSB $<50000 \mathrm{t}$ and all moderate or large <br> year classes have been produced at higher SSB. | $\mathbf{B}_{\mathrm{pa}}=\mathbf{B}_{\text {lim }} * 1.67$. |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{F}_{\text {lim }}=$ median value of $\mathbf{F}_{\text {loss }}$. | $\mathbf{F}_{\mathrm{pa}}=\mathbf{F}_{\text {med }}$. The stock has sustained higher fishing <br> mortality for most of the period after 1950; however, <br> low SSB has often been the result. |

During the current meeting the biological data, catch at age numbers and landings data were revised. Thus it is necessary to re-evaluate the current values of reference points in the light of the revised SSB and recruitment time-series of NEA haddock.

### 6.1.1 $\mathbf{B}_{\text {lim }}$

In the ICES implementation of the precautionary approach (PA), which seeks to prevent stocks being harmed seriously due to recruitment over-fishing, $\mathrm{B}_{\text {lim }}$ has an intrinsic biological basis since for a biomass below $\mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{lim}}$ there is a substantial increase in the probability of obtaining poor year-classes. In practice the value of $\mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{lim}}$ is derived from historical stockrecruitment data, as the point below which there is evidence that recruitment becomes impaired. The word impaired means that that recruitment becomes systematically reduced as biomass declines below a certain point due to the effect of fishing.

The segmented regression function was used in an attempt to estimate $B_{\text {lim }}$. The analysis has been done for two time periods. The model was fitted to the data from the NEA haddock assessment made during this meeting for SSB-recruitment at age 3 and for the year-classes 1950-1998 and 1980-1998.

The bootstrap procedure has been used to test significance of the segmented regression model against two other stock-recruitment models.

### 6.1.2 Description of the bootstrap algorithm used for the segmented regression

The alternative hypothesis

- $\quad \mathrm{H}_{1}$ : The recruitment follows a segmented regression model
was tested against two null hypotheses:
- $\mathrm{H}_{0 \mathrm{C}}$ : The recruitment is constant
- $\quad \mathrm{H}_{0 \mathrm{~S}}$ : The recruitment has a constant slope and zero intercept ( $\mathrm{R}=\mathrm{b}$ SSB)

A traditional approach would use the null hypothesis that recruitment is nothing else than noise with a constant mean $(\mathrm{E}(\mathrm{R})=\mu$ ). There are strong reasons not to choose this as the null hypothesis when estimating stock and recruitment relationships. The recruitment at zero
spawning stock is zero. And it is obvious that the larger the number of eggs produced the larger is the potential recruitment. And with this choice of null hypothesis the questions asked would be like: "How high must the spawning stock be before recruitment does not increase anymore and levels out?"
$\mathrm{H}_{1}$ was tested against the null hypothesis using the following bootstrap algorithm:
i ) fit the segmented regression model to the data and calculate the squared sum of residuals $\mathrm{SSQ}_{\mathrm{SR}}$
ii ) fit the model corresponding to the null hypothesis and calculate the squared sum of residuals $\mathrm{SSQ}_{\mathrm{C}}$
iii ) calculate $\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{OBS}}=(\mathrm{N}-2)\left(\mathrm{SSQ}_{\mathrm{C}}-\mathrm{SSQ}_{\mathrm{SR}}\right) / \mathrm{SSQ}_{\mathrm{SR}}$
iv ) for 100 bootstrap iterations
a) generate $R_{i}^{*, k}=\hat{R}_{i}+e_{i}^{*, k}$ where $\hat{R}_{i}$ is the recruitment in year $i$ predicted from the "null" model and $e_{i}^{*, k}$ is drawn with replacement from the residuals
b) Fit the segmented regression model and the "null" model to $\left\{R_{i}^{*}\right\}$ and calculate $\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{OBS}}^{*, k}=\max \left\{0,(\mathrm{~N}-2)\left(\mathrm{SSQ}_{\mathrm{C}}^{*, k}-\mathrm{SSQ}_{\mathrm{SR}}^{*, k}\right) / \mathrm{SSQ}_{\mathrm{SR}}^{*, k}\right\}$
v) Calculate the p -value as the fraction of $\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{OBS}}^{*, k}$ that is larger than the original $\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{OBS}}$

In Figure 6.1 and 6.2 $\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{OBS}}^{*, k}$ is plotted

### 6.1.3 Results of re-estimation and diagnostics

Parameter values, including the change-point ( $\mathbf{S}^{*}=\mathbf{B}_{\text {lim }}$ ), slope in the origin ( $\hat{\alpha}$ ) and recruitment plateau ( $\mathbf{R}^{*}$ ), were computed and are presented in the following table:
Left part: Results from fitting of the segmented regression model. $\mathbf{S}^{*}, \hat{\alpha}$ and $\mathbf{R}^{*}$ indicate change-point, slope, and recruitment plateau, respectively. Middle part: Results from a bootstrap test of $\mathrm{H}_{0}: \mathrm{R}=$ constant against $\mathrm{H}_{1}$ : the relation between R and $\operatorname{SSB}$ is described by the segmented regression model. Right part: Results from a bootstrap test of $H_{0}: R=a$ * SSB against $\mathrm{H}_{1}$ : the relation between R and SSB is described by the segmented regression model. For the F and p-values see the paragraph about the bootstrap algorithm for details.

|  | Model |  | H0: R=Constant |  | H0: R = a*SSB |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Time period | $S^{*}$ | $\hat{\alpha}$ | $\mathbf{R}^{*}$ | Resid df F-value p-value | Resid df F-value p-value |  |  |
| $1980-1998$ | 87889 | 1,40 | 123047 | 18 | 0,67 | 0,23 | 18 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 5 0 - 1 9 9 8}$ | 227412 | 1,08 | 245416 | 48 | 3,27 | 0,06 | 48 |

The estimates of the spawning stock biomass for which recruitment is impaired are 88 and 227 thousand tonnes for periods 1980-1998 and 1950-1998 correspondently, using the algorithm of Julious (2001). Nevertheless, the segmented regression model does not fit the data significantly better than the constant model or the zero-intercept regression model using a $5 \%$ significance level.

The fits of the segmented regression model to the data and diagnostic plots are shown in Figures 6.1 and 6.2.

The results of estimation for period 1980-1998 are very sensitive to the data for the most recent years (Figure $6.1 \mathrm{e}, \mathrm{f}, \mathrm{g}$ ) and indicate gradually more favourable recruitment conditions over some time. The breakpoint estimation for period 1950-1998 is stable. Strongly varying natural mortality together with fluctuations in maturity makes it difficult to compare the dynamics of the stock after 1980 to the stock previous to 1980 where these values are assumed constant.

### 6.1.4 $B_{\text {loss }}$

Due to changes in biological data and catch-at-age made during this meeting, the estimates of SSB and R are changed. The lowest observed biomass (SSB at 1986) is now 46 thousand tonnes, which is much higher than the AFWG-2005 assessment made before revision of the data (27 thousand tonnes in year 1985). The average value of the 3 lowest spawning biomasses $(1984,1985,1986)$ is very close to 49 thousand tonnes.

### 6.2 Fishing mortality reference points

Not discussed or revised

### 6.3 Candidate target fishing mortalities

Not discussed in detail. ACFM stated in their report (ICES, 2005b) that "candidates for reference points which are consistent with taking high long-term yields and achieving a low risk of depleting the productive potential of the stock may be identified in the range of $\mathbf{F}_{0.1}$ $\mathbf{F}_{\max }$ " (F between 0.202 and 0.321). Periods of reduced individual growth of NEA Haddock seem to be linked with stock size. The evaluation in Section 7 uses density dependent weight at age (see Section 7.3.2). The historic time series of NEA Haddock represents long periods with high fishing mortalities and the observed growth may not reflect the productivity of the stock at larger stock sizes and yield will typically be maximised at slightly higher fishing mortalities.



Figure 6.1. Results (a-d) and diagnostics (e-h) from a fit of the segmented regression model to data from 1980-1998. a) Residual sum of squares as a function of the change-point delta; b): stockrecruitment pairs identified by year class; the solid line shows the estimated model, the vertical dotted line indicates the estimated change-point; c) normal plot of residuals; d) histogram of residuals; e) the estimated change-points when adding one year at the time, starting with all years before 1988 excluded; $f$ ) same as b) but dotted lines indicate the change-point model estimates obtained by adding one year at the time. The years 1988-1998 are shown in blue; g) the estimated change-points when excluding one year at the time; $h$ ) solid lines: empirical distribution of $F$ values from the 100 bootstrap replicates (see the paragraph about the bootstrap algorithm for details), dotted lines: the $F$-value for the real data, black: $H_{0}$ : constant recruitment, blue: $\mathbf{H}_{0}$ : R=a*SSB. (F = (n-2) $\left(\right.$ RSS $\left.\left._{\mathrm{H} 0}-\mathrm{RSS}_{\mathrm{H} 1}\right) / \mathrm{RSS}_{\mathrm{H} 1}\right)$.


Figure 6.2. Results (a-d) and diagnostics (e-h) from a fit of the segmented regression model to data from 1950-1998. a) Residual sum of squares as a function of the change-point delta; b): stockrecruitment pairs identified by year class; the solid line shows the estimated model, the vertical dotted line indicates the estimated change-point; c) normal plot of residuals; d) histogram of residuals; e) the estimated change-points when adding one year at the time, starting with all years before 1988 excluded; f) same as b) but dotted lines indicate the change-point model estimates obtained by adding one year at the time. The years 1988-1998 are shown in blue; g) the estimated change-points when excluding one year at the time; $h$ ) solid lines: empirical distribution of $F$ values from the 100 bootstrap replicates (see the paragraph about the bootstrap algorithm for details), dotted lines: the $F$-value for the real data, black: $\mathbf{H}_{0}$ : constant recruitment, blue: $\mathbf{H}_{0}$ : $\mathbf{R}=\mathbf{a}$ *SSB. $\left(\mathbf{F}=(\mathbf{n}-2)\left(\mathbf{R S S}_{\mathrm{H} 0}-\mathbf{R S S}_{\mathrm{H} 1}\right) / \mathrm{RSS}_{\mathrm{H}}\right)$.

## 7 Evaluation of the agreed HCR

### 7.1 The HCR rule

### 7.1.1 Description

The 33rd meeting of the Joint Russian-Norwegian Fisheries Commission (JRNC) in November 2004 decided on a harvest rule for cod and haddock. A translation of this can be found in Section 3 of this report. The rule can be summarised as follows:

- TAC is set to the average of the predicted catches in the TAC year and the 2 following years using a fishing mortality $\mathrm{F}_{\text {target }}=\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{pa}}=0.35$.
- The TAC should not be changed with more than $25 \%$ relative to the previous years' TAC.
- The limit of maximum $25 \%$ annual change in TAC shall not be used if the SSB falls below $\mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{pa}}$ in the current year or any of the 3 prediction years.
- If the SSB falls below $B_{p a}$ the fishing mortality should be reduced linearly from $F_{p a}$ at $\mathrm{SSB}=\mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{pa}}$ down to $\mathrm{F}=0$ at $\mathrm{SSB}=0$.

The rationale for choosing a 3-year prediction period is to make the catch level more stable.

### 7.1.2 Interpretation of management objectives

The agreement is clear in stating that one of the objectives is to achieve high long-term yield. There can be some variations in the interpretation of this objective, and one that springs to mind is "not too far from maximum long-term yield".

The second objective is to achieve a degree of year-to-year stability in TAC. A stability criterion is a direct part of the rule itself.

Together with these two management objectives, the following is expressed: "the strategies ... should take into account ... full utilization of all available information on stock development". This deals with the quality of the assessments of the stock and the performance quality of the harvest control rule.

An underlying objective is that the HCR as a tool for managing the stock should perform in accordance with the precautionary approach. The information in the referred agreement is only reflecting a part of the management objectives for this stock. Both parties have agreed on specific management measures designed to protect juvenile haddock.

The workshop responds to all objectives expressed by the Commission.

### 7.1.3 Management measures

The management system is TAC based with some additional measures. One of the more important ones is temporary closures in both time and space, which are used extensively. These closures are based on monitoring and sampling from the fishing activity using a certain proportion of the catch below the minimum landing size as criteria for closure. Few attempts have been made to quantify the effect of these closures due to problems with the estimation of reallocation of effort and how the availability of other fishing opportunities are effecting fishermen/vessel behaviour. The general mesh size regulation for trawl in the Barents Sea implies the use of codends with a mesh size of $125 / 135 \mathrm{~mm}$. There is an additional regulation requiring that a rigid sorting grid ( 55 mm ) is mounted in the front of the codend.

### 7.1.4 Limitations in the current evaluation

The evaluation is to a large extent based on simulations. All simulations have their limitations and shortcomings in how well they can mimic a fisheries system and these limitations influence the ability to make conclusions. The perception of the dynamics of the stock may be flawed. Such flaws can be related to incomplete knowledge of the system, biased information being used or the simulation itself lacking the degree of complexity needed (see also ICES, 2006, Section 7). The following list represents important factors, shortcomings or weaknesses not taken into account in the simulations made at this workshop:

1) Discarding and high grading is known to occur in fisheries that catch NEA haddock (ICES, 2005a, AFWG report). There is a general discard ban in all the fisheries that catch NEA Haddock. There is very little information available that can be used to estimate the extent of discarding. Discarding may be a factor that reduces the ability of the simulation to mimic the "true" dynamics of fisheries system. All conclusions drawn from the simulations described in this report assumes none or negligible discarding/high-grading.
2 ) Not all landings of NEA Haddock are recorded. As for NEA cod (ICES, 2005a, AFWG report) unreported landings may (at least for some recent years) form a large part of the catches. The consequences of such a degree of implementation error (transshipping of cod and haddock) have not been a part of the simulations. All conclusions drawn are based on the assumption that the harvest control rule is implemented without such errors.
3 ) The spasmodic recruitment dynamics of NEA haddock is difficult to simulate (as for other haddock stocks). There is no clear SR-relationship for this stock and this makes it difficult to simulate the potential effect the current fishing has on future yields (only weak signs of reduced recruitment at low spawning stock levels). More details on the simulation of recruitment can be found in Section 7.2.1.

### 7.1.5 Methodology for evaluation of harvest control rules

Evaluation of HCRs is usually done using simulation models for the population(s) in question. The scope, nature and quality standards of simulation models that may be used in order to evaluate HCRs are discussed e.g. by Skagen et al. (2003) and described by SGMAS (ICES, 2005c). SGMAS (Section 4.4) also gives guidelines for evaluation of management strategies.

Important issues for evaluation of harvest control rules are:
a) Choice of population model
b ) Inclusion of uncertainty in population model
c ) Use of long-term and/or medium-term simulations
d ) Choice of initial values for simulations
e) Choice of harvest control rules for use in the evaluation (constant F rules, how to reduce F when $\mathrm{SSB}<\mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{pa}}$, limit on year-to-year variation in catch etc.)
f) Performance measures for harvest control rules (yield, stock size, F, probability of $\mathrm{SSB}<\mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{lim}}$, annual variation in catches etc.)

The general modelling approach taken here is the same as described by Skagen et al. (2003).
Considering various tools for evaluating harvest control rules mentioned by SGMAS in 2005 (ICES, 2005c), the simulations were carried out using the PROST software for stochastic projections (Åsnes, 2005). PROST was especially developed for this purpose because existing software for harvest control rule simulations such as WGMTERM, STPR and CS5 do not incorporate the 3 -year averaging process (hereafter called the '3-year-average-rule') for setting TAC given by the agreed decision rule. However, PROST is intended as a general tool for stochastic projections.

### 7.2 PROST simulations

### 7.2.1 Model settings

### 7.2.1.1 Population model used

For cod, a biologically detailed population model for cod was used in the evaluation (Bogstad et al., 2004). A similar approach was taken for haddock. The chosen population model was:
a) Segmented regression spawning stock-recruitment model, including uncertainty.
b ) Weight at age in stock dependent on total stock biomass in the previous year
c ) Weight at age in catch is a function of weight at age in stock
d ) Maturation at age is a function of weight at age in the stock.
e ) Natural mortality at age includes predation mortality by cod, average values for the period 1984-2004 are used.
f ) Exploitation pattern: 2002-2004 average used for all years.
g ) Implementation of catch: First, the catch at age is calculated from the perceived stock using the fishing mortality derived from the harvest control rule and the given exploitation pattern. This catch at age is then applied to the actual stock.
h ) No uncertainty in weight at age, maturity at age or natural mortality at age
The details are given in Section 7.2.1.2-7.2.1.6

### 7.2.1.2 Stock-recruitment relationship

Possible choices for the stock-recruitment relationship include the segmented regression approach, Beverton/Holt and Ricker. The segmented regression approach with a stochastic term (log-normally distributed) was chosen. We thus look for a stock-recruitment relationship of the form shown in Eq. (1):

$$
\begin{equation*}
R_{3}(\text { year }+3)=f(\operatorname{SSB}(\text { year })) e^{\varepsilon} \tag{1}
\end{equation*}
$$

where $f(S S B)=\min \left(\frac{\alpha}{\beta} S S B, \alpha\right)$ and $\varepsilon=N(0, \sigma)$
To determine the stochastic term $\varepsilon$ in equation (1), the approach outlined by Skagen and Aglen (2002) was used. They suggested 3 quality criteria for stochastic stock-recruitment functions:

1) Independence between residuals and SSB

2 ) Probability coverage
3 ) The recruitment estimates should be unbiased.
2 ) is a control that the distribution assumed for the residuals is adequate, while 3) may be used as an additional constraint when finding the parameters of the stock-recruitment function.

Assuming that each of the historic residuals is equally likely, the rank of each of them, divided by the number of observed residuals, gives the empirical cumulated probability of the historical residuals. On the other hand, according to the model that is assumed for the residuals in the prediction, there corresponds a cumulated probability for the value of each observed residual. Each of these model probabilities should be close to the empirical cumulated probability of the same historic residual. The Kolmogorov goodness of fit test is based on this reasoning, and the Kolmogorov test statistic can be derived directly from the pairs of modelled and observed values.

The fit was done using Solver in Excel spreadsheets described by Skagen and Aglen (2002). A constraint on the sum of the difference between modelled and observed recruitments being zero was applied. $\alpha=160000 \mathrm{t}, \beta=145000 \mathrm{t}$ and $\sigma=1.118$ gave the best fit to the data. The model explained $25 \%$ of the variation in recruitment. Figure 7.1 shows the residuals vs. SSB. The residuals do not seem to be correlated with SSB.

Figure 7.2 and 7.3 show the probability coverage and observed vs. modelled recruitment for this distribution. The fit seems to be rather satisfactory.

The final test in any case is to take the distribution (or at least the standard percentiles) of recruitments from a long-term prediction and compare with the historic recruitments generated by similar levels of SSB.

### 7.2.1.3 Weight at age in the stock

We have used the time series from 1980 onwards (stock weights in 1980-2004 vs. total stock biomass in 1979-2003) to fit a density-dependent model for weight at age (kg) in the stock $w s_{a, y}$ for ages 3-7. The model is of the form

$$
\begin{equation*}
w S_{a, y}=\alpha_{a} T S B_{y-1}+\beta_{a} \tag{2}
\end{equation*}
$$

where TSB $_{y}$ is the total stock biomass (million tonnes) in year $y, a$ is age and $\alpha_{a}$ and $\beta_{\mathrm{a}}$ are constants. The parameters in the regressions are given in Table 7.1.

It may also be necessary to truncate the range of possible values of haddock weight, in order to avoid unrealistic values due to extrapolations. We chose to use the highest/lowest observed values of haddock weight at each age as upper/lower bounds in the model.

For age 8 and older haddock the time series average (the weight at age in the stock for the period before 1983) was used.

### 7.2.1.4 Weight at age in the catch

Weight at age in catch is modelled as a function of weight at age in stock, using equation (3):

$$
\begin{equation*}
w C_{a, y}=\alpha_{a} w s_{a, y}+\beta_{a} \tag{3}
\end{equation*}
$$

The values of $\alpha_{\mathrm{a}}$ and $\beta_{\mathrm{a}}$ for ages 3-7 are given in Table 7.2. The regressions are based on data from 1983-2004, when observations of stock weights at age from surveys are available.

Weight at age in the catch is calculated directly from weight at age in the stock using equation (4). For ages 8 and older weight at age in the catch is set equal to the time series average.

### 7.2.1.5 Maturity at age

Maturity at age and year $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{y}}$ is modeled as a function of weight at age in the stock in the same year, given in equation (4)

$$
\begin{equation*}
P_{a, y}=P\left(w s_{a, y}\right)=\frac{1}{1+e^{-\lambda_{a}\left(w s_{s, y}-w_{s, a, Q}\right)}} \tag{4}
\end{equation*}
$$

The results of fitting this model for ages 3-9 are shown in Table 7.3. For ages 10 and $11+\mathrm{P}=1$.

### 7.2.1.6 Mortality

The (residual) natural mortality (M) was set to the average value for the period 1984-2004. This mortality includes predation mortality from cod. The values for ages 3-6 are given in Table 7.4. For age 7 and older fish $\mathrm{M}=0.2$ was used.

### 7.2.1.7 Exploitation pattern

The selection pattern used by AFWG 2005 (ICES, 2005a) in their prognosis (i.e. the 20022004 average) was chosen as the default exploitation pattern S(a) (Table 7.5).

Since we allow for variable weight-at-age in our model, it would be appropriate to make a weight-dependent selection curve. Also the effect of incoming strong year classes on the fishing pattern should be investigated.

### 7.2.1.8 Simulation settings

For each run, 2000 simulations 100 years into the future were made. The average values for the last 80 years of the period were used, in order to avoid the influence of the initial values.

Assessment error was included ( $\mathrm{CV}=0.25$ for all age groups, uncorrelated), but not implementation error. The error term in the recruitment function (Eq. (1)) was truncated to be between -2.5 and 2.5.

It was decided to explore a range of values for fishing mortality and limits on yearly variations in TAC, in addition to those given in the harvest control rule. Also, the effect of constant vs. modeled values for weight and maturity were considered.

Runs were made for $\mathrm{F}=0.25, \mathrm{~F}=0.35$ and $\mathrm{F}=0.45$, as well as for $10 \%, 25 \%, 35 \%$ and no limit (implemented in PROST as a $100 \%$ limit) on year-to-year variations in TAC and with modeled values for weight and maturity at age. Also, the runs with a $25 \%$ limit on the year-toyear variations in TAC were made with constant values for weight and maturity at age, giving a total of 15 runs. The ' 3 -year average rule' was used in all cases.

### 7.2.2 Results

The results of the runs are shown in Table 7.6 and 7.7.

### 7.2.3 Discussion

Table 7.6 shows that the yield is fairly stable in the range $\mathrm{F}=0.25$ to $\mathrm{F}=0.45$, but $\mathrm{F}=0.35$ always gives a higher yield than the other values.

Table 7.7 shows that the suggested HCR (run 2) seems to be in accordance with the precautionary approach, with very low probability for $\mathrm{SSB}<\mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{lim}}$ (and also $\mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{pa}}$ ). The run with the highest probability of $\mathrm{SSB}<\mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{lim}}$ is run 15 ( $\mathrm{F}=0.45$, max $10 \%$ year-to year change in TAC and fixed weights/maturities), with $2.6 \%$ ). It is also seen that using a max $10 \%$ year-to year change in TAC increases the probability of SSB $<\mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{lim}}$ and $\mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{p}}$, while the difference between using $25 \%, 35 \%$ and no limit is small).

The run with $\mathrm{F}_{5-10}=0.45$, and no limit on maximum year-to-year-change in TAC (run 9) can be used as a reality check. The average value of $F$ for the period $1950-2004$ is 0.49 , and the average values of total biomass, SSB, landings are 329, 121 and 122 thousand tonnes respectively, while the average recruitment at age 3 is 215 million. The stock sizes and catches from run 9 are fairly close to these historical averages. This indicates that the model performs reasonably well at this level of fishing mortality.

### 7.2.4 Conclusions

The simulations presented here should be regarded as preliminary, but they do indicate that the proposed HCR seems to be precautionary. The conclusion is given under the limitations presented in Section 7.1.4 and we would like to point out that whether the rule is in accordance with the precautionary approach or not may be irrelevant if the rule is not properly implemented.

### 7.3 FLR simulations

An attempt was carried out to evaluate the agreed harvest control rule by using the FLR framework. The framework seems very promising with its many possibilities, but to use the evaluation software was too demanding to accomplish what was intended in such a short time.

## OPERATING MODEL DIAGRAM



### 7.3.1 Model settings

The simulation model starts back in time, simulating both the real stock and the assessment of the stock. An assessment is thus carried out each time step based on simulated input data with observation errors so that it is possible get a measure for assessment uncertainty.

The operating model simulates a population given an initial vector of numbers at age, biological parameters (natural mortality at age or natural mortality distribution parameters (lognormal or uniform distribution), weight-at-age, maturity-at-age), a stock-recruitment relationship, and a catch-at-age matrix or a fishing mortality at age matrix obtained from an assessment model.

Variability around stock-recruitment relationship can be introduced using lognormal random numbers or bootstrapping. In the first option a random number is drawn from a lognormal distribution and it is multiplied to the predicted recruitment. The standard error in log scale of the lognormal distribution has to be given as input data. In the second option an error is added to the predicted recruitment. This error is obtained by sampling from the residuals of a stockrecruitment fit.

To carry the population forward the operating model uses the usual catch and survival equations combined with the chosen stock-recruitment relationship. In the historic part of the operating model the catches are obtained by means of fishing mortality, and this fishing mortality is obtained from the input data or by conditioning it to produce the input catch-atage matrix.

Abundance indices are also simulated using a 'qmodel' or 'power model'. For this purpose the parameters for this models has to be given as input data. For 'qmodel' a catchability-at-age vector and for 'power model' vectors at age for $\alpha$ and $\beta$ are needed. To account for observation error a multiplicative lognormal error can be introduced in the indices.

An observation error can also be introduced in the catch-at-age matrix using a multinomial distribution.

In the last year of the historic data, 2004 in the examples, an XSA assessment is carried out using the simulated catch-at-age matrix and abundance indices. Using the estimated stock numbers and fishing mortality at age, assuming that the fishing mortality of the assessment year, 2005 in the example, has been equal to the mean fishing mortality of last three years, 2001-2003, and using the agreed Harvest Control Law, a TAC is simulated for 2006. For 2005 and onwards, the projection part, the population is carried forward using the usual catch and survival equations and the chosen stock-recruitment relationship. The fishing mortality in the projections for each year is the one corresponding to the TAC estimated doing an assessment in each year and the harvest control law.

### 7.3.2 Results

During the WKHAD some initial trials have been done with the operating model. The main problem in simulating the haddock population is the stock-recruitment relationship. Three different stock-recruitment relationships were used, the Ricker model, Beverton and Holt model and a pseudo Ricker-model designed to account for the high recruitments observed in some of the years of the historic data.

## Description of Pseudo-Ricker model

The pseudo-Ricker model is a random stock-recruitment simulator, specially built to mimic the high recruitments observed in the historic recruitment data. Besides the parameters of the usual Ricker model, the pseudo-Ricker model has r two additional parameters, B0 which is a threshold spawning stock biomass and $p$ that is the probability of obtaining a high recruitment when the spawning stock biomass is above the threshold biomass B0. First we take the observed high recruitment values. In each step (year) of the operating model we act as follows:

- If the SSB is higher than B0:
- Draw a random number from a binomial distribution with probability ' $p$ ' (low).
- If the random number is equal to one (success), draw a recruitment from the set of the observed high recruitments and set this year recruitment equal to the drawn recruitment.
- Else calculate the recruitment using the normal Ricker model.
- If the SSB is lower than B0, calculate the recruitment using the Ricker model.

The same can be done using other kinds of recruitment model, Beverton and Holt, segmented regression etc. Simulating the recruitment in this way makes the probability of getting high recruitments similar to that observed in the assessment.

## Beverton-Holt recruitment

The Beverton-Holt recruitment relationship produced by the FLR-packages was obviously flawed so that it could not be used. (All the observed points were below the curve).

## Ricker Stock-Recruitment simulation performance

A Ricker stock-recruitment relationship was used in a simulation with the old data, that is, the data used in last year's assessment before the revision. A Ricker stock-recruitment relationship was estimated using the stock numbers estimated by the FLXSA. The recruitment levels in the simulations never reached the high recruitment values observed by the working group, so it seems that the simulated stock can not hold up the observed fishing mortality and with the current HCR the simulated haddock stock extinguish in around ten years.

A simulation with the Pseudo-Ricker model was carried out which improved the performance. However the harvest control rule had not been correctly implemented in the simulations so that the performance was still not satisfactory.

The old data was exchanged with the revised data. This caused a number of problems, the easiest ones to resolve explained by the fact that the age range was changed in the stock data. The more serious problems made us conclude that the simulations were too shaky to put confidence in. In addition it was obvious from the results that the harvest control rule was still not correctly implemented although a correction was made after the evaluation runs with the old data. We did not have time to look into this as we concentrated on the more serious problems.

### 7.3.3 Conclusions

In spite of the problems, we do believe that the problems will be resolved before the Arctic Working Group meeting in April this year. The FLR framework looks promising.

Table 7.1. Parameters in regression for density-dependent weight at age in the stock, and minimum, maximum and average values.

| age | $\alpha_{\mathrm{a}}$ | $\beta_{\mathrm{a}}$ | $\mathrm{R}^{2}$ | min observed <br> weight | max observed <br> weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | -0.30 | 0.43 | 0.19 | 0.25 | 0.59 |
| 4 | -0.81 | 0.89 | 0.45 | 0.47 | 1.04 |
| 5 | -1.30 | 1.41 | 0.57 | 0.75 | 1.57 |
| 6 | -1.40 | 1.89 | 0.45 | 1.08 | 2.12 |
| 7 | -1.20 | 2.27 | 0.21 | 1.44 | 2.67 |

Table 7.2. Parameters in regression for weight at age in the catch vs. weight at age in the stock.

| age | $\alpha_{\mathrm{a}}$ | $\beta_{\mathrm{a}}$ | $\mathrm{R}^{2}$ | min observedmax observed <br> weight |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| weight |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | 1.44 | 0.30 | 0.25 | 0.50 | 1.22 |
| 4 | 1.40 | 0.20 | 0.70 | 0.77 | 1.63 |
| 5 | 1.08 | 0.27 | 0.80 | 1.00 | 2.04 |
| 6 | 1.14 | 0.04 | 0.81 | 1.18 | 2.85 |
| 7 | 0.66 | 0.66 | 0.46 | 1.30 | 2.85 |

Table 7.3. Parameters in model for maturity at age vs. weight at age in the stock.

| age | $\lambda_{\mathrm{a}}$ | $\mathrm{W}_{50, \mathrm{a}}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | 2.707 | 2.072 |
| 4 | 1.347 | 2.323 |
| 5 | 1.261 | 1.657 |
| 6 | 1.231 | 0.989 |
| 7 | 1.026 | 0.163 |
| 8 | 0.564 | -2.690 |
| 9 | 0.464 | -5.745 |

Table 7.4. Natural mortality used.

| Age | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mortality | 0.3371 | 0.2309 | 0.2175 | 0.2023 |

Table 7.5. Exploitation pattern used.

| Age | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | $11+$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Selection | 0.0241 | 0.1520 | 0.2951 | 0.5050 | 0.4400 | 0.4560 | 0.3178 | 0.4720 | 0.4720 |

Table 7.6. Results of long-term stochastic simulations - stock biomass, recruitment and yield. Median values for the $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ simulations performed for each run

| Run <br> no | F | $\%$ | Weight/ <br> maturity | F | F <br> distort. | Catch <br> $(1000 \mathrm{t})$ | SSB <br> $(1000 \mathrm{t})$ | TSB <br> $(1000 \mathrm{t})$ | Recruits <br> (millions) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Age 3 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | 0.25 | 25 | Modelled | 0.25 | 0.25 | 132 | 343 | 617 | 249 |
| 2 | 0.35 | 25 | Modelled | 0.36 | 0.36 | 139 | 240 | 507 | 247 |
| 3 | 0.45 | 25 | Modelled | 0.46 | 0.47 | 139 | 175 | 425 | 231 |
| 4 | 0.25 | 35 | Modelled | 0.25 | 0.26 | 131 | 340 | 615 | 249 |
| 5 | 0.35 | 35 | Modelled | 0.36 | 0.37 | 140 | 237 | 504 | 247 |
| 6 | 0.45 | 35 | Modelled | 0.47 | 0.48 | 138 | 173 | 419 | 229 |
| 7 | 0.25 | 100 | Modelled | 0.26 | 0.26 | 132 | 339 | 613 | 250 |
| 8 | 0.35 | 100 | Modelled | 0.36 | 0.37 | 140 | 235 | 500 | 246 |
| 9 | 0.45 | 100 | Modelled | 0.47 | 0.48 | 137 | 171 | 416 | 227 |
| 10 | 0.25 | 10 | Modelled | 0.25 | 0.25 | 130 | 361 | 640 | 248 |
| 11 | 0.35 | 10 | Modelled | 0.36 | 0.36 | 136 | 249 | 514 | 240 |
| 12 | 0.45 | 10 | Modelled | 0.48 | 0.48 | 132 | 170 | 411 | 217 |
| 13 | 0.25 | 25 | Fixed | 0.25 | 0.25 | 150 | 361 | 752 | 250 |
| 14 | 0.35 | 25 | Fixed | 0.36 | 0.36 | 153 | 237 | 593 | 239 |
| 15 | 0.45 | 25 | Fixed | 0.45 | 0.46 | 136 | 151 | 445 | 206 |

Table 7.7. Results of long-term stochastic simulations. Probabilities of $\operatorname{SSB}<\mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{lim}}$ and $\mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{pa}}$ and overview of how often different parts of HCR is applied. Mean values for the 2000 simulations performed for each run.

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Run } \\ \text { no } \end{gathered}$ | F | \% | Weight/ maturity | $\begin{gathered} \text { \% years } \\ \text { SSB } \\ \text { < Blim } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { \% years } \\ \text { SSB } \\ \text { < Bpa } \end{gathered}$ | \% of years where various parts of HCR decide TAC |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | not restricted | SSB > Bpa <br> restricted by \% increase | restricted by \% decrease | SSB < Bpa |
| 1 | 0.25 | 25 | Modelled | 0.0 | 0.0 | 83.9 | 11.2 | 4.8 | 0.0 |
| 2 | 0.35 | 25 | Modelled | 0.0 | 0.1 | 80.4 | 13.1 | 6.3 | 0.2 |
| 3 | 0.45 | 25 | Modelled | 0.1 | 3.3 | 75.6 | 12.6 | 7.8 | 3.9 |
| 4 | 0.25 | 35 | Modelled | 0.0 | 0.0 | 94.7 | 4.5 | 0.8 | 0.0 |
| 5 | 0.35 | 35 | Modelled | 0.0 | 0.2 | 92.5 | 5.8 | 1.3 | 0.3 |
| 6 | 0.45 | 35 | Modelled | 0.1 | 3.9 | 87.8 | 5.9 | 1.9 | 4.4 |
| 7 | 0.25 | 100 | Modelled | 0.0 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 8 | 0.35 | 100 | Modelled | 0.0 | 0.4 | 99.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.5 |
| 9 | 0.45 | 100 | Modelled | 0.2 | 4.3 | 95.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 4.9 |
| 10 | 0.25 | 10 | Modelled | 0.0 | 0.2 | 34.3 | 35.4 | 30.1 | 0.3 |
| 11 | 0.35 | 10 | Modelled | 0.2 | 2.1 | 31.7 | 35.1 | 30.9 | 2.3 |
| 12 | 0.45 | 10 | Modelled | 1.0 | 9.8 | 31.6 | 26.7 | 31.0 | 10.8 |
| 13 | 0.25 | 25 | Fixed | 0.0 | 0.0 | 81.2 | 13.1 | 5.7 | 0.0 |
| 14 | 0.35 | 25 | Fixed | 0.1 | 1.7 | 77.0 | 13.5 | 7.6 | 1.9 |
| 15 | 0.45 | 25 | Fixed | 2.6 | 16.0 | 65.6 | 8.4 | 9.1 | 17.0 |



Figure 7.1 Dependence of residuals on SSB


Figure 7.2 Probability coverage for stochastic stock-recruitment function.


Figure 7.3 Observed vs. modelled recruitment for stochastic stock-recruitment function.

## 8 Discussion

### 8.1 Revisions made to the input data

The biggest change to the landings data was the inclusion of Norwegian landings from areas south of $67^{\circ} \mathrm{N}$. These landings were previously treated as belonging to another stock (Norwegian coastal haddock). The amount of landings added was around 5000 tonnes per year. These additions have been made only back to 1983. The added landings are relatively small compared to the total, but since they consist mostly of older fish, the numbers at age in the revised assessment is increased more than if the age composition had been similar. Figure 5.2 shows that the revised fishing mortality is reduced most in the end of the series.

The estimation of catch composition of Norwegian landings was changed from using traditionally relative frequency derived age-length keys to a Bayesian hierarchical model (Hirst et al., 2004). The old approach used a manual and somewhat subjective approach to "fill" missing cells in the age-length data (samples missing from a quarter/area/gear combination) while the new model estimates these. This is also a source of change that goes back to 1983. The workshop did not have time to look into the details of the impact of this change, but since this together with the change in the landings data are the only changes that have had any impact on the catch at age matrix some insight was gained by comparing the trends in fishing mortalities from the new XSA assessment with the previous. Figure 5.2 shows clearly that even though some of the major trends are similar the levels are quite different in some years.

The maturity at age and weight at age data were also revised and the information from both Russia and Norway was modelled (effectively smoothing "noisy" data). Previous assessment used only Russian maturity data and the revised data are the average of both Norwegian and Russian maturity ogives. The inclusion of the Norwegian maturity data is then an additional source of change in addition to the "smoothing". The impact on the assessment can partly be seen in Figure 5.3, which compares the history of SSB’s. The impact previous to 1980 is the result of applying a new average maturity ogive calculated from the revised maturity ogives after 1980 and similarly for the weight at age data. The changes are only minor while the changes in the most recent part of the time series are quite drastic with a general revision upwards of SSB. The SSB estimates for some years have more than doubled. The strong fluctuations in maturity and weight at age observed after 1980 (Figures 4.14 and 4.15) form a large part of the properties of the stock and care must be taken if the whole time series is to be used for the evaluation of stock dynamics (for example the estimation of biomass reference points).

The cyclic behaviour of the growth (see Figures 4.5 and 4.10) is most likely linked to environmental conditions in combination with density dependent effects. How these are linked is not straightforward to resolve and strong fluctuations in natural mortality induced by predation from cod is an important factor in the picture.

### 8.2 Revisions of reference points

The previous choice of $\mathrm{B}_{\text {lim }}$ (ICES, 2005b) was justified by: "only poor recruitment has been observed from 4 years of SSB < 50000 t and all moderate or large year classes have been produced at higher SSB."

The revision of the input data changed the picture (see the SSB - recruitment plots in Figures 6.1 and 6.2). The lowest SSB estimates were revised upwards. The picture is to some extent sensitive to time period chosen (1950-1998 or 1980-1998) and both periods have only a weak increasing trend in recruitment with increasing SSB. This is to be expected as long as the natural mortalities at age 1 and 2 vary as much as indicated by their estimates. Total natural
mortality at both age 1 and age 2 varies from 0.8 to 3.9 . That corresponds to $44 \%$ survival from age 1 to age 3 down to less than $2 \%$ survival to age 3 . Future work should look in more detail into the fluctuations in natural mortality and investigate whether such estimates of natural mortality is of sufficient quality to allow for using age 1 as recruiting age in a SSB recruitment relationship.

In establishing a functional relationship between SSB and recruitment the choice of null hypothesis may be essential. In section 6.1.2 and 6.1.3 two different versions of null hypothesis are used. The outcome of establishing a $\mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{lim}}$ based on properties of a stockrecruitment fit may rely heavily on the choice of null hypothesis. The segmented regression fit was not significantly better than any of the null hypothesis (even though $\mathrm{P}=0.06$ for the segmented fit relative to the whole time series and using constant recruitment as the null hypothesis is significant at the $6 \%$ level). Since recruitment is auto correlated in time (especially poor recruitment has a tendency to come in short periods) the inference calculations will be weakened when the autocorrelation is taken into account. This can be explained as recruitment not being driven by SSB size alone, but also by other processes with a varying effect on recruitment over time. Predation from cod would be the most likely candidate.

No effort/analysis was made to reestimate/redefine $B_{\mathrm{pa}}$. One should, however, note that establishing $B_{p a}$ as a safe distance to the limit point should be done using the uncertainty in predictions. Such uncertainty estimates could be made by looking at the historic performance of the assessment and predictions, but can only partly cover the uncertainty introduced by factors like discarding and unreported landings. Such uncertainty estimates is then linked to the question: "How well are we able to predict future reported landings and their composition?"

### 8.3 Evaluation of the agreed harvest control rule

The limitations to this evaluation are described in Section 7.1.4 and this discussion should be read with these limitations in mind. Discarding, unreported landings and our limited ability to realistically simulate spasmodic recruitment are currently factors that limit the ability to draw conclusions from any simulation.

The target fishing mortality in the HCR is set to $\mathrm{F}=0.35$. Previous yield per recruit analyses indicate similar levels of yield at a rather wide range of fishing mortalities. The workshop set up the simulations to gain insight into 2 aspects:

1) The effect of changing the target F in the $\mathrm{HCR}(\mathrm{F}=0.25, \mathrm{~F}=0.35$ and $\mathrm{F}=0.45)$.

2 ) The effect of different stability criteria and the workshop decided to try out no stability restrictions (presented as $100 \%$ ), $35 \%$ TAC stability from year to year, $25 \%$ stability (as in the rule) and $10 \%$ TAC stability.

The results of these 12 combinations were presented in Tables 7.6 and 7.7 together with some simulations showing the effect of not including density dependent growth/maturation. With the limitations given in Section 7.1.4 in mind, the range of long term yield shows very little variation (the lowest yield is only 7\% lower than highest yield simulated). The results indicate that it is not likely to increase the yield by increasing the current target F , and the simulations also indicate a reduced yield in tonnes at lower fishing mortalities (economic yield is another issue). The simulations also indicate increased costs (reduced yield in tonnes) related to the stability criteria in the cases where no TAC stability criteria showed the least costs (or highest yield). The managers should be aware that for fluctuating stocks a high degree of TAC stability might only be achieved through large variations in effort (or fishing mortality) which again is linked to some costs (keeping the fishing fleet capacity at the level needed to produce the highest fishing mortalities). The simulations using constant growth and maturity showed highest yield at the lowest fishing mortality $(\mathrm{F}=0.25)$ and this is to be expected.

The HCR rule is based on a 3-year deterministic prediction and the workshop did not simulate the effect of replacing this with the more traditional 1-year prediction. The errors in predicting future stock sizes is always larger than the assessment error and even more so in a 3 year prediction. The workshop suspects that this introduces more year-to-year variations in the catch forecasts. This may not represent a serious problem because a stability criterion will have a tendency to cancel out the forecast "noise". It is however a major issue if the assessment is biased over a time period. See also Annex 4 Recommendations.

A negative side of using a 3-year prediction in the HCR can occur if the predictions include very strong year classes entering the fishery at the end of the prediction period. This will give an increase in the 3 -year average catch at $\mathrm{F}=0.35$ and the TAC in the first year of the prediction (the TAC year) will be increased before the strong year class enters the fishery. The workshop did not look into such details and future simulations should evaluate the risk of the HCR causing "too high" fishing mortalities.

A very positive side of the 3 -year prediction occurs when the opposite event of very poor recruitment is predicted. This will lead to a reduction in TAC and fishing mortality before the poor recruitment is having an effect on fishing opportunities.

The previous two paragraphs describe potential positive and negative effects of using a 3-year prediction in the HCR. How large these effects are is related to how well we are able to predict the incoming year classes that far into the future. Assessment working groups will traditionally replace highly uncertain recruitment estimates with some average recruitment number. This is likely to reduce both the positive and negative effects described above. This leads to an interesting question: What is the effect of making the replacement of recruitment estimates with the corresponding average one-sided? That is replacing only recruitment estimates above average with the average and in that way try to keep the positive effect of the 3 -year prediction part of the HCR.

## 9 Conclusions

Input data on catches and biological parameters were revised (Section 4). The Workshop recommends that the revised data and parameters be used in the assessment of NEA haddock. It might also be useful to revise the survey data and look into possible ageing problems.
$\mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{lim}}$ was the only reference point that was investigated at the workshop. The stock and recruitment relationship was changed so much that the previous rationale could no longer be used. $B_{\text {loss }}$ was proposed as a candidate for $B_{\text {lim }}$ and the average of the 3 lowest SSB's is close to 50000 tonnes. Segmented regression was also carried out, but because of the SSBrecruitment relationship this did not result in a clear candidate. A consensus on a $\mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{lim}}$ was not reached at the workshop.

No effort was made to redefine $B_{p a}$, but this needs to be done. The workshop thinks that a $B_{p a}$ established by the same procedure as for NEA cod so that prediction uncertainty is included in the calculations is a good candidate. $\mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{MSY}}$ is a general candidate for $\mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{pa}}$, but is likely to be poorly defined for this stock. Factors like discarding and unreported landings should also be discussed and considered when setting the value of $\mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{pa}}$.

The discussion on reference points on fishing mortality was quite limited, and no specific values were concluded.

The results from the evaluation of the agreed harvest control rules must be seen as preliminary. However the preliminary results from the PROST software indicate that the HCR is in accordance with the precautionary approach as long as the assessment error is within the bounds used in the simulations and there is no assessment bias. PROST can, however, also include assessment bias and the workshop recommends that such simulations are made.

The simulations so far have only handled HCRs with 3-years predictions. The workshop strongly recommends that HCRs with 1-year predictions are evaluated, as they are expected to perform better. Some of the consequences of a 3-year rule are however, not expected to be properly reflected in simulations.

The plan was to carry out simulations within the FLR framework as well, but we did not manage to finish this during the workshop. The FLR framework has the advantage that it can include assessment uncertainty in a more sophisticated way then PROST and can handle more of the issues that SGMAS (ICES, 2006) recommends when evaluating HCRs. However FLR has not yet completed the development and testing of the framework. The workshop recommends that simulations by the FLR framework should be completed before the AFWG meeting in April 2006.

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Annex 1: List of participants

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## Annex 2: Agenda

Agenda for the ICES Workshop on Biological Reference Points for Northeast Arctic Haddock (WKHAD)
6. March - 10. March 2006

Svanhovd, Norway
Review of revised input data from commercial fisheries

- $\quad$ Russian catch at age and weight at age in catch
- $\quad$ Norwegian catch at age and weight at age in catch
- $\quad$ Third countries catch at age and weight at age in catch
- handling of "coastal haddock"

Review of "tuning" data from scientific surveys

- $\quad$ Russian bottom trawl survey
- Norwegian bottom trawl survey
- Norwegian acoustic survey

Review of revised biological parameters from scientific surveys:

- $\quad$ Maturity (proportion mature at age both numbers and biomass
- Weight at age and growth

Estimation of reference points

- $\quad$ Choice of SR relationship
- Defining and estimating biomass reference points
- $\quad$ Estimation of fishing mortality reference points
- $\quad$ Discuss target fishing mortality candidates (range of)

Evaluation of HCR's (using both PROST and the FLR package)

- $\quad$ Agreed HCR
- Alternative HCR’s

The evaluations should focus on the following:

- Is the HCR in accordance with the precautionary approach
- How well is the HCR performing relative to the overall objectives of high long-term yield and year to year stability in TAC.


## Annex 3: WKHAD Terms of Reference 2006

A Workshop on Biological Reference Points for North East Arctic Haddock [WKHAD]
(Chair: K. Korsbrekke, Norway) will meet in Svanhovd, Norway from 6-10 March 2006 to:
a) Review and revise input data used in assessing the North East Arctic haddock;
b ) Propose biomass and fishing mortality reference points based on the most appropriate time period;
c ) On the basis of the evaluation framework of management plans adopted by ACFM (SGMAS 2005, and AGLTA 2005) evaluate the proposed and candidate HCRs in relation to long term yield and year-to-year stability in TACs taking into account the spasmodic recruitment observed for this stock;
d) On the basis of the review, comment on the evaluation framework and suggest improvements.

WKHAD will report by 31 March 2006 to the attention of ACFM.

## Supporting Information

| Priority: | High |
| :---: | :---: |
| Scientific JUSTIFICATION AND RELATION TO ACTION PLAN: | Term of Reference a) <br> The precautionary reference points are not thought to reflect the uncertainty in the assessment or predictions and need to be revised. This is necessary to do before an evaluation of the agreed harvest control rule. The time series for NEA haddock also needs to be revised. <br> Term of Reference b) <br> A harvest control rule (HCR) was decided at the $31^{\text {st }}$ meeting of the Joint RussianNorwegian Fisheries Commission in 2002. The joint Russian-Norwegian Commission has requested ICES to evaluate the HCR for NEA haddock. As there is not sufficient time for the revision and the evaluation at the Arctic Fisheries working group, this need to be done intersessional in a separate group/workshop. <br> Terms of Reference c) <br> As the agreed harvest control rule may be concluded not to be in accordance with the precautionary approach, alternative harvest control rules will be explored. |
| Resource REQUIREMENTS: |  |
| Participants: | It is suggested that the WKHAD includes participants from the following member countries: Norway and Russia. |
| Secretariat <br> FACILITIES: |  |
| Financial: | Participation will be at national expense. |
| Linkages to ADVISORY COMMITTEES: | The Group shall report to ACFM in March 2006. |
| LINKAGES TO OTHER COMMITTEES OR GROUPS: | ACFM, RMC, AFWG |
| LINKAGES TO OTHER ORGANIZATIONS: |  |
| Secretariat MARGINAL COST SHARE: | Key for general Support for WGs |

## Annex 4: Recommendations

We would like to recommend to the AFWG the following list of further work needed:

| Recommendation | Action |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1. Estimate the factor $\mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{PA}} / \mathrm{B}_{\text {lim }}$ using the performance of the <br> deterministic prediction in the same way as for NEA Cod. |  |
| 2. Evaluate a modification of the agreed HCR letting a 1-year prediction <br> replace the current use of a 3-year prediction. |  |
| 3. Incorportate natural mortality fluctuations in the simulations. |  |
| 4. Use the FLR to simulate the fishery system and focus particularly on <br> simulating implemetation errors and their influence. |  |
| 5. |  |
| 6. |  |


[^0]:    1 This quotation is taken from point 5.1, in the Protocol of the 33rd session of The Joint NorwegianRussian Fishery Commission and translated from Norwegian to English. For an accurate interpretation, please consult the text in the official languages of the Commission (Norwegian and Russian).

[^1]:    1 Provisional

