

Advice on fishing opportunities for Barents Sea capelin in 2024

ICES subareas 1 and 2 excluding Division 2.a west of 5°W





Polar branch of the FSBSI "VINRO" ("PINRO")

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Advice on fishing opportunities for Barents Sea capelin in 2024 Advice on fishing opportunities for Barents Sea capelin in 2024

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Innhold

Stock Name: Barents Sea capelin (ICES subareas 1 and 2 excluding Division 2.a west of 5°W)	4
Advice on fishing opportunities	4
Stock development over time	4
Catch scenarios	4
Basis of the advice	6
Quality of the assessment	6
Issues relevant for the advice	7
Reference points	7
Basis of the assessment	8
History of the advice, catch, and management	8
History of catch and landings	9
Summary of the assessment	11
References	13

Stock Name: Barents Sea capelin (ICES subareas 1 and 2 excluding Division 2.a west of 5°W)

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Advice on fishing opportunities

The Joint Russian-Norwegian Working Group on Arctic Fisheries (JRN-AFWG) advises that when the Joint Norwegian–Russian Fisheries Commission management plan is applied, catches in 2024 should be no more than 196 000 tonnes.

Stock development over time

Spawning-stock size is above B_{lim}. No reference points for fishing pressure have been defined for this stock.

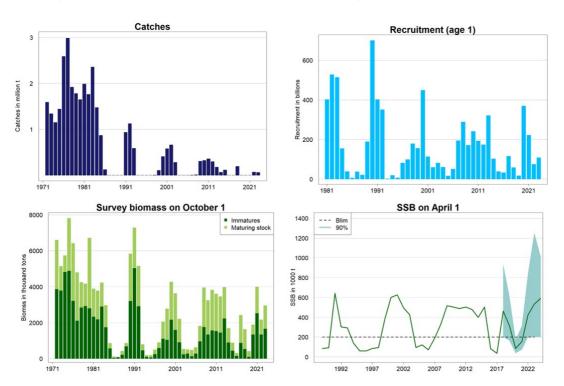


Figure 1. Barents Sea capelin (ICES subareas 1 and 2, excluding Division 2.a west of 5°W). Catch, recruitment, survey biomass (age 1+, maturing (> 14cm) and immature (< 14 cm) stock biomass), and SSB (1 April) with 5 and 95 % confidence limits. The biomass reference points relate to SSB. Survey biomass and recruitment values are estimates from the acoustic survey completed by the beginning of October. The recruitment plot is shown only from 1981 onwards since earlier estimates of age 1 capelin are based on incomplete survey coverage. SSB estimates are shown only from 1989 onwards because a different model was used previously, and uncertainty estimates are only available from 2018 onwards. The 2022 estimate of recruitment, maturing and immature stock biomass has not been corrected for incomplete survey coverage. Incomplete survey coverage in 2018 might also have led to recruitment underestimation.

Catch scenarios

Calculations of catch scenarios are based on a forward projection from the autumn acoustic survey. It involves that SSB for April 2024 is calculated by taking into account predation by immature cod and other sources of natural mortality. A

catch scenario that results in SSB greater than 200 000 tonnes with 95% probability corresponds to the JNRFC Management Plan.

Table 1. Barents Sea capelin (ICES subareas 1 and 2, excluding Division 2.a west of 5°W). Assumptions made for the interim year and in the forecast. All weights are in tonnes.

Variable	Value	Notes
Maturing stock biomass 2023	1285 890	Median biomass of fish above the length-at-maturity (14 cm), estimated based on the autumn acoustic survey 1 October 2023. These fish will be spawning in April 2024; tonnes.
Predation by immature cod January– March 2024; from the predation model		Based on the prediction of cod abundance in 2024 from the 2023 cod stock assessment (Anon, 2023a); tonnes.

Table 2. Barents Sea capelin (ICES subareas 1 and 2, excluding Division 2.a west of $5^{\circ}W$). Annual catch scenarios. P = probability. All weights are in tonnes.

Basis	Total catch (2024)	Median SSB (2024)	P (SSB 2024 > 200 000 t) in %	% TAC change*	% advice change**		
ICES advice basis							
MP harvest control rule, P (SSB > 200 000 t) = 95%	196 000	590 000	95	+216	+216		
Other scenarios							
No fishing	0	785 000	99.8	-100	-100		

* TAC (2024) vs. TAC (2023).

** Advice (2024) vs Advice (2023).

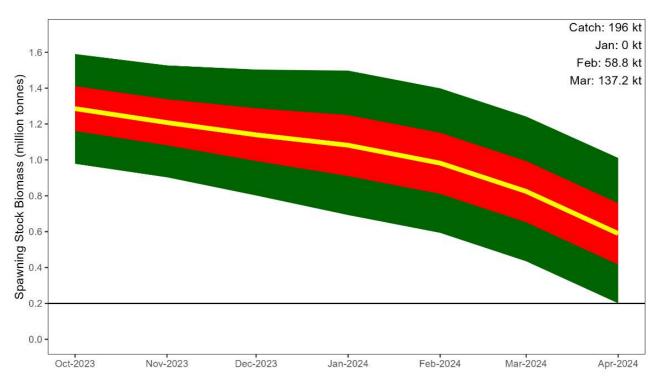


Figure 2. Barents Sea capelin (ICES subareas 1 and 2, excluding Division 2.a west of 5°W). Probabilistic prognosis of SSB for the maturing stock from 1 October 2023 to 1 April 2024, based on the acoustic survey estimate from autumn 2023 assuming a catch of 196 000 tonnes. The median and the 5th, 25th, 75th, and 95th percentiles of the distribution are shown.

Basis of the advice

Table 3. Barents Sea capelin (ICES subareas 1 and 2, excluding Division 2.a west of 5°W). The basis of the advice.

Advice basis	Management plan
Management plan	In 2002, the Joint Norwegian–Russian Fisheries Commission (JNRFC) adopted the following harvest control rule (HCR) fo Barents Sea capelin: ' <i>The TAC for the following year should be set so that, with 95% probability, at least 200 000 tonnes of</i> <i>capelin (B_{lim}) will be allowed to spawn</i> '. ICES evaluated this HCR as well as alternative HCRs suggested by JNRFC in 2016 (ICES, 2016), and only the existing HCR was found to be precautionary. Following ICES evaluation, the JNRFC decided to maintain the existing HCR (JNRFC, 2016). It should be noted that the term B _{lim} in the harvest control rule is replaced by B _{escapement} in the latest benchmark report (ICES, 2023), and B _{escapement} is set to 200 000 tonnes (cf Table 4).

Quality of the assessment

The geographical survey coverage of the Barents Sea capelin stock during the BESS in 2023 was close to complete (Figure 3); the capelin distribution might have continued a little bit further northwards in the north-east.

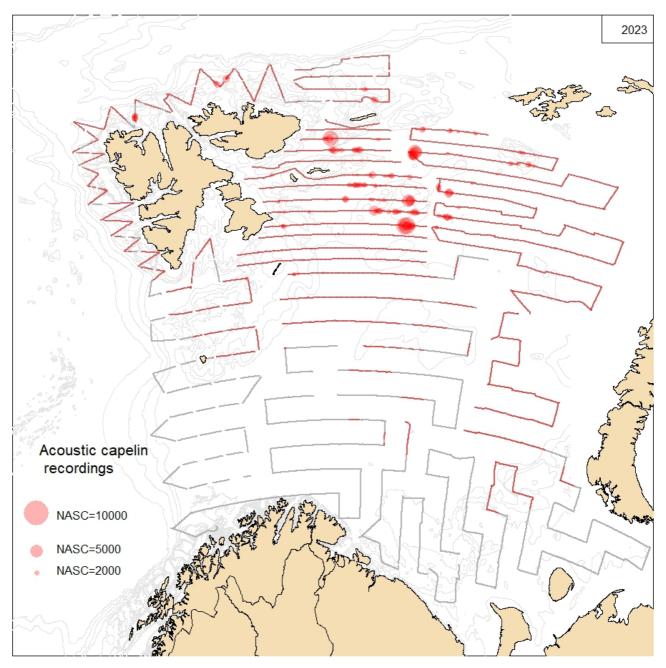


Figure 3. Survey coverage and geographical distribution of acoustic recordings of capelin in autumn 2023. The size of the circles corresponds to nautical acoustic scattering coefficient (NASC; m²/nmi²) per 1 nautical mile. Gray dots mark transects or transect sections without capelin recordings.

Issues relevant for the advice

Due to the temporary suspension of Russian scientists from ICES, this assessment was conducted by a Joint Russian-Norwegian working group on Arctic Fisheries (JRN-AFWG) consisting of scientists from VNIRO (Russia) and IMR (Norway) (Anon., 2023b). This advice has been conducted outside ICES and should not be considered as ICES advice.

However, this assessment and advice has been produced following the new methodology agreed and described in detail at the recent ICES benchmark in 2022 (ICES, 2023), which is thus used for the first time.

Reference points

Table 4. Barents Sea capelin (ICES subareas 1 and 2, excluding Division 2.a west of 5°W). Reference points, values, and their technical basis.

Framework	Reference point	Value	Technical basis	Source
MSY	MSY B _{trigger}			
approach	F _{MSY}			
	B _{lim}	68 000 t	$\rm SSB_{1990},$ which was the lowest SSB after the herring collapse that has produced a good year class. SSB estimated on April 1.	ICES (20 23)
Precautionary approach	B _{pa}			
арргоасп	F _{lim}			
	F _{pa}			
Management plan	B _{escapement}	200 000 t	Reference point defining the SSB-level used in the HCR. The HCR determines tha TAC shall not be set higher than that there is at least 95% probability that SSB is above $B_{escapement}$.	(2016)
	F _{mgt}			

Basis of the assessment

Table 5. Barents Sea capelin (ICES subareas 1 and 2, excluding Division 2.a west of 5°W). Basis of the assessment and advice.

ICES stock data category	1 (<u>ICES, 2021b</u>).
Assessment type	Model based on acoustic survey and prediction six months ahead to calculate spawning biomass. Target escapement strategy used.
Input data	Norwegian–Russian acoustic survey in September. Model estimates of maturation based on survey data. Natural mortalities from multispecies model (predation by immature cod on prespawning capelin based on information on cod distribution, abundance and stomach content data).
Discards and bycatch	All catches are assumed to be landed. The amount of bycaught capelin in other fisheries is very low.
Indicators	None.
Other information	Latest benchmark was in 2022 (ICES, 2023).
Working group	Joint Russian-Norwegian working group on Arctic Fisheries (JRN-AFWG).

History of the advice, catch, and management

Table 6. Barents Sea capelin (ICES subareas 1 and 2, excluding Division 2.a west of 5°W). Advice, agreed TAC, and catch. All weights are in tonnes.

Year	ICES advice	Catch corresponding to advice	Agreed TAC	ICES catch
1987	Catches at the lowest practical level	0	0	0
1988	No catch	0	0	0
1989	No catch	0	0	0
1990	No catch	0	0	0
1991	TAC	1000000	900000	933000
1992	SSB > 400 000–500000 t	834000	1100000	1123000
1993	A cautious approach, SSB > 400 000–500 000 t	600000	630000	586000

Year	ICES advice	Catch corresponding to advice	Agreed TAC	ICES catch
1994	No fishing	0	0	0
1995	No fishing	0	0	0
1996	No fishing	0	0	0
1997	No fishing	0	0	1000
1998	No fishing	0	0	3000
1999	SSB > 500 000 t	79000	80000	101000
2000	5% probability of SSB < 200 000 t	435000	435000	414000
2001	5% probability of SSB < 200 000 t	630000	630000	568000
2002	5% probability of SSB < 200 000 t	650000	650000	651000
2003	5% probability of SSB < 200 000 t	310000	310000	282000
2004	No fishing	0	0	0
2005	No fishing	0	0	1000*
2006	No fishing	0	0	0
2007	No fishing	0	0	4000*
2008	No fishing	0	0	12000*
2009	5% probability of SSB < 200 000 t	390000	390000	307000
2010	5% probability of SSB < 200 000 t	360000	360000	323000
2011	5% probability of SSB < 200 000 t	380000	380000	360000
2012	5% probability of SSB < 200 000 t	320000	320000	296000
2013	5% probability of SSB < 200 000 t	200000	200000	177000
2014	5% probability of SSB < 200 000 t	65000	65000	66000
2015	5% probability of SSB < 200 000 t	6000	120000	115000
2016	Zero catch	0	0	0
2017	Zero catch	0	0	0
2018	5% probability of SSB < 200 000 t	205000	205000	194520
2019	Zero catch	0	0 **	53*
2020	Management plan	0	0**	31*
2021	Management plan	0	0**	10*
2022	Management plan	≤ 70000	70000	65246***
2023	Management plan ***	≤ 62000***	62000	60692***
2024	Management plan ***	≤ 196000***		

* Research catch and bycatches in other fisheries.

** Up to 500 tonnes was allowed for research survey catches.

*** In 2022 and 2023 assessment and advice was carried out by the Joint Russian-Norwegian working group on Arctic Fisheries (JRN-AFWG) which compiled catches and gave advice.

History of catch and landings

Table 7. Barents Sea capelin (ICES subareas 1 and 2, excluding Division 2.a west of 5°W). The history of official catches is presented for each country participating in the fishery. All weights are in tonnes.

	Winter				Summer-Autumn			.	
Year	Norway	Russia	Others	Total	Norway	Russia	Total	Year total	
1965	217000	7000	0	224000	0	0	0	224000	
1966	380000	9000	0	389000	0	0	0	389000	
1967	403000	6000	0	409000	0	0	0	409000	
1968	460000	15000	0	475000	62000	0	62000	537000	
1969	436000	1000	0	437000	243000	0	243000	680000	
1970	955000	8000	0	963000	346000	5000	351000	1314000	
1971	1300000	14000	0	1314000	71000	7000	78000	1392000	
1972	1208000	24000	0	1232000	347000	13000	360000	1591000	
1973	1078000	34000	0	1112000	213000	12000	225000	1337000	
1974	749000	63000	0	812000	237000	99000	336000	1148000	
1975	559000	301000	43000	903000	407000	131000	538000	1441000	
1976	1252000	228000	0	1480000	739000	368000	1107000	2587000	
1977	1441000	317000	2000	1760000	722000	504000	1226000	2986000	
1978	784000	429000	25000	1238000	360000	318000	678000	1916000	
1979	539000	342000	5000	886000	570000	326000	896000	1782000	
1980	539000	253000	9000	801000	459000	388000	847000	1648000	
1981	784000	429000	28000	1241000	454000	292000	746000	1986000	
1982	568000	260000	5000	833000	591000	336000	927000	1760000	
1983	751000	373000	36000	1160000	758000	439000	1197000	2357000	
1984	330000	257000	42000	629000	481000	368000	849000	1477000	
1985	340000	234000	17000	591000	113000	164000	277000	868000	
1986	72000	51000	0	123000	0	0	0	123000	
1987	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
1988	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
1989	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
1990	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
1991	528000	159000	20000	707000	31000	195000	226000	933000	
1992	620000	247000	24000	891000	73000	159000	232000	1123000	
1993	402000	170000	14000	586000	0	0	0	586000	
1994	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
1995	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
1996	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
1997	0	0	0	0	0	1000	1000	1000	
1998	0	2000	0	2000	0	1000	1000	3000	
1999	50000	33000	0	83000	0	22000	22000	105000	
2000	279000	94000	8000	381000	0	29000	29000	410000	
2001	376000	180000	8000	564000	0	14000	14000	578000	
2002	398000	228000	17000	643000	0	16000	16000	659000	

Year	Winter				Summer-Auto			
Year	Norway	Russia	Others	Total	Norway	Russia	Total	Year total
2003	180000	93000	9000	282000	0	0	0	282000
2004	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2005	1000	0	0	1000	0	0	0	1000
2006	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2007	2000	2000	0	4000	0	0	0	4000
2008	5000	5000	0	10000	0	2000	2000	12000
2009	233000	73000	0	306000	0	1000	1000	307000
2010	246000	77000	0	323000	0	0	0	323000
2011	273000	87000	0	360000	0	0	0	360000
2012	228000	68000	0	296000	0	0	0	296000
2013	116000	60000	0	177000	0	0	0	177000
2014	40000	26000	0	66000	0	0	0	66000
2015	71000	44000	0	115000	0	0	0	115000
2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2018	128520	66000	0	194520	0	0	0	194520
2019	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	53
2020	9	0	0	9	0	21	0	31
2021	2	0	0	2	0	8	0	10
2022	42597	22646	0	65243	0	3*	3*	65246*
2023	37652	23040	0	60692				

* Bycatch in other fisheries; values are preliminary.

Summary of the assessment

Table 8. Barents Sea capelin (ICES subareas 1 and 2, excluding Division 2.a west of 5°W). Assessment summary. Weights are in tonnes, recruitment in thousands. Recruitment and stock biomass in 1985 and earlier are survey estimates, back-calculated to 1 August (before the autumn fishing season); from 1986 and later, these values are based on the survey estimates with no back-calculation. Maturing biomass is the survey estimate of fish above the length-at-maturity (14 cm). Predicted SSB is the modelled stochastic spawning-stock biomass (after the winter fishery)

Year	Predicted SSB assuming catch = advised catch, 1 April			Recruitment from autumn acoustic	Stock biomas acoustic surv	Ostak	
	Median	5th percentile	95th percentile	survey, 1 October	Immature	Maturing biomass	Catch
	tonnes			Age 1, thousands	ge 1, thousands tonnes		
1972					3873000	2727000	1591000
1973					3794000	1350000	1337000
1974					4826000	907000	1148000
1975					4890000	2916000	1441000
1976					3217000	3200000	2587000
1977					2120000	2676000	2986000
1978					2845000	1402000	1916000

	Predicted SSB assuming catch = advised catch, 1 April		ing catch =	Recruitment from autumn acoustic	Stock biomas acoustic surv	Catch	
Year	Median	5th percentile	95th percentile	survey, 1 October	Immature	Maturing biomass	Calch
	tonnes			Age 1, thousands	tonnes		
1979					2935000	1227000	1782000
1980					2802000	3913000	1648000
1981				402600000	2344000	1551000	1986000
1982				528300000	2188000	1591000	1760000
1983				514900000	2901000	1329000	235700
1984				154800000	1756000	1208000	147700
1985				38700000	575000	285000	86800
1986				6000000	55000	65000	12300
1987				37600000	84000	17000	(
1988				21000000	228000	200000	(
1989	84000			189200000	689000	175000	(
1990	92000			700400000	3214000	2617000	(
1991	643000			402100000	5039000	2248000	933000
1992	302000			351300000	2922000	2228000	112300
1993	293000			2200000	466000	330000	586000
1994	139000			19800000	106000	94000	
1995	60000			7100000	75000	118000	(
1996	60000			81900000	255000	248000	
1997	85000			98900000	597000	312000	100
1998	94000			179000000	1124000	932000	300
1999	382000			156000000	1057000	1718000	10500
2000	599000			449200000	2175000	2098000	41000
2001	626000			113600000	1611000	2019000	578000
2002	496000			59700000	919000	1291000	65900
2003	427000			82400000	253000	280000	28200
2004	94000			606 00000	289000	224000	(
2005	122000			1 6900000	139000	348000	1000
2006	72000			51400000	288000	348000	(
2007	189000			194900000	970000	846000	4000
2008	330000			289200000	1765000	2185000	1200
2009	517000			171800000	1355000	1892000	307000
2010	504000			241900000	1576000	2248000	32300
2011	487000			193900000	1545000	2059000	36000
2012	504000			174500000	1461000	1996000	296000
2013	479000			321100000	2248000	1725000	17700
2014	399000			102700000	904000	785000	66000

Year	Predicted SSB assuming catch = advised catch, 1 April			Recruitment from autumn acoustic	Stock biomass from autumn acoustic survey, 1 October		Catab
	Median	5th percentile	95th percentile	survey, 1 October	Immature	Maturing biomass	Catch
	tonnes			Age 1, thousands	tonnes		
2015	504000			3900000	448000	434000	115000
2016	82000			32600000	164000	153000	C
2017	37000			115300000	881000	1547000	C
2018	462000	200000	930000	58700000	541000	1100000	194520
2019	317000	168282	613733	17900000	111000	302000	53
2020	85110	38830	171850	369700000	1348000	542000	31
2021	156376	75197	314559	222200000	2527000	1459000	10
2022	423751	201897	838670	75460000*	1357000	817000	65246
2023	534000	201000	1250000	108509000	1666000	1286000	60692
2024	590000	201000	1011000				

*Not adjusted for incomplete survey coverage.

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