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International Council for the Exploration of the Sea

C.M.1979/G: 8<br>Demersal Fish Committee

##  <br> SHCliotuke

Charlottenlund, 7 - 10 May 1979

This Report has not yet been approved by the International Council for the Exploration of the Sea; it has therefore at present the status of an internal document and does not represent advice given on behalf of the Council. The proviso that it shall not be cited without the consent of the Council should be strictly observed.
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## CONTENTS

Page

1. PARTICIPANTS ..... 1
2. TERMS OF REFERENCE ..... 1
3. GREENLAND HALIBUT IN SUB=AREAS I AND II ..... 1
3.1 Nominal Catches ..... 1
3.2 Catch per Unit Effort and Effort Data ..... 1
3.3 Virtual Population Analysis (VPA) ..... 2
3.4 Mean Weight at Age ..... 3
3.5 Yield and Spawning Stock per Recruit ..... 3
3.6 Catch Prediction and the State of the Stock ..... 4
4. GREENLAND HALIBUT IN SUB-AREAS V AND XIV ..... 5
4.1 Nominal Catch ..... 5
4.2 Virtual Population Analysis (VPA) ..... 6
4.3 Yield and Spawning Stock per Recruit ..... 7
4.4 Total Allowable Catch (TAC) ..... 7
5. CONSIDERATION OF THE SCIENTICIC QUESTIONS RAISED BY ACFM ..... 7
TABLES 1-21 ..... 9
FIGURES 1-8 ..... 26
6. PARTICIPANTS

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V M Nikolaev, ICES Statistician, also attended the meeting. No representatives were present from Poland and USSR, but the Working Group received relevant data of these countries for 1978.
2. TERMS OF REFERENCE

At the 66 th Statutory Meeting of ICES it was decided (C.Res.1978/2:41)
"that the Working Group on Greenland Halibut in Region 1 should meet at ICES headquarters to assess TACs for 1980. To facilitate this, participants are urged to bring to the meeting of the Working Group all relevant data".
3. GREENLAND HALIBUT IN SUB-AREAS I AND II
3.1 Nominal Catches

The total nominal catches for the main fishing areas are included in Table 1 for the period 1967-78. Nominal catches by country for each fishing area are given in Tables 2, 3 and 4. In Table 5 the catches are summarised for Sub-areas $I$ and II.

For the period under consideration the total catch of Greenland halibut in Sub-areas I and II increased from a catch of 26168 tonnes in 1968 to a maximum catch of 89484 tonnes in 1970. The catches decreased to a level of 29938 tonnes in 1973. In the period 1974-76 total catches have been relatively constant in a range between 36074 tonnes and 38172 tonnes.

The preliminary catch for 1978 in Sub-areas I and II of 24448 tonnes is the lowest catch since 1978, representing a drop of 4439 tonnes from the amount taken in 1977.

### 3.2 Catch per Unit Effort and Effort Data

Catch figures per hour trawling were available from the USSR fishery from the period 1965 to 1978 (Table 6). Using the catch per unit effort values in the USSR trawl fishery as a standard, the effort for the total fishery was calculated (Table 6) 。

Data from the USSR trawl fishery show a considerable decrease in the catch per unit effort in 1977 and 1978 compared with the period before 1970-76.

Catch per unit effort values were also calculated for the German Democratic Republic freezing trawlers in Division IIb in October as catch per day for the period 1973-78
(Table 6). Unfortunately, the data are only available as the catch of Greenland halibut related to the total effort exerted on all species caught during the month. These data also show a downward trend similar to that of the USSR c.p.u.e. data. For further information the proportion of Greenland halibut to the total monthly catch is included in Table 6.
3.3 Virtual Population Analysis (VPA)
3.3.1 Age_composition of landings

The age compositions in 1977 were adjusted according to changes in the catch statistics. For 1978, age compositions were available for the trawl catches of the German Democratic Republic, the USSR and Norway. These were raised to the total landings in the trawl fishery.

Furthermore, age compositions were presented for the Norwegian long-line and gill-net fishery. All age compositions available in 1978 represented $95 \%$ of the total landings in Sub-areas I and II.

The total age compositions for 1970-78 are given in Table 7 .
3.3.2 Estimation of the input fishing mortalities for 1978

The fishing pattern in 1978 was iteratively estimated equal to the average fishing pattern in 1975-77.

The fishing mortalities on the oldest age group (16) in 1970-77 were set equal or close to the unweighted average fishing mortality on 8 to 13 year old fish in the same year.

In estimating the actual fishing mortality in 1978 on the fully recruited age groups, the Group considered two alternatives.

A1ternative_1
The input fishing mortalities in 1978 were chosen so that the total effort and the corresponding $F 8-13$ in 1978 fitted with the regression line between the same set of values for 1970-74 (Figure la). The consequences of this alternative is that as the total effort in 1978 has the same relation with $\mathrm{F}_{8-13}$ as the relation for 1970-74, this relationship breaks down, however, for the years 1975-77. This alternative is parallel to Alternative 2 in the last year's report (Doc. C.M.1978/G:4), where the total effort in 1975 and 1976 were assumed to be underestimated.

The results of the VPA based on the present Alternative 1 are given in Tables 8 and 9.

Alternative_2
The calculated total effort in 1978 was $18 \%$ higher than the average total effort in 1975-77. For this Alternative the fishing mortality on the fully recruited age groups was
adjusted so that the unweighted $\mathrm{F}_{8}-13$ in 1978 becomes $18 \%$ higher than the mean $\mathrm{F}_{8-13}$ in ${ }^{8} 1975-77$. This is shown in Figure 1.b. The results of the VPA based on this alternative are given in Tables 10 and 11. The change of $\mathrm{F}_{8-13}$ in 1978 from 0.42 in Alternative 1 to 0.75 in Alternative 2 resulted in little change of the total effort F8-13 relationship for 1970-74. The corresponding relationship for the years 1975-77, however, is much more sensitive to $\mathrm{F}_{8}-13$ in 1978 (Figure 1.a and Figure 1.b).
If Alternative 2 is correct, Figure l.b indicates that the relation between the total effort and the fishing mortality has changed from the periods 1970-74 to 1976-78, 1975 being an intermediate year. A possible reason for this change could be errors in the estimation of the effort.

Another reason could be that the areas where Greenland halibut concentrate have changed. This could be a reaction to changes in hydrographic conditions, since the colder Arctic waters have had wider distribution in the Barents Sea during recent years. This corresponds to increased catches in Division IIa and decreased catches in Division IIb in 1977 and 1978 compared with previous years (Tables 3 and 4).
If the area of distribution has been reduced, one would expect the same effort to generate higher fishing mortality. This hypothesis could also explain why the c.p.u.e. in the USSR trawl fishery remained fairly stable in 1971-76 (Table 6), while the stock size decreased (Figure 2).

### 3.4 Mean Weight at Age

Mean weights at age used in the biomass calculations and catch predictions were increased by $5 \%$ compared with the data used by the Working Group in 1976 and 1977. The new mean weights per age group correspond with the average values in the USSR fishery in the period 1970-76. The adjustment was necessary to get a correspondence between the observed catches and the sum of products of the mean weights and estimated numbers per age group for the period 1970-78. The mean weight at age data used in the calculations are given in Table 12.
3.5 Yield and Spawning Stock per Recruit

The yield and spawning stock per recruit curves were calculated for the 1978 exploitation pattern (Figure 3 and Table 12).

Compared with the previous assessment (Doc. C.M.1978/G:4), there are only slight changes in the exploitation pattern. For the present exploitation pattern, the $F_{O . l}$ and $F_{\max }$ values correspond to 0.12 and 0.20 , respectively; therefore,
the 1978 fishing mortality under both alternatives (0.42 or 0.75 ) is far above the level corresponding to $F_{\max }$.
For the 1978 fishing mortality, $F_{O .1}$ and $F_{\max }$, the corresponding sustainable yield and equilibrium spawning stock biomass were calculated assuming average recruitment corresponding to the different alternatives:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \left.\mathrm{R}_{1970-74}=36 \times 10^{6} \quad \text { (A1ternative } 1\right) \\
& \mathrm{R}_{1970-74}=31 \times 10^{6} \quad(\text { A1ternative } 2)
\end{aligned}
$$

| R | F | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Y} / \mathrm{R} \\ & (\mathrm{~kg}) \end{aligned}$ | Sustainable yield (tonnes) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Y} / \mathrm{R} \\ & (\mathrm{~kg}) \end{aligned}$ | Spawning stock biomass (tonnes) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $36 \times 10^{6}$ | $\mathrm{F}_{78}=0.42$ | . 62 | 22320 | 0.8 | 28800 |
|  | $\mathrm{F}_{0.1}=0.12$ | . 60 | 21600 | 4.5 | 162000 |
|  | $\mathrm{F}_{\max }=0.20$ | .66 | 23760 | 2.6 | 93600 |
| $31 \times 10^{6}$ | $\mathrm{F}_{78}=0.75$ | . 56 | 17360 | 0.2 | 6200 |
|  | $\mathrm{F}_{0.1}=0.12$ | . 60 | 18600 | 4.5 | 139500 |
|  | $\mathrm{F}_{\text {max }}=0.20$ | . 66 | 20460 | 2.6 | 80600 |

Under both alternatives it appears that the present high $F$ values have no important effect on the yield per recruit. The spawning stock biomass per recruit, however, could be increased quite considerably by reducing the present $F$ towards $\mathrm{F}_{\max }$. Unfortunately, the data set is too short to construct $\max _{\mathrm{a}}$ relationship between parental stock and recruitment to indicate an optimal spawning stock biomass.
3.6 Catch Prediction and the State of the Stock

Catches were projected for 1980 using the 1978 exploitation pattern and average recruitment from VPA for 1970-74 at age 3 (Table 12). Furthermore, it was assumed that the TAC of 25000 tonnes will be taken in 1979.

These calculations were performed based upon four options of fishing mortality in 1980 for each of the alternatives. The resultant total stock biomass and spawning stock biomass for the beginning of 1981 were also calculated for each option.

The four options of $F$ are as follows:
Option A: Fishing at an F level in 1980 equal to the level of $F$ required to take the TAC of 25000 tonnes in 1979

| Option B: | Fishing at an $F$ level in 1980 corresponding to the midpoint between the required $F$ level to take the TAC of 25000 tonnes in 1979 and $F_{\text {max }}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Option C: | Fishing at $\mathrm{F}_{\max }$ in 1980 |
| Option D: | Fishing at $\mathrm{F}_{0.1}$ in 1980 . |

Alternative_1 - Under Alternative 1 the catch projections fōr $\overline{1} \overline{9} \overline{8} \bar{O}$ ranged from 9800 tonnes for option $D$ to
29500 tonnes for Option A with projected catches of 22600 tonnes and 15700 tonnes for Options $B$ and $C$, respectively (Table 13). The resultant stock size under this alternative will appear to stabilise in 1981 at Option A and show increases under the three other options. If this alternative is correct, it would appear to halt the dramatic decreases in stock size which have been occurring over the years up to 1977 (Figure 2), fishing under any of the four options. The estimates of stock biomass derived from VPA under this alternative appear to have also been stable over the past three years even though the catch per unit effort seems to have decreased (Figure 4).

Alternative 2 - Under Alternative 2 the catch projections $\overline{\text { for }} \frac{1}{1} \overline{9} \overline{0}-\frac{1}{r a n g e d . f r o m ~} 300$ tonnes for Option $D$ to 20700 tonnes for Option $A$ with projected catches of 14200 tonnes and 5400 tonnes for Options $B$ and $C$, respectively. Under this alternative the required $F$ to catch the TAC in 1979 would have to be very high $(F=1.05)$. The stock size would indicate a continuing decrease under Option A. However, for the three other options the stock would appear to slowly rebuild. The stock size under this alternative has been on a decreasing trend over the past 9 years (Figure 2) and would continue to do so until at least 1981 at the 1979 assumed fishing level. The catch per unit effort for the past three years has decreased which is in accordance with stock size (Figule 5). If Alternative 2 is correct, then this would be an expected occurrence, unlike the relationship apparent in A1ternative 1 .
4. GREENLAND HALIBUT IN SUB-AREAS V AND XIV

### 4.1 Nominal Catch

The nominal catches for Divisions $V a$ and $V b$ and Sub-area XIV are given in Tables 14 to 17 for the period 1968-78. The tables present the nominal catches by country for each fishing area.

In the period 1968-75 total nominal catches in all the areas were in the range of 21872 tonnes to 36280 tonnes. In 1976 the total catch decreased to 6045 tonnes, but increased again to 16578 tonnes and 14208 tonnes in 1977 and 1978 , respectively.
4.2 Virtual Population Analysis (VPA)
4.2.1 Age composition of 1andings

The fishery for Greenland halibut in this area is conducted by two types of gear, that of otter trawl and longline. Therefore, in order toassess this fishery adequately, commercial samples for length and age from both gears is a basic requirement. For 1976-78 age and length distributions were obtained from both gears as supplied by Iceland and were used to estimate total catches in numbers at age for these three years. There were essentially no catches by longline in 1975, therefore the trawl catches were considered representative of the total fishery for that year. Length compositions of trawl catches from the German Democratic Republic were broken down by an Icelandic age/length key and numbers at age adjusted up to the total catch for 1975.

Length and age data were available from the Icelandic longline fishery from 1972 to 1974 , however, no samples were available from the trawl fishery during this period with the exception of a small sample in 1972. Considering the vast difference in size composition between catches from the two gears (Figure 6) and the fact that during this period the trawl catches comprised the major portion of the landings, it was considered impossible to calculate reliable estimates of the total numbers caught at age for these years.

An attempt was made by the Working Group to derive a
relationship between the relative age distribution of the two gears for the years when samples were available from both gears, and use this relationship to break down trawl catches for 1973 and 1974. The variability in this relationship between years was so large that the Working Group felt that to use such data would be inappropriate and completely unrealistic. The Working Group, therefore, had to perform a virtual population analysis based only upon the last four years (1975-78) in which minimum, however reliable, data were available (Table 18).
4.2.2 Estimation_of input_fishing_mortalities_for_1978

Due to the lack of catch per unit effort data a definitive value for the present level of fishing mortality was
impossible to obtain. A catch curve (Figure 7) was, however, constructed by combining the $1975-78$ data in order to give some indication of the average fishing mortality over the past 10 years. A value of $F=0.35$ (assuming $M=0.15$ ) was derived with a correlation coefficient on the regression of $r=0.99$. This $F$ value represents average removals of about 23000 tonnes annually over the past 10 years. This value was considered high for terminal $F$ and an arbitrary value somewhat lower of 0.25 was used to initiate the calculations. This value was considered to possibly be in the neighbourhood of the true value, since the weighted $F$ over the fully recruited age groups for 1975 was close to the value derived from the catch curve and the catch in 1975 was the same as the long-term average of 23000 tonnes. The results of the VPA are presented in Tables 19 and 20.

In view of the uncertainty connected with the estimation of terminal $F$, the Working Group agreed that future catch predictions based upon this analysis would be considered very unreliable.

The results of the VPA were used, however, to derive estimates of exploitation pattern for 1978 (Table 21) in order to produce an up-to-date yield per recruit curve and a spawning stock per recruit curve. This was done by assigning such fishing mortality values to the younger ages in 1978 that would reflect reliable recruitment estimates in 1975 and 1976.

### 4.3 Yield and Spawning Stock per Recruit

Yield and spawning stock per recruit curves (Figure 8) were constructed using the exploitation pattern for 1978 as derived from the VPA. The mean weights per age group (Table 21) were taken from the commercial catch composition for 1978. The age at entry into the commercial fishery was considered to be age 5.

For the 1978 exploitation pattern the $F_{0.1}$ and $F_{\max }$ values correspond to 0.125 and 0.45 , respectiveiy. The $F$ value of 0.25 as selected for 1978 falls between $F_{0.1}$ and $F_{\max }$.

### 4.4 Total Allowable Catch (TAC)

With the many assumptions and uncertainties connected with the data, the Working Group considered it impossible to make predictions on catch levels for 1980 or beyond. It also agreed that the yield per recruit analysis is reasonable and is probably a fair estimation of the 1978 fishing pattern.

The 1978 estimated fishing mortality, even with a fairly large degree of probable error, would still appear to occur within the range between $\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{O}} .1$ and $\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{max}}$. It was therefore agreed that the TAC for 1979 of 15000 tonnes is an acceptable catch level and should be continued for 1980.
Therefore, the Working Group recommends a TAC for Greenland halibut in Sub-areas $V$ and XIV for 1980 of 15000 tonnes.
5. CONSIDEFATION OF THE SCIENTIFIC QUESTIONS RAISED BY ACFM Question 1: Can independent estimates of stock be developed Answer: in Sub-areas $I$ and II?

No. No data are available for swept area calculations. The taggings are not usable for this purpose as the tagging mortality and the shedding of tags are unknown. Acoustic surveys are not possible.

Question 2: Can catch per unit effort be used to estimate total mortality in Sub-areas I and II?

Answer: The fisheries in Sub-areas I and II are comprised of three different gears, gill net, longline and otter trawl, with varying levels of fishing by years. It was indicated that the catch at age was radically different between trawl and the other two gears; therefore, mortality levels based on the c.p.u.e. data for the same year classes between consecutive years would be biased. However, during the first meeting of the Working Group in 1977, c.p.u.e. data for individual age groups were used to estimate $M$ by relating $Z$ to total effort. The $Z$ values showed a poor correlation with the total effort, and the method was, at that time, evaluated as unreliable for giving an estimate of $M$ in this particular case.

Question_3: What additional information is required for more reliable estimates of stock size in Sub-areas $V$ and XIV?

Answer:
Any age/length compositions if available from trawl for the period prior to 1975 would be useful to create a longer series of data for the total fishery and consequently a more reliable VPA. For the present data, it is considered necessary to have at least two more years of age/length data from the total fishery in order to place a higher degree of confidence on VPA results.

One basic requirement that is necessary for proper assessment is that of catch per unit effort data from all sectors of the fishing fleet. Without these data, it is almost impossible to determine a value of terminal $F$ required to initiate the calculations of virtual population and cohort analyses.

Table 1. Greenland halibut. Total nominal catch by main fishing areas (tonnes).

| Year | Sub-area I | Div. IIb | Div. IIa | Div. Va | Div. Vb | Sub-area XIV | Total catch |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1967 | 2198 | 6712 | 15357 | 30657 | 442 | 200 | 55566 |
| 1968 | 2488 | 8935 | 14745 | 21036 | 647 | 189 | 48040 |
| 1969 | 8393 | 25010 | 10386 | 23141 | 906 | 280 | 68116 |
| 1970 | 4011 | 70523 | 14950 | 30001 | 906 | 3822 | 123307 |
| 1971 | 5413 | 62764 | 10857 | 15049 | 11 | 13913 | 108007 |
| 1972 | 8549 | 18873 | 15633 | 10666 | 417 | 15389 | 69527 |
| 1973 | 5667 | 16081 | 8190 | 7386 | 358 | 12719 | 50401 |
| 1974 | 5251 | 24660 | 7852 | 7866 | 325 | 28089 | 74043 |
| 1975 | 6495 | 28511 | 3166 | 3308 | 560 | 19627 | 61667 |
| 1976 | 2479 | 29610 | 3985 | 5448 | 324 | - 273 | 42119 |
| 1977 | 2164 | 15492 | 11231 | 15679 | 658 | 241 | 45465 |
| 1978* | 1280 | 10090 | 13078 | 11452 | 596 | 2160 | 38656 |

* Preliminary

Table 2. Greenland halibut. Nominal catch (tonnes) in Sub-area I.

| Country | 1968 | 1969 | 1970 | 1971 | 1972 | 1973 | 1974 | 1975 | 1976 | 1977 | 1978* |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| German Dem.Rep. | 231) | 2561) | - 1) | $14^{1}$ | 11) | - | - | 5 | - | - | - |
| Germany, Fed.Rep. | - | - | - | - | - | 25 | 22 | 6 | 2 | 1 | - |
| Norway | 1488 | 689 | 1675 | 1951 | 3116 | 2947 | 2167 | 2160 | 1203 | 1262 | 942 |
| Poland | - | 5314 | - | 7 | 117 | - | 1 | - | 9 | - |  |
| UK(Engl.\&Wales) |  | - |  | - | 949 | 995 | 732 | 550 | 665 | 541 | $127{ }^{2}$ |
| USSR | $977{ }^{1}$ | 2134 | 2336 | 3441 | 4366 | 1700 | 2329 | 3774 | 600 | 360 | 211 |
| Total | 2488 | 8393 | 4011 | 5413 | 8549 | 5667 | 5251 | 6495 | 2479 | 2164 | 1280 |

* Preliminary.

1) From national statistics.
2) December catch estimated.

Table 3. Greenland halibut. Nominal catch (tonnes) in Division IIa.

| Country | 1968 | 1969 | 1970 | 1971 | 1972 | 1973 | 1974 | 1975 | 1976 | 1977 | 1978* |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Faroe Islands German Dem.Rep. Germany,Fed.Rep. Norway Poland UK (Engl.\&Wales) USSR | $\begin{array}{r} \left.\quad \begin{array}{r} - \\ 11 \\ + \\ 14 \\ 744 \\ - \\ - \\ - \end{array}\right) \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 5-11) \\ 9+ \\ 985 \\ - \\ - \\ - \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{cc}  & 44 \\ 2 & 1311 \\ & - \\ 6 & 408 \\ 6 & 291 \\ & - \\ & 76 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{cc} & - \\ & 3531 \\ & \\ 4 & 974 \\ 5 & 036 \\ & - \\ & 491\end{array}$ | 1 - <br> 1 069 <br>  3 <br> 11 715 <br> 2 643 <br>  182 <br>   <br>  21 | - 52 + 7861 137 118 22 | - 656 49 6993 499 55 - | $\begin{array}{r} - \\ 172 \\ 41 \\ 2 \quad 265 \\ 66 \\ 107 \\ \\ 515 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2 \\ 354 \\ 17 \\ 3490 \\ 31 \\ 48 \\ 43 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{cc}  & 21 \\ 1 & 641 \\ & 22 \\ 2 & 2811) \\ & 95 \\ & 211 \\ 6 & 960 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{cc} 1 & - \\ 1 & 398 \\ 321 \\ 2 & 283 \\ & 1971) \\ & \left.70^{2}\right) \\ 8 & 809 \end{array}$ |
| Total | 14745 | 10386 | 14950 | 10857 | 15633 | 8190 | 7852 | 3166 | 3985 | 11231 | 13078 |

* Preliminary.

1) From national statistics.
2) December catch estimated.

Table 4. Greenland halibut. Nominal catch (tonnes) in Division IIb.

| Country | 1968 | 1969 | 1970 | 1971 | 1972 | 1973 | 1974 | 1975 | 1976 | 1977 | 1978* |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| German Dem.Rep. | 2331) | 3 0311) | $16598{ }^{1}$ | 2 5821) | 5631) | 3902 | 5258 | 8295 | 8601 | 6535 | 3213 |
| Germany, Fed.Rep. | - | 71 | - | - | - | 34 | 17 | 47 | 12 | 125 | - |
| Norway | 6282 | 4282 | 7788 | 2541 | 1152 | 3181 | 31 | 433 | 1312 | 6711) | 855 |
| Poland | - | - | 12971 | 7234 | 5221 | 2003 | 4646 | 3579 | 3526 | 129 | 347) |
| UK(Engl.\&Wales) |  | 17626 | 33-166 | 50-407 | 1313 | 122 6839 | $\begin{array}{r}79 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}74 \\ \hline 6083\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}222 \\ \hline 15937\end{array}$ | 307 7 | 5 431 ${ }_{\text {4 }}$ ) |
| USSR | $24201)$ | 17626 | 33166 | 50407 | 11806 | 6839 | 14629 | 16083 | 15937 | 7725 | $56311)$ |
| Total | 8935 | 25010 | 70523 | 62764 | 18873 | 16081 | 24660 | 28511 | 29610 | 15492 | 10090 |

* Preliminary。
I) From national statistics.

2) December catch estimated.

Table 5. Greenland halibut. Nominal catch (tonnes) in Sub-areas I and II, 1968-78. (Data for 1968-77 from Bulletin Statistique)

| Country | 1968 | 1969 | 1970 | 1971 | 1972 | 1973 | 1974 | 1975 | 1976 | 1977 | 1978* |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Faroe Islands German Dem.Rep. Germany,Fed.Rep. <br> Norway: | 2571) - | $\left.3788^{1}\right)$ 71 | $18{ }^{484}$44 |  | 1 $\begin{gathered}\text { 6331) } \\ \\ 3\end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r}3-7 \\ \hline 954\end{array}$ | 5 <br> 914 <br> 88 | 8472 94 | $\begin{array}{rr}2 \\ 8 & 955 \\ & 31\end{array}$ | 21 $8 \quad 176$ 148 | 4611 321 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { rway: } \\ & \text { trawl catch }{ }^{\text {I) }} \\ & \text { long-line } \end{aligned}$ | - |  | 1638 | 2309 | 9656 | 10217 | 4656 | 1686 | 4030 | 2526 | 2300 |
| gill netl): | 22514 | 14856 | 14233 | 7157 | 6327 | 3772 | 4135 | 3172 | 1975 | 1688 | 1780 |
| Poland | - | 5314 | 19262 | 12277 | 7981 | 2140 | 5146 | 3645 | 3566 | 224 |  |
| UK (Engl.\&Wales) USSR | 3 3971) | 19 760 |  | 54 | 1262 | 1235 | 866 | 731 | - 935 | 1 2059 | 544 241 |
|  | $3397^{1}$ | 19760 | 35578 | 54339 | 16193 | 8561 |  | 20372 | 16580 | 15045 | 14651 |
| Total | 26168 | 43789 | 89484 | 79034 | 43. 055 | 29938 | 37763 | 38172 | 36074 | 28887 | 24448 |

* Preliminary.
I) From national statistics.

Table 6. Greenland halibut in Sub-areas I and II. Catch per unit effort and total effort.

| Year | USSR <br> catch/hour <br> trawling <br> (tonnes) | Hours traw1ing (USSR effort) | Total <br> effort | German <br> Dem.Rep. catch/day trawling (tonnes) | Proportion of Greenland halibut (\%) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1965 | . 80 | 20853 | 43558 |  |  |
| 1966 | . 77 | 12587 | 34084 |  |  |
| 1967 | . 70 | 8196 | 34667 |  |  |
| 1968 | .65 | 5226 | 40258 |  |  |
| 1969 | . 53 | 37283 | 82621 |  |  |
| 1970 | . 53 | 67128 | 168838 |  |  |
| 1971 | . 46 | 118128 | 171813 |  |  |
| 1972 | . 37 | 43765 | 116365 |  |  |
| 1973 | . 39 | 21951 | 76764 | 10.7 | 98 |
| 1974 | . 40 | 42395 | 94408 | 9.6 | 96 |
| 1975 | . 39 | 52236 | 97877 | 8.5 | 81 |
| 1976 | . 40 | 41458 | 90185 | 6.9 | 90 |
| 1977 | . 27 | 55722 | 106989 | 4.3 | 84 |
| 1978 | . 21 | 69767 | 116419 | $4 \cdot 7$ | 82 |

## Table 7. Greenland halibut in Sub-areas I and II. Input data - catch in numbers by year and by age (thousands).

| AGE | 1570 | 1571 | 1572 | 1973 | 1374 | 1975 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 9 |  |  |
| 4 | 34 | 1 | 461 | 19 | ${ }^{1}$ | 22 |
| 5 | 526 | 80 | 1109 | 212 | 276 | 334 |
| 6 | 2792 | 4486 | 3521 | 212 1117 | 917 2519 | 840 |
| 7 | 10464 | 12712 | 9605 | 3523 | 2519 | 2337 |
| 8 | 18562 | 12283 | 6438 | 3515 | 6204 3838 | 6520 |
| 9 | 10034 | 6130 | 2775 | 2551 | 3838 1834 | 4118 |
| 10 | 6671 | 4339 | 1734 | 1919 | 1834 1942 | 2265 |
| 11 | 2517 | 2703 | 1368 | 1536 | 1622 | 1654 1857 |
| 12 | 1250 | 1660 | 1234 | 1127 | 1622 1338 | 1857 1536 |
| 13 | 616 | 1044 | 675 | 716 | 734 | 1122 |
| 14 | 1104 | 300 | 200 | 251 | 531 | 120 |
| 15 | 2EE | 123 | 40 | 70 | 531 137 | 600 |
| 16 | 15 | 20 | 40 | 56 | 137 79 | 270 |
| TOTAL |  |  |  | 56 | 79 | 98 |
|  | 54852 | 45882 | 29201 | 17013 | 21972 | 23573 |
| AGE | 1976 | 1977 | 1978 |  |  |  |
| 3 | 1 | 62 | 78 |  |  |  |
| 4 | 98 | 755 | 528 |  |  |  |
| 5 | 830 | 2037 | 1883 |  |  |  |
| 6 | 2982 | 3255 | 3563 |  |  |  |
| 7 | 5824 | 4202 | 4088 |  |  |  |
| 8 | 5002 | 2529 | 2349 |  |  |  |
| 5 | 3000 | 1617 | 1493 |  |  |  |
| 10 | 1350 | 1109 | 939 |  |  |  |
| 11 | 915 | 1066 | 730 |  |  |  |
| 12 | 1212 | 860 | 435 |  |  |  |
| 13 | 698 | 596 | 347 |  |  |  |
| 14 | 526 | 385 | 146 |  |  |  |
| 15 | 254 | 93 | 83 |  |  |  |
| 16 | 104 | 87 | 28 |  |  |  |
| TOTAL |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 22796 | 18653 | 16656 |  |  |  |

Table 8. Greenland halibut in Sub-areas I and II. Fishing mortalities by year and by age (Alternative 1).

| AGE | 1970 | 1971 | 1972 | 1973 | 1974 | 1975 | 1976 | 1977 | 1978 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 3 | .000 | .000 | .000 | .000 | .000 | .001 | .000 | .001 | .002 |
| 4 | .001 | .000 | .014 | .001 | .011 | .014 | .003 | .013 | .010 |
| 5 | .014 | .003 | .037 | .008 | .040 | .042 | .041 | .066 | .040 |
| 6 | .066 | .145 | .155 | .046 | .110 | .125 | .192 | .212 | .150 |
| 7 | .293 | .446 | .451 | .243 | .357 | .426 | .506 | .424 | .420 |
| 8 | .693 | .620 | .402 | .315 | .375 | .402 | .639 | .404 | .420 |
| 9 | .588 | .486 | .257 | .259 | .254 | .374 | .542 | .411 | .420 |
| 10 | .601 | .515 | .231 | .268 | .303 | .361 | .377 | .371 | .420 |
| 11 | .489 | .451 | .285 | .311 | .359 | .498 | .328 | .544 | .420 |
| 12 | .473 | .658 | .411 | .378 | .459 | .641 | .671 | .548 | .420 |
| 13 | .621 | .879 | .581 | .419 | .427 | .833 | .643 | .788 | .420 |
| 14 | 1.480 | .666 | .379 | .417 | .594 | .702 | 1.221 | .859 | .420 |
| 15 | 1.817 | .587 | .160 | .208 | .398 | .651 | .694 | .682 | .420 |
| 16 | .580 | .610 | .360 | .330 | .360 | .520 | .530 | .510 | .420 |

MEAN F FOR AGES $>=8$ AND $<=13$ (NOT WEIGHTED BY STOCK IN NUMBERS) .578 .608 . 361 . 325 . 363 . 518 . 533 . 511 . 420

AGE-NATURAL MORTALITY

| 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| .150 | .150 | .150 | .150 | .150 | .150 | .150 | .150 | .150 | .150 |
| 14 | 15 | 15 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| .150 | .150 | .150 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 9. Greenland halibut in Sub-areas I and II. Stock in numbers (thousands) at beginning of year (Alternative l).

| AGE | 1970 | 1971 | 1972 | 1973 | 1974 | 1975 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | 43820 | 41816 | 33907 | 30326 |  |  |
| 4 | 35815 | 37715 | 35991 | 29183 | 30375 | 46224 |
| 5 | 41941 | 30754 | 32461 | 30550 | 26101 25101 | 26143 |
| 6 | 46945 | 35612 | 26431 | 26912 | 25101 | 22210 |
| 7 | 44238 | 37820 | 26501 | 19492 | 22129 | 20132 |
| 8 | 33628 | 28413 | 20835 | 13961 | 13152 | 13322 |
| 9 | 24118 | 17051 | 13158 | 11995 | 8771 | 13322 7775 |
| 10 | 15789 | 11526 | 9028 | 8761 | 7968 | 5855 |
| 11 | 6965 | 7453 | 5925 | 6168 | 5768 | 5064 |
| 12 | 3548 | 3676 | 3525 | 3836 | 38.91 | 3468 |
| 13 | 1424 1512 | 1902 | 1638 | 2240 | 2262 | 2116 |
| 15 | 1512 335 | 659 296 | 680 | 789 | 1268 | 1270 |
| 16 | 36 | 236 47 | 291 | 401 | 447 | 603 |
| TOTAL |  | 47 | 142 | 214 | 280 | 259 |
|  | 306115 | 254780 | 210911 | 184827 | 173610 | 175198 |
| SPAWNING | STOCK (AGE | $>=5)$ |  | 184827 | . 173610 | 175198 |
|  | 53728 | 42610 | 34786 | 34403 | 30654 | 26413 |
| AGE | 1976 | 1977 | 1978 |  |  |  |
| 3 | 70718 | 66450 | 42039 |  |  |  |
| 4 | 39765 | 60867 | 57137 |  |  |  |
| 5 | 22192 | 34135 | 51689 |  |  |  |
| 6 | 18338 | 18332 | 27494 |  |  |  |
| 7 | 15701 | 13026 | 12769 |  |  |  |
| 8 | 11316 | 8150 | 7337 |  |  |  |
| 5 | 7668 | 5140 | 4682 |  |  |  |
| 10 | 4606 | 3838 | 2933 |  |  |  |
| 11 | 3513 | 2715 | 2280 |  |  |  |
| 12 | 2648 | 2179 | 1359 |  |  |  |
| 13 | 1572 | 1165 | 1084 |  |  |  |
| 14 | 792 | 711 | 456 |  |  |  |
| 15 | 542 | 201 | 259 |  |  |  |
| 16 | 270 | 233 | 87 |  |  |  |
| TOTAL |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 199642 | 217147 | 211607 |  |  |  |
| SPAWNING | $\begin{aligned} & \text { STOCK CAGE } \\ & 21612 \end{aligned}$ | $y=\begin{gathered} 3) \\ 16187 \end{gathered}$ | 13141 |  |  |  |

Table 10. Greenland halibut in Sub-areas I and II. Fishing mortalities by year and by age (Alternative 2).

| AGE | 1970 | 1371 | 1972 | 1973 | 1974 | 1975 | 1976 | 1977 | 1978 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 3 | .000 | .000 | .000 | .000 | .000 | .001 | .000 | .002 | .003 |
| 4 | .001 | .000 | .015 | .001 | .014 | .015 | .004 | .026 | .020 |
| 5 | .014 | .003 | .040 | .008 | .046 | .051 | .057 | .110 | .080 |
| 6 | .067 | .151 | .162 | .049 | .119 | .145 | .243 | .310 | .270 |
| 7 | .295 | .453 | .515 | .259 | .389 | .474 | .621 | .595 | .750 |
| 8 | .696 | .628 | .412 | .338 | .408 | .456 | .773 | .570 | .750 |
| 9 | .593 | .489 | .262 | .268 | .280 | .424 | .668 | .579 | .750 |
| 10 | .605 | .523 | .233 | .275 | .317 | .412 | .455 | .526 | .750 |
| 11 | .492 | .497 | .291 | .315 | .372 | .533 | .397 | .748 | .750 |
| 12 | .477 | .665 | .419 | .350 | .468 | .681 | .761 | .754 | .750 |
| 13 | .626 | .893 | .592 | .432 | .447 | .865 | .724 | 1.046 | .750 |
| 14 | 1.490 | .677 | .390 | .430 | .623 | .761 | 1.364 | 1.130 | .750 |
| 15 | 1.827 | .597 | .163 | .216 | .417 | .715 | .822 | .918 | .750 |
| 16 | .580 | .620 | .370 | .340 | .380 | .560 | .630 | .710 | .750 |

MEAN F FOR AGES $>=8$ AND $\langle=13$ (NOT WEIGHTED BY STOCK IN NUMBERS) $\begin{array}{llllllll}.582 & .616 & .368 & .336 & .382 & .562 & .630 & .704\end{array}$

## AGE-NATURAL MORTALITY

| 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| .150 | .150 | .150 | .150 | .150 | .150 | .150 | .150 | .150 | .150 |
| 14 | 15 | 15 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| .150 | .150 | .150 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| .150 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Table 11. Greenland halibut in Sub-areas I and II. Stock in numbers (thousands) at beginning of year (Alternative 2).

| AGE | 1970 | 1971 | 1972 | 1973 | 1974 | 1975 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 3 | 41121 | 38826 | 29817 | 24828 | 22163 | 28449 |
| 4 | 34204 | 35352 | 33417 | 25663 | 21369 | 19075 |
| 5 | 40654 | 29408 | 30461 | 28335 | 22071 | 18136 |
| 6 | 46396 | 34504 | 25238 | 25191 | 24191 | 18147 |
| 7 | 43925 | 37348 | 25547 | 18465 | 20647 | 18490 |
| 8 | 39520 | 28143 | 20429 | 13143 | 12269 | 12049 |
| 9 | 23971 | 16958 | 12926 | 11647 | 8068 | 7021 |
| 10 | 15707 | 11400 | 8949 | 8562 | 7668 | 5250 |
| 11 | 6934 | 7382 | 5816 | 6100 | 5597 | 4807 |
| 12 | 3525 | 3650 | 3864 | 3743 | 3832 | 3321 |
| 13 | 1415 | 1883 | 1615 | 2188 | 2182 | 2065 |
| 14 | 1508 | 652 | 663 | 769 | 1223 | 1201 |
| 15 | 36 | 293 | 46 | 285 | 386 | 431 |


| A'GE | 1976 | 1977 | 1978 |
| :---: | :---: | ---: | ---: |
| 3 | 36511 | 33420 | 28040 |
| 4 | 24466 | 31425 | 28708 |
| 5 | 16109 | 20967 | 26348 |
| 6 | 14832 | 13096 | 16161 |
| 7 | 13457 | 10010 | 8267 |
| 8 | 9907 | 6226 | 4750 |
| 9 | 6575 | 3935 | 3031 |
| 10 | 3354 | 2902 | 1899 |
| 11 | 2994 | 2159 | 1476 |
| 12 | 2428 | 1733 | 880 |
| 13 | 1447 | 977 | 702 |
| 14 | 749 | 604 | 295 |
| 15 | 483 | 165 | 168 |
| 16 | 238 | 183 | 57 |
| TOTAL |  |  | 127801 |

Table 12. Greenland halibut in Sub-areas I and II. Input parameters used in the catch prediction.

| Age | Exploitation pattern | Mean weights (kg) | Stock size 1979 ('000) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\underset{1}{\text { Alternative }}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Alternative } \\ 2 \end{gathered}$ |
| 3 | 0.006 | . 200 | 36000 | 31000 |
| 4 | 0.025 | . 441 | 36126 | 24062 |
| 5 | 0.10 | . 567 | 48708 | 24189 |
| 6 | 0.36 | . 737 | 42762 | 20928 |
| 7 | 1.00 | 1.079 | 20371 | 10619 |
| 8 | 1.00 | 1.421 | 7221 | 3361 |
| 9 | 1.00 | 1.848 | 4150 | 1931 |
| 10 | 1.00 | 2.281 | 2648 | 1232 |
| 11 | 1.00 | 2.887 | 1659 | 772 |
| 12 | 1.00 | 3.247 | 1290 | 600 |
| 13 | 1.00 | 4.303 | 768 | 358 |
| 14 | 1.00 | 4.931 | 613 | 285 |
| 15 | 1.00 | 5.765 | 258 | 120 |
| 16 | 1.00 | 6.308 | 147 | 68 |
| Average recruitment |  |  | 36000 | 31000 |

Table 13. Greenland halibut in Sub-areas I and II.
Catch predictions for 1980 according to Alternatives 1 and 2.

|  | Alternative 1 |  |  |  | Alternative 2 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | a | b | c | d | a | b | c | d |
| 1978 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\bar{F}_{8-13}$ | 0.42 | 0.42 | 0.42 | 0.42 | 0.75 | 0.75 | 0.75 | 0.75 |
| Catch (tonnes) | 24448 | 24448 | 24448 | 24448 | 24448 | 24448 | 24448 | 24448 |
| (tonnes) | 134000 | 134000 | 134000 | 134000 | 78000 | 78000 | 78000 | 78000 |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { Spawning stock } \\ \text { (tonnes) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 35000 | 35000 | 35000 | 35000 | 23000 | 23000 | 23000 | 23000 |
| 1979 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 23000 |  |
| $\bar{F}_{8-13}$ | 0.41 | 0.41 | 0.41 | 0.41 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 |
| Catch (tonnes) | 25000 | 25000 | 25000 | 25000 | 25000 |  |  |  |
| Stock biomass (t) | 138000 | 138000 | 138000 | 138000 | 25000 71000 | 25000 | 25000 | 25000 |
| Spawning stock ( $t$ ) | 31 | 31000 |  | 138000 |  | 71000 | 71000 | 71000 |
| pawning stock | 31 | 31000 | 31000 | 31000 | 15000 | 15000 | 15000 | 15000 |
| 1980 | ( $F_{1979}$ ) | $\mathrm{F}_{1979+\mathrm{F}_{\text {max }}}^{2}$ | $\left(F_{\max }\right)$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (1972 0.41 | 0.30 | $\left(r_{\max }\right)$ 0.20 | $\begin{gathered} \left(F_{0.1)}\right) \\ 0.12 \end{gathered}$ | (F1979) | $\left(\frac{1979}{2}{ }_{0.62}\right.$ | $\left(\mathrm{F}_{\max }\right)$ | ( $\mathrm{F}_{0.1}$ ) |
| Catch (t) | 29500 | 226 |  |  |  |  | 0.20 | 0.12 |
|  |  |  | 7 | 9800 | 20700 | 14200 | 5400 | 3300 |
| Stock biomass ( t ) | 190000 | 140000 | 140000 | 140000 | 62000 | 62000 | 62000 | 62000 |
| Spawning stock (t) | 29000 | 29000 | 29000 | 29000 | 7100 | 7100 |  |  |
| 1981 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 7100 |
| Stock biomass ( t ) | 137000 | 145000 | 153000 | 160000 | 57000 | 65000 | 76000 |  |
| Spawning stock (t) | 31000 | 35000 | 39000 | 42000 | 4300 | 6600 | 10000 |  |

Table 14. Greenland halibut. Nominal catch (tonnes) in Division Va.

| Country | 1968 | 1969 | 1970 | 1971 | 1972 | 1973 | 1974 | 1975 | 1976 | 1977 | 1978* |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Faroe Islands | - 7) | - | 4122 | 1316 | 1180 | 188 | 41 | 2 | 373 | 947 | 251 |
| German Dem.Rep. | 6 2471) | $77681)$ | 14 958 ${ }^{1}$ | 3 3171) | 1591) | 320 | 388 | - | - | - | - |
| Germany, Fed.Rep.of | 1253 | 1488 | - | 882 | 1119 | 826 | 1786 | 887 | 1719 | 4642 | - |
| Iceland | 1 | 5856 | 7343 | 5020 | 4640 | 2115 | 2.842 | 1212 | 1687 | 10090 | 11187 |
| Norway | - | 54 | 338 | 369 | 186 | - | - | - | - | + | 14 |
| Poland | - | - | 1127 | 899 | 31 | - | 485 | - | ] | - | - |
| UK (Eng.\&Wales) | 13 5351) | 7975) | - | - | 2223 | 3648 | 2314 | 1207 | 1669 | - | - |
| USSR | $13535^{1}$ | 79751 ) | 2113 | 3246 | 1128 | 289 | 10 | - | - | - | - |
| Total | 21036 | 23.141 | 30001 | 15049 | 10666 | 7386 | 7866 | 3308 | 5448 | 15679 | 11452 |

*Preliminary. 1) From national statistics.

Table 15. Greenland halibut. Nominal catch (tonnes) in Division Vb.

| Country | 1968 | 1969 | 1970 | 1971 | 1972 | 1973 | 1974 | 1975 | 1976 | 1977 | 1978* |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Faroe Islands <br> German Dem.Rep. <br> Germany,Fed.Rep.of <br> Norway <br> Poland <br> UK (Eng.\&Wales) <br> USSR | $681)$ 579 - - - | 8551) 51 - - - | - - - - - - | - - -11 - - | $\begin{aligned} & - \\ & - \\ & 405 \\ & - \\ & - \\ & 12 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} - \\ - \\ 287 \\ - \\ 9 \\ 61 \\ 1 \end{array}$ | 7 147 163 - -8 -8 | $\begin{array}{r}6 \\ 91 \\ 437 \\ 7 \\ 18 \\ + \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2 \\ - \\ 309 \\ 7 \\ - \\ 6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 304 \\ & - \\ & 341 \\ & 51) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ - \\ 571 \\ 3 \\ - \\ \left.21^{2}\right) \\ - \end{gathered}$ |
| Total | 647 | 906 | - | 11 | 417 | 358 | 325 | 559 | 324 | 658 | 596 |

[^0]Table 16. Greenland halibut. Nominal catch (tonnes) in Sub-area XIV.

| Country | 1968 | 1969 | 1970 | 1971 | 1972 | 1973 | 1974 | 1975 | 1976 | 1977 | 78 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| German Dem.Rep. | - | 421) | 2 9811) | 3 4911) | $73281)$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Germany.Fed.Rep.of | 187 | 183 |  | 3 270 | $73281)$ 5 | 8806 | 25266 | 16872 |  |  | - |
| Greenland | 2 | + | - | 2 | 3 |  | + | 64 | 191 | 224 | 2156 |
| Iceland | - | 24 | 2 | + | - | 3 |  |  | 1 | 4 | . |
| Norway | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | - 1) |  |
| ${ }_{\text {PK }}^{\text {Poland }}$ (Eng.\&Wales) | - | - | 732 | 7910 | 7847 | 3122 | 1057 | 1054 | - |  | - 3 |
| USSR | - | 31 | -107 | $2 \overline{240}$ | 205 | $776$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1 \\ 1762 \end{array}$ | - ${ }^{2}$ | 5 | 11 | - $\mathrm{l}^{2)}$ |
| Total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 822 | 13913 | 15389 | 12719 | 28089 | 19627 | 273 | 241 | 2160 |

* Preliminary. 1) From national statistics. 2) December catch estimated.

Table 17. Greenland halibut. Nominal catch (tonnes) in Sub-areas $V$ and XIV, 1968-78.
(Data for 1968-77 from Bulletin Statistique)

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Country \& 1968 \& 1969 \& 1970 \& 1971 \& 1972 \& 1973 \& 1974 \& 1975 \& 1976 \& 1977 \& 1978* <br>
\hline Faroe Islands \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline German Dem.Rep. \& 6 3151) \& $8665^{1}$ ) \& $\begin{array}{rr}4 \\ 17 & \text { 9391) }\end{array}$ \& $\begin{array}{ll}1 & 316 \\ 6 & 8081)\end{array}$ \& $\begin{array}{ll}1 & 180 \\ 7 & 487\end{array}$ \& 188
9126 \& 48
25801 \& 8
16963 \& 375 \& $$
1251
$$ \& <br>
\hline Germany, Fed.Rep. of \& 2019 \& 1686 \& 17

- \& 1163 \& 1487
1
1 \& $\begin{array}{ll}9 & 126 \\ 1 & 120\end{array}$ \& 25801
1949 \& 16963
$1 \quad 388$ \& $2-219$ \&  \& - 727 <br>
\hline Greenland \& 2 \& +
+ 
+ \& - \& - 2 \& $\begin{array}{r}1529 \\ \hline 6\end{array}$ \& 1120
4 \& - 949 \& 1

1 \& 2219 \& 5207 \& 2727 <br>
\hline Iceland \& 1 \& 5880 \& 7345 \& 5020 \& 4640 \& 2118 \& 2843 \& 1212 \& 1689 \& 10 409 \& 11 187 <br>
\hline Poland \& - \& - \& $\begin{array}{r}338 \\ \hline 859\end{array}$ \& 369
8809 \& 186
7 \& - \& - \& - 7 \& - 7 \& - 7 \& - 20 <br>
\hline UK (Eng.\&Wales) \& \& - \& 1859 \& 8809 \& 7878 \& $\begin{array}{ll}3 & 131 \\ 3 & 710\end{array}$ \& 1542 \& 1072 \& - \& . \& - <br>
\hline USSR \& $13535^{1}$ \& 8 -0061) \& 2220 \& 5486 \& 2
2
1 \& $\begin{array}{ll}3 & 710 \\ 1 & 066\end{array}$ \& 2323
1772 \& 1209
7634 \& 1680 \& 19 \& 22 <br>
\hline Total \& 21872 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 1634 \& 74 \& - \& - <br>
\hline \& 2187 \& 2423 \& 33823 \& 28973 \& 26473 \& 20463 \& 36280 \& 23494 \& 6045 \& 16578 \& 14208 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

[^1]Table 18. Greenland halibut in Sub-areas $V$ and XIV。 Input data - catch in numbers by year and by age (thousands).

| AGE | 1975 | 1976 | 1977 | 1978 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 5 | 120 | 43 | 1 | 23 |
| 6 | 800 | 296 | 34 | 50 |
| 7 | 1775 | 584 | 674 | 340 |
| 8 | 1782 | 621 | 1727 | 1019 |
| 9 | 1259 | 431 | 2289 | 1193 |
| 10 | 926 | 240 | 834 | 835 |
| 11 | 464 | 121 | 420 | 557 |
| 12 | 459 | 86 | 423 | 306 |
| 13 | 279 | 37 | 174 | 228 |
| 14 | 193 | 32 | 120 | 214 |
| 15 | 137 | 14 | 28 | 112 |
| 16 | 39 | 6 | 86 | 110 |
| 17 | 2 | 1 | 41 | 63 |
| 18 | 2 | 1 | 8 | 18 |
| 19 | 18 | 1 | 6 | 6 |
| 20 | 24 | 1 | 1 | 4 |
| TOTAL |  |  |  |  |
|  | 828. | 2516 | 6864 | 5119 |

Table 19. Greenland halibut in Sub-areas $V$ and XIV. Fishing mortalities by year and by age.

```
AGE 1975 1976 1977 1978
\begin{tabular}{lllll}
4 & .00 & .00 & .00 & .00 \\
5 & .01 & .00 & .00 & .00 \\
6 & .07 & .03 & .00 & .01 \\
7 & .17 & .06 & .05 & .04 \\
8 & .28 & .08 & .24 & .18 \\
9 & .35 & .09 & .42 & .25 \\
10 & .33 & .10 & .25 & .25 \\
11 & .22 & .06 & .23 & .25 \\
12 & .38 & .06 & .30 & .25 \\
13 & .28 & .04 & .14 & .25 \\
14 & .23 & .04 & .19 & .25 \\
15 & .54 & .03 & .05 & .25 \\
16 & .54 & .04 & .23 & .25 \\
17 & .05 & .02 & .36 & .25 \\
18 & .24 & .03 & .23 & .25 \\
15 & 1.48 & .17 & .25 & .25 \\
20 & .25 & .25 & .25 & .25
\end{tabular}
MEAN F FOR AGES >= 9 AND < = 20 (WEIGHTED BY STOCK IN NUMBERS)
```

AGE-NATURAL MORTALITY

| 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| .15 | .15 | .15 | .15 | .15 | .15 | .15 | .15 | .15 | .15 | .15 | .15 | .15 |
|  |  |  | 15 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

    \(18 \quad 1920\)
    \(.15 .15 \quad .15\)
    Table 20. Greenland halibut in Sub-areas $V$ and XIV. Stock in numbers (thousands ) at beginning of year.

| AGE | 1975 | 1976 | 1977 | 1978 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 | 14741 | 13149 | 19199 | 10769 |
| 5 | 11897 | 12687 | 11316 | 16524 |
| 6 | 13174 | 10125 | 10880 | 9739 |
| 7 | 12349 | 10598 | 8444 | 9333 |
| 8 | 7899 | 8987 | 8581 | 6646 |
| 9 | 4588 | 5153 | 7160 | 5790 |
| 10 | 3492 | 2787 | 4036 | 4052 |
| 11 | 2487 | 2151 | 2176 | 2703 |
| 12 | 1565 | 1712 | 1739 | 1485 |
| 13 | 1217 | 923 | 1394 | 1107 |
| 14 | 829 | 790 | 760 | 1039 |
| 15 | 350 | 535 | 650 | 544 |
| 16 | 100 | 175 | 448 | 534 |
| 17 | 43 | 50 | 145 | 306 |
| 18 | 10 | 35 | 42 | 87 |
| 19 | 25 | 7 | 29 | 29 |
| 20 | 116 | 5 | 5 | 19 |
| TOTAL |  |  |  |  |
|  | 74883 | 69873 | 77007 | 70707 |
| SPAWNING | STOCK (AGE | $>=9)$ |  |  |
|  | 14822 | 14323 | 18586 | 17695 |

Table 21. Greenland halibut in Sub-areas $V$ and XIV. Parameters used in yield and spawning stock per recruit calculations.

| Age | Mean weights <br> $(\mathrm{g})$ | Exploitation <br> pattern |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| 5 | 968 | 0.0003 |
| 6 | 1199 | 0.04 |
| 7 | 1423 | 0.17 |
| 8 | 1854 | 0.71 |
| 9 | 2256 | 1.00 |
| 10 | 2607 | 1.00 |
| 11 | 3081 | 1.00 |
| 12 | 3591 | 1.00 |
| 13 | 4604 | 1.00 |
| 14 | 4695 | 1.00 |
| 16 | 5151 | 1.00 |
| 17 | 5893 | 1.00 |
| 18 | 6511 | 1.00 |
| 19 | 7474 | 1.00 |
| 20 | 8538 | 1.00 |



Figure 2. Greenland halibut in Sub-areas I and II. The stock size (4 years and older) and the spawning stock ( 9 years and older) 1970-78.


Figure 3. Greenland halibut in Sub-areas I and II.


Figure 4. Greenland halibut in Sub-areas I and II. The relation between catch per hour trawling in the USSR fishery and the estimated stock size under Alternative 1 .


Figure 5. Greenland halibut in Sub-areas I and II.
The relation between catch per hour trawling in the USSR fishery and the estimated stock size under Alternative 2.


Figure 6. Greenland halibut in Sub-areas $V$ and XIV.
Length composition of commercial trawl and longline catches for 1978.


Figure 7. Greenland halibut in Sub-areas $V$ and XIV. Catch curve for 1975-78.


Figure 8. Greenland halibut in Sub-areas V and XIV.
Yield and spawning stock per recruit curves.



[^0]:    * Preliminary.

    1) From national statistics.
    2) December catch estimated.
[^1]:    * Preliminary。
    l) From national statistics.

